The Kingston Daily Freeman.

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AMERICAN PEOPLE, THEIR TREASURY EMPTY AND DEBT MOUNTING DAILY, YEARN FOR GOVERNMENT DEVOID OF MYSTERY, SAYS SENATOR WADSWORTH

Candidate Evokes Enthusiasm Here as He Hammers League as Taking Away America's Independence and Shows That Administration's Wastefulness and Levying of Taxes on Everything are Bar to Progress and Cause of People's Discontent.

United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., after speaking at Pine Hill and Phoenicia today, was warmly received by a large audience at the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium this afternoon, to whom he spoke on the campaign issues as follows:

Tribute to Harding, His Friend.

"I am going to be somewhat unconventional and ask you to bear with me at the outset with a personal appreciation of the Republican candidate for the presidency. The people of New York did me the great honor of sending me to the United States senate as a result of the election of 1914. I took my seat on March 4, 1915, and like all freshmen who come to the senate, my seat was in the back row. There I found myself sitting next to a man who had just been elected from the state of Ohio. We struck up a friendship and resolved that if we ever changed our seats we would change them together And now, after five and one-half years—in fact nearly six years of service in the senate, we find ourselves down in the front row, side by side, under the watchful eye of the vice president.

"Some mighty stirring events have taken place in Washington and elsewhere during that period of time. Decisions have been made, many of which I believe, might well be regarded as controlling the destinies of people, problems have been presented to your congress in both houses. During all these deliberations I have had the honor of sitting next to this man. I think I can say I know him. I heard his comment on world events as they came before us. He is a man of profound convictions and purest character. His mind works deliberately and he never procrastinates. I have never known him to postpone action because it was easier to postpone. He is devoted to the constitution of the United States and to government under that constitution, and in accordance with its spirit and letter. He abhors a faker. He is unable to play that kind of game in politics or in public life, and when he reaches a conviction he stands by it bravely, no matter what it costs him politically or otherwise.

Modest Withal.

"Through all his strength there runs a most engaging streak of modesty which is mighty refreshing these days—after seven and one-half years of something else—which impels him to seek the advice of men and women in whom he trusts, and to confide in them like a human being; that impels him to attempt to gather in all the information he can about every problem that confronts him, in order that he may be better equipped to perform whatever task has been assigned to him.

"The American people are yearning for security—something they have not enjoyed to any very great extent in recent years. They are yearning for the time to come again when they can entertain a real affection for their government; when they can see it; when their government will be one which will not operate from behind a veil of mystery, invisible, intangible, impossible to understand. They are yearning for the time when they can feel they are in contact with their government, that their government understands them, that their government is devoted to the constitution and will rule in accordance with the will of the people under the constitution. We will have that kind of government when Warren Harding enters the White House.

Taxes Interest Everyone.

"I want to spend a few minutes talking about the dry side of the government, known as the 'dollars and cents side,' which comes right down to every man, woman and child in the United States. You go into a drug store and buy a nut sundae and you are taxed; you go into a dry goods store and buy a pair of stockings, and you are taxed; you buy a shirt, and you are taxed. You go into the moving picture theatre, buy a ticket, and you are taxed. If you are a bachelor and have an income in excess of one thousand dollars, you are taxed. If you are a married man and have an income in excess of two thousand dollars you are taxed. Every business in the country is taxed directly or indirectly, and this question of taxation comes right down to every man, woman or child, not because we may all pay taxes directly to the federal government, but because whenever the government imposes any taxes on any form of human endeavor or any kind of property, even though the attempt may be to impose it upon a few people, the ultimate result is that those taxes reach everybody.

Women To Feel Them.

"Democrats will tell you otherwise and will try to persuade you that the government may be supported by taxing some few people. But when you impose taxes on business and pleasures and taxes on this and that, there is an increase to you in the cost of every article that is made and must be purchased. Taxes hit everybody, and let the record the women that they are the first element in the community that comes in contact with the cost of living, for it is the housewife who purchases the articles needed in the household, the meat, the clothing, the dry goods, the soap and the sugar, the shoes, the things that are needed to clothe the children and to keep the household and family going.

"Mr. Franklin Roosevelt is going about the state as the candidate for the vice-presidency on the Democratic ticket, and asserting that the extravagance of the government is due to the Republican Congress. If he said that with a straight face, I admire his muscular control.

"This same outfit that has been running the government for the last seven and a half years, is asking permission to run it for four years more, and we have a right to estimate their ability to manage this government; we have a right to examine the degree of their wisdom, their foresight, their capability in this regard.

Warred Unprepared.

"You recollect how we went into war unprepared. We were not permitted to prepare. When men like Gardner of Massachusetts, who later on gave his life in the service of his country, implored the administration to see the facts; that the people of the United States would surely have to defend their right to live and that something ought to be done, the administratiton refused to lift one finger to prepare this nation spiritually or physically. We were told not to get nervously excited over the situation. We were being kept out of war, which was a good enough political battle cry until after the presidential election of 1916.

"Let us understand something of the cost, something of the price we have paid, that our children will pay. We haven't paid for this thing yet, and it is going to be many years before we finish. The president of the United States loves to refer to the 'dawning of a new day.' It will be 'pay day.' Twenty-five billions of national debt, ten billions spent of money taken directly from the taxpayers' pockets. The government is three billions behind on this last year's operation, and when we pay the railroads the billion dollars which we owe them for that remarkable experiment in government ownership, we will owe four billion dollars over and above our income for one year.

Heavy Taxes Breed Discontent.

"A heavily taxed people is a discontented people. What causes discontent more than anything else are the taxes which cramp enterprise, which restrict initiative and hinder the progress of the people along the road towards higher and better things and greater prosperity. They may not always identify the things that are holding them back, but if you will search down deep underneath and find the underlying cause, it is generally over-taxation.

"We built a powder plant at Nitro, W. Va., for sixty million dollars, and we didn't get a pound of powder out of it. A proposition was made to the government by a group of men of high responsibility to take that plant off the government's hands for a very reasonable price for the salvage value, and to continue to operate it as a great commercial and industrial center, for the benefit of the chemical industries if the United States in the time of peace, and to stand ready to turn it back to the government should we ever get into another war; but there were some people in the town who were on the inside of affairs, and it was sold to them for ten million dollars, the difference was marked off, fifty million dollars lost.

Some Causes of Taxes.

"Then, we spent $30,000,000 for another powder plant at Nashville, Tenn. We didn't get a pound of powder out of it during the war. We spent $116,000,000 on a Picric plant at Sheffield, Alabama. We didn't get a pound of Picric out of this plant for the use of our troops. They are trying to persuade Congress to appropriate $15,000,000 more in order to convert that into a factory that will make fertilizer for the southern cotton planters.

"There was $1,100,000,000 spent for airplanes. I went all through that investigation as a member of the military committee of the Senate. Those planes that were to have darkened the skies—200,000 in number—dwindled down to 213, the number delivered to the front lines, and every one of them was a year out of date. Our flyers hesitated to fly them, but they did fly some of them and did some wonderfully gallant work.

"We spent $9,000,000 to perfect a certain type of shell, and we didn't get one; $44,000,000 for another type of shell, and we didn't get one of them; $41,000,000 for another type; $24,000,000 for another; $54,000,000 for another; $264,000,000 for another; $51,000,000 for another type, $9,000,000 for another, and in no instance did we get one delivered shell.

No Attempt at Economy.

"That is just an infinitesimal picture of the cost of the blunder perpetrated in the cause of political expediency in 1916; of the cost that had been imposed upon the backs of American men and women in the form of national debt, and the taxes which must be paid. One would not complain much if this administration were making the slightest attempt to cut down expenses, but they are not. It is said that we are on the threshold of an era of disarmament and universal peace, but Secretary Baker asked the military committee, of which I am chairman in the senate, to authorize by statute a regular standing professional army in time of peace of 576,000 men at an annual cost of $800,000,000. That request was made to the congress just three weeks after the covenant of the league of nations was laid before the senate. Josephus Daniels asked for the greatest navy on earth at an annual cost of $900,000,000 per year. Those two little requests give us some indication of what will be expected of the United States when disarmament is accomplished, and we have become the world's policeman.

Wadsworth's Committee's Pruning.

"In the 18 months during which the Republicans have had control of the military committee of the senate and of the house, on the army and war department alone, we have cut them one billion dollars. Enough in that one sum was saved to the taxpayers to run the entire government in all its branches for a year, at the rate of expenditures back in the year 1912.

"Mr. Cox told the farmers of the west the other day that if we had the league of nations, we would save $465,000,000 in battleships but he forgot that Mr. Daniels asked for more battleships in the face of the league of nations, and that Mr. Baker asked for a regular army four times as large as we ever had before in the time of peace. A high ranking officer of the army, who came before our committee, when asked how it was possible that the United States would need a professional army of that size in time of peace, replied: 'We must be ready to fulfill our international obligations.' So you see Mr. Cox had better stop talking about disarmament under the league of nations and Mr. Roosevelt had better revise his opinion of the Republican congress, for the fact is that the Republican congress in 18 months cut $2,700,000,000 out of the Democratic administration's demands. That sum would have run the entire government for three years at the rate of expenditures in 1907. It would almost suffice to have financed the entire American Civil War.

No Idea of Economy.

"People used to complain only a few years ago about the billion dollar congress. I wish we could back to one now. We are spending six times more than that today. This outfit now in power does not have the slightest conception of the meaning of the word 'economy.' Before we went into the war there were 33,000 government employes in the District of Columbia. Today there are 90,000. There were 350,000 federal government employes all over the United States before we went into the war and today there are over 650,000.

"The internal revenue bureau—tax collectors—are running around muddling and meddling in every man's business, failing to understand the difference between expense and income. I begin to expect that some of these taxes that are being paid are to pay the salaries of those who collect the taxes.

"This has got to stop. Grant said: 'The way to resume is to resume.' The way to cut down, is to cut down. The treasury is empty today and we are running behind at the rate of dozens of million dollars a month. This thing can't go on. We are going to pay for it. You will never get any economy in your government at Washington until you put into power the Republican party. The trouble with the Democratic party—and it contains many splendid people—is that it looks upon these great problems in a provincial way. It can't help it, for its greatest strength, its only hope for national victory in a presidential election, lies in that peculiar recreitable condition south of the Mason-Dixon line. That is what makes it a provincial body and you will never back to normal, you will never reduce the cost of living to the proper proportion until your government gets back to normal, until it saves your money and stops the orgy of expenditure. Fifteen million dollars a day that government is costing now in spite of the savings made by the Republican congress. The Democrats will not give anything up. You have to pry it away from them, and 25 per cent of all the money collected into the federal treasury is collected within the borders of New York state.

Appreciates Treaty.

"I will now take up another question, one that has been discussed very often and very late, Mr. Cox has discussed it. Mr. Wilson has discussed it. It is impossible to cover all the details of the covenant of the league of nations, but let me emphasize one or two fundamental things in connection with it and then to emphasize the most important articles in it.

"Before we approach a solution

(Continued on Page Six)

JURY BRINGS IN $30,000 VERDICT FOR MRS. WEBSTER

Against Director General of Railroads For Death of Husband in Crossing Accident—Finds No Cause of Action Against Trolley Company—Florence Rolfe's Action Up.

A verdict for $30,000 for plaintiff against the Director General of Railroads and a further verdict of no cause for action against the defendant Kingston Consolidated Railroad Company was brought in this morning in the Webster case. The testimony in the case was closed Monday and at a late hour in the afternoon the case was submitted to the jury.

The action was brought by Mrs. Grove Webster, Jr., against the Kingston Consolidated Railroad Company and the Director General of Railroads for the death of her husband when a trolley car of the Kingston Consolidated Railroad was struck by a West Shore Railroad train at the Broadway crossing. Van Etten & Cook appeared for the plaintiff and William D. Brinnier, with William D. Brinnier, Jr., appeared for the trolley company, and Amos Van Etten and DuBois Gillette for the railroad.

An action was brought against the steam railroad some time ago to recover for the death of Police Officer Boyd, who was killed at the same time and a verdict for the plaintiff was returned.

The usual motion to set aside the verdict was made by Amos Van Etten, attorney for the railroad, and a thirty day stay granted with further time if required to file an appeal. Judge Van Etten, on the part of the plaintiff, moved to set aside that portion of the verdict relating to the Kingston Consolidated Railroad. Motion denied.

After the verdict of the Webster jury was received the action brought by Florence Rolfe, administratrix, against Joseph F. Hewitt was taken up. The action is brought to recover for the death of Edmund Rolfe, a member of the Woodstock artist colony who was killed while riding in the automobile of the defendant on March 30, 1917. The amount sued for is $100,000. Hewitt at that time was engaged in building a home near Woodstock and had engaged Rolfe, who was a craftsman and manufacturer of interior art decorations, to make certain metal decorations for the house. On March 30th, Rolfe was at the Hewitt home when carpenters ran short of certain building material and the plaintiff claims Rolfe went to Bearsville to make certain purchases for Hewitt and while riding in the Hewitt automobile which was driven by Terry McCarthy, the chauffeur, the car turned over killing both McCarthy and Rolfe.

Defendant claims that Rolfe had no authority to ride in the car and McCarthy had been warned to allow no one to ride in the car. Further that the defendant Hewitt did not know that Rolfe was a passenger in the car and was not acting as his agent. McCarthy had been instructed to make the purchases and not Rolfe.

The car, a big powerful one it is alleged was running at from 60 to 65 miles an hour when it struck a low spot in the road and turned over. McCarthy was instantly killed and Rolfe died in the hospital here the same evening.

NEW WILSON REQUEST.

Expected To Ask Harding To Name "Spokesman."

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, Oct. 19—President Wilson may call upon Senator Harding to name the "Spokesman" of the French people, who the Republican candidate said had approached him and argued that the United States lead the way to an association of nations it was learned at the White House today.

Secretary Tumulty stated he had not seen the president and did not know what his plans were. However others close to the White House indicated that they expect the president to call on Senator Harding to name the "spokesman."

Autobus Application Hearing.

On Friday at noon two hearings will be held at the court house by the State Public Service Commission, on applications to be allowed to conduct stage lines with autobuses. One application is made by George A. Lutz and William Graham to run from Saugerties village to the city of Kingston, and the other by Cornn M. Vancannon to run a stage route between the city of Newburgh and the village of Cornwall.

Prof. Muller's Place Not Sold.

The Muller property on Lucas avenue which was spoken of in a recent issue of The Freeman as having been sold, was not that of Prof. George H. Muller, conductor of the Muller orchestras, but a Muller property some two miles further on.

Walker Speaks Here Monday.

Lieutenant Governor Harry C. Walker, Democratic nominee for United States senator for the state of New York, will speak at Kingston Opera House next Monday evening, and at Saugerties in the afternoon.

Federated Council P. T. A.

A meeting of the Federated Council of Parent-Teacher Associations will be held in the high school Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

HARDING EASES UP CAMPAIGN

No More Crowds to Visit Marion and Senator Will Make But One Day's Trip Outside Ohio, According to Present Plans.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Marion, O., Oct. 19.—With his front porch campaign definitely behind him, Senator Warren G. Harding today indulged in the most restful period he has had in a month.

The record-breaking front porch delegation to which the senator played host yesterday, was the last scheduled for the campaign, and from now on no pilgrimages will be made to Marion, according to present plans.

Senator Harding planned to spend most of today working on speeches he will deliver Wednesday and Thursday of this week, during what is expected to be his last real campaign trip. The senator will leave Marion early tomorrow for Jackson, Ohio, where he will spend the day at a huge barbecue and go from there to Rochester and Buffalo, N. Y., where he will deliver on Thursday the last speeches of the campaign outside of Ohio.

Senator Harding's schedule for the last days of October have been left vacant so far. It is probable, however, that he will spend them quietly here in Marion, with occasional engagements at Ohio points. The last days of the campaign, so far as the senator is concerned, will be spent in Ohio, according to present plans.

At Harding' headquarters it was said that the French incident was a closed book. Senator Harding's reply to President Wilson saying he had been approached by spokesmen for the sentiment of France instead of the French government was accepted as closing the incident.

BUS OVERTURNS; THIRTEEN HURT

Thirteen passengers were injured when a Rhinebeck auto bus overturned Saturday near Poughkeepsie, following a collision with another car, driven by Ezra Lattin of Staatsburg.

According to a story told by one of the passengers, the machines met half way up Teller's Hill, the bus running south and the Lattin car north, when Lattin who was driving at a sharp pace collided with the slower moving bus in attempting to avoid loose stones piled in the highway. One front wheel of the bus was broken, causing the machine to overturn.

The injured were taken to St. Francis Hospital, Poughkeepsie, where their wounds were dressed. The last one was discharged from the hospital Monday.

SHOOTS DIVORCED WIFE AND SELF

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Hornell, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Lying in a ditch in Greeley avenue here, George Martin, thirty-six, last night fired at his wife, Laura, 33, as she was passing on her way home, and then turned the revolver on himself. Three bullets were fired into the woman's body. Both were removed to St. James Mercy Hospital where Martin died and it is said his wife has little chance of recovery.

Martin had been divorced from his wife, she securing a decree six months ago. At that time Martin attempted to commit suicide by drinking iodine. Since then he has continued to annoy her. Mrs. Martin said. Martin met his wife early last night and she later informed the police that he had threatened her.

WELSH STRIKE RIOTS.

"The Red Flag" Sung At First Outbreak of Disorder.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—Coal strike disorders during which Welsh miners sang the revolutionary song "The Red Flag," were reported today from Pontypridd, Wales. This was the first outbreak since the strike started.

The police attempted to break up the demonstration of the Welsh strikers, but the latter resisted and fighting followed. Stones were thrown and many windows were broken.

Police reinforcements were brought up and the disorderly strikers were finally dispersed.

French Tank for Vassar.

Vassar College has been presented with a tank by the French government in recognition of the moral and physical contributions to the cause of the allies during the war. About 150 Vassar girls served in France during the war. It was also announced that the Vassar unit will sail for home in a few weeks, its work having been taken over by the French government.

GAS COMPANY PETITION TO COMMISSION ASKS MAXIMUM RATE OF $1.95 PER THOUSAND FEET

No More Prepayment Meters to Be Installed if Petition is Granted-----Hearing to Be Held at Albany October, 27th.

Mayor Canfield this morning received from the Secretary of the State Public Service Commission a statement giving the maximum prices which the Kingston Gas and Electric Company asks the Commission to grant them. The letter or statement is as follows:

STATE OF NEW YORK
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SECOND DISTRICT
ALBANY

Case No. 7843. October 18, 1920.

Hon. Palmer Canfield, Jr.,
Mayor, Kingston, N. Y.

Dear Sir:—

A petition (or complaint) under Sections 71 and 72, Public Service Commissions' Law, having been filed with this Commission by Kingston Gas and Electric Company, alleging that the rates now charged the public by said company for manufactured gas in the city of Kingston and nearby places are insufficient to yield reasonable compensation for the service rendered and are therefore unreasonable, and asking this Commission to fix the maximum prices which they may be charged as follows:

"Block" Rate.	By Ordinary Meter.
First 5,000 cubic feet per month	$1.95 per M. cubic feet
Next 5,000 cubic feet per month	1.90 per M. cubic feet
Next 10,000 cubic feet per month	1.85 per M. cubic feet
Next 20,000 cubic feet per month	1.80 per M. cubic feet
Next 30,000 cubic feet per month	1.75 per M. cubic feet
Next 30,000 cubic feet per month	1.70 per M. cubic feet.
All over 100,000 cubic feet per month	1.60 per M. cubic feet.

Prompt Payment Discount—Five cents (5c) per M. cubic feet.

Service Charge—Fifty cents (50c) per month per meter.

"Block" Rate by prepayment meter, $1.95 per thousand cubic feet.

Service Charge—Fifty cents (50c) per month per meter.

From and after the effective date (if granted) of Commission's approval of this schedule, no more prepayment meters will be installed.

Company will lay service pipe from main to street line without charge to customer.

NOTICE is hereby given that a public hearing on said petition will be held by this Commission at the office of the Commission, No. 91 State street, in the city of Albany, on Wednesday, October 27, 1920, at two o'clock, p. m. Enclosed herewith is a copy of said petition of the company.

For the Commission,

FRANCIS X. DISNEY, Secretary.

NEWTOWN SMITH'S MIDNIGHT RIDE

Revised Lay of an Old Time Poem Outlining the Adventures of Newtown Smith, Some Hootch and a Drive Over a Railroad Trestle, Jail, Police Court and $5 Fine.

Listen, my readers, and we'll relate, The midnight ride, and, sad, sad fate Of Newtown Smith. It was ten by the old town clock, And on the brick pavement ran a knock, knock, Of horse's feet, And the wagon wheels made a sounding song, As Newtown Smith rode gaily along On his way home. He had been to the city, and while there, Had sampled some hootch and forgot every care, Did Newtown Smith. The bell in the steeple tolled and tolled, As the hour was late and the night grew old. It surely did; And Newtown, fuddled with ripe old booze, Was in a hurry to get home and snooze, Was Newtown Smith. Through Greenkill avenue he swiftly drove, Until the Wallkill Valley trestle into view hove, And Newtown saw it. "Ha, ha," growled he, a bridge I see. A short cut home it's meant to be. That's what he said. And onto the trestle he guided his steed And naught to danger gave ever a heed. Did Newtown Smith. And there, posed between earth and sky, A pedestrian passing happened to spy, Newtown Smith and rig. The pedestrian paused in wonder and awe At the rather remarkable sight he saw, Of Newtown and his steed. Then to the 'phone the pedestrian hied; "Police headquarters I want" he cried. And the cops responded. Officers Snyder and Camp, detailed on the job, Arrested Smith and his bob-tailed cob. That's what they did. The cob they placed in Parker's livery shed, While Newtown Smith reposed in jail on a bed. For the night. Then as this morning dawned bright and clear, He was brought to court, his sentence to hear. That he was. But to shorten the tale, in court stood he, As sober as sober ever could be, Was Newtown Smith. The wheels of justice grind exceeding small, And they mete out fairness to one and all. That's what they do. And the court as it listened to Smith's wail, Fined him $5, and so closes this tale, Of Newtown's midnight ride.

Postscript—Mr. Smith was somewhat surprised that the court and the police did not know that Newtown was only a nickname and his correct cognomen was David G Smith. He is 57 years old and resides on Lindermann avenue, and is a horse dealer by profession.

Ellks To Dance October 30th.

Arrangements have been made for a formal dance to be held at the Elks' Club House on Friday evening, October 29th, for Elks and their friends. The spirit of Hallowe'en will be observed and the place already made promise something unusual. The committee arranging the dance comprises the wives of the officers, with Mrs. J. T. Loughran, chairman; Mrs. Morton Lown, chairman of the decorating committee, and Mrs. Sam Bernstein, Jr., chairman of the refreshment committee.

FITZGERALD'S HUGE FUNERAL

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Cork, Oct. 19.—Enormous crowds turned out today for the funeral of Michael Fitzgerald, the dead Sinn Fein hunger striker, at his home at Fermoy. The body was removed last night from Cork jail to St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, where it remained until this morning under continuous guard by Sinn Fein officials.

The following telegram has been received from Lord Mayor Terence Mac Swiney in Brixton jail:

"I have no tears but tears of joy for my comrade who was ready to meet God and die for his country. He has joined the immortals. He will be remembered forever. We do not know who will be the second to step in the path of immortality, but, in offering the unreserved sacrifice, we are safeguarding the destinies of Ireland. I join with my comrades at Cork in sending heartfelt sympathy to all the relatives of our revered and fallen comrade."

LIMIT CLUB NOT ALL PAID IN

There was an important meeting of the executive council of the tuberculosis committee of Ulster county held Monday evening at the office of Judge Joseph M. Fowler on Wall street. Following the reading of the minutes of the last meeting by the secretary, Dr. Mary Gage-Day, the matter of completely closing up last year's Christmas seal campaign before this year's sale shall come on, was considered.

In this connection it came to light that out of the "Limit Club" of last winter, some twenty members have evidently overlooked paying their pledges either in part or entirely, a matter which caused the committee not a little embarrassment, especially as it was found impossible to close up last year's sale until these are paid in. It was voted to ask those who had not completed the payment of their pledges to do so at once in order that the account may be closed.

Regarding the matter of this year's Christmas seal sale, the committee determined not to undertake any intensive drive but to hold the customary sale, arrangements for which will be made at an adjourned meeting to be held later this month.

Stolen Car Found Later.

An Oakland car owned by George Freer was stolen shortly after 8 o'clock Monday evening from the rear of Mr. Norton Lown's residence on Albany avenue. Police headquarters were notified. Dr. Lown went to Saugerties and learning there was a dance in progress there found the car near the dance hall, but was unable to find the thieves, who had evidently taken the car for a joy ride.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

Statement of Senator Lodge twenty years ago at close of Spanish-American war.

"THE HUMILIATION OF THE UNITED STATES."

Suppose we reject the treaty; what follows? Let us look at it practically. We continue the state of war, and every sensible man in the country, every business interest, desires the re-establishment of peace in law as well as in fact. At the same time we repudiate the President and his action before the whole world, and the repudiation of the President in such a matter as this is to my mind the humiliation of the United States in the eyes of civilized mankind, and brands us as a people incapable of great affairs or of taking rank where we belong, as one of the greatest of the great world powers.

More than twenty-one years have elapsed since Henry Cabot Lodge, standing on the floor of the United States Senate, uttered this protest against the attitude of minority Senators who were seeking to defeat the Treaty of Paris and thereby continue the war between the United States and Spain.

Senator Lodge at that time apparently spoke as an American patriot. He has since demonstrated, however, that he spoke merely as a partisan. In an infinitely greater crisis, with the peace of the civilized world at stake, he became one of the leaders in the wrecking of a great treaty of peace, one of the leaders in the repudiation of a President, one of the leaders in the humiliation of the United States, one of the leaders in branding the American people "as a people incapable of taking rank where we belong, as one of the greatest of the great world powers." Senator Lodge has pursued in 1919 and 1920 the policy that he denounced in 1899 because he is a Republican and the President of the United States is a Democrat.

In the process of further discrediting the Government of the United States in the eyes of the civilized world, Senator Lodge today, as Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, will call up the Knox peace resolution which undertakes to decree a separate peace with Germany by act of Congress. If it is passed by a majority of the Senate and accepted by a majority of the House, President Wilson, of course, will veto it. Should it be passed over his veto, he will refuse, of course, to execute it. No President could do otherwise without violating his oath of office, without participating in the nullification of the Constitution of the United States.

The power to declare war is vested in Congress, but no power to declare peace is vested in Congress. The United States can make peace only by treaty. That treaty must be negotiated by the President. He alone has power.

The Knox resolution is bogus. Every Senator who intends to vote for it knows that it is bogus. There can be no legal peace between the United States and Germany, there can be no constitutional peace until a treaty has been negotiated and ratified. Congress has no more authority to dictate in advance the terms of that treaty than it has to adopt a resolution dictating the decision of the United States Supreme Court in any cause pending before that tribunal.

The Knox resolution is neither more nor less than another unprincipled adventure into partisan politics. Its author and supporters know that the President will veto it. They know that the President is bound to veto it. Because of that inevitable veto they believe that they can then go before the American people and convince them that it is the President, and the President alone, who is keeping the country in a state of war.

The Senate has played politics with many treaties, but it never played cheaper politics than this! It never played more shameful politics than this; it never brought itself to a lower depth of partisan degradation or imposed a more deliberate humiliation upon the Nation. If the Senate under Henry Cabot Lodge's leadership is representative of the American people, then it is indeed true that we are "incapable of great affairs or of taking rank where we belong, as one of the greatest of the great world powers."

STOP ITCHING SCALP

Rub Parisian Sage on your head and you will not have to scratch the dandruff off; stops itching scalp, gives a luxuriant head of beautiful hair. Chas. L. McBride sells it with money back guarantee.

Inherited or developed eye-troubles corrected best by our properly fitted glasses.

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Phone 137-W.

PUBLIC HEARING.

A public hearing will be afforded all such persons wishing to be heard in reference to a consolidation of the Kingston Gas and Electric Company, adding the approval of the Common Council of this city to an order of the Public Service Commission, to consolidate a sum for gas conformed with the work of service, will be held at City Hall Tuesday evening, October 19, 1920, at 8 o'clock.

By direction of the Common Council
Dated October 11, 1920.
WILLIS H. DAVENPORT,
City Clerk.

LEAGUE VOTES ARE EXPLAINED

Great Britain's 6 Votes to Our 1 in Assembly Triumph of Foreign Diplomats Over Wilson, Says Paper—Assembly Possesses Exclusively Some Vital Powers.

Senator Borah of Idaho, in one of his masterly speeches in Connecticut last week, said.

"I don't think any man ought to be elected president of the United States who thinks six times as much of Great Britain as he does of the United States."

Mr. Borah refers to the fact that the Wilson covenant gives Great Britain and her colonies six votes in the assembly of the league. The United States has only one.

Mr. Wilson has soothed a few indignant Americans by saying that the league assembly is only a "debating society"; "it has no power to decide or act."

We are sorry to say that Mr. Wilson was no match for the British diplomatists of high skill and long experience who wrote the covenant.

You have only to read it! Original and unique power is there confided to the assembly in which Great Britain casts six votes to our one. Among many privileges and powers of the assembly, we mention three. They will suffice.

The assembly has sole power to select new members of the league. It might even "pack" the league with new embryo "nations" certain to support a particular policy of the imperialist foreign syndicate.

Second: The assembly alone elects, or changes at will, four members of the league council. These four members, with Great Britain, would constitute a majority. Still more! President Wilson wrote to Premier Lloyd George a letter which Senator Reed discovered in the Canadian archives and put in the senate record Mr Wilson's letter (not published by him in the United States) said that nothing in the covenant could be held to forbid in future the election of one of England's dominions to a seat on the council itself. If that were done, Great Britain would have two votes in the supreme council to the one of the United States.

Third: Mr. Wilson's statement that the league assembly (in which Great Britain is six times as important as the United States) is unimportant is refuted by paragraphs eight and nine of Article XV as drawn by the clever British diplomats and signed by Mr. Wilson. This article covers "any dispute" between nations. It is all-embracing. The paragraphs are as follows:

"The council may in any case under this article refer the dispute to the assembly. The dispute shall be so referred at the request of either party to the dispute, providing that such request be made within fourteen days after the submission of the dispute to the council.

"In any case referred to the assembly all the provisions of this article and of Article XII relation to the action and powers of the council shall apply to the action and powers of the assembly, provided that a report made by the assembly, if concurred in by the representatives of those members of the league represented on the council and of a majority of the other members of the league, exclusive in each case of the representatives of the parties to the dispute, shall have the same force as a report by the council."

Mr. Wilson surrendered more than his Fourteen Points in Paris! He agreed to an indefensible treaty and covenant.

Americans have reason reverently to thank God for the wisdom of our forefathers, who in the constitution made the consent of two-thirds of the senate necessary to ratify a foreign treaty.

We take off our hats to the twenty-three Democratic senators who had the courage to refuse during an entire year to yield to Mr. Wilson's dictation.

Governor Cox has yielded to Mr. Wilson's dictation and is "in entire accord" with Mr. Wilson on the covenant.

Now the appeal is to the people. Our sovereignty, our independence, our most precious American traditions are safe in their hands! They have never failed to defend the country, and they never will!—The New York American.

ESOPUS.

Esopus, Oct. 18—A business meeting of the Ladies Aid Society will be held at the home of Mrs. Phoebe McLean on Wednesday afternoon of this week at 2:15. Every member is cordially invited to be present.

Miss Viola Worden of Andes, N. Y., was a guest of her sister, Mrs. A. E. Boicourt, for a few days ast week.

Mrs. Sarah A. Cole of Ulster Park, Miss Henrietta Ellsworth of Kingston and Mrs. Emma Dickerson of Esopus were entertained at the home of Mrs. Mary Ellsworth, Port Ewen, last Wednesday.

The stereopticon views illustrating the "Life of Christ" shown, and explained by the pastor Dr. George E. Wright, was greatly appreciated by those who were present at the Methodist church last Wednesday evening. The entire offering was given to the church treasurer to be used for current expenses.

Miss Isabelle C. Davis of Kingston paid a short visit to her sister Mrs. Elmer Land, last week.

Matthew Dayo of St. Remy was a guest of his father-in-law John L. Schultz, on Sunday.

Now is the time to begin to plan your costume for the masquerade party to be given by the Epworth League Society in the church basement on Wednesday evening, October 27. This will be one of the occasions when the old saying "The More the Merrier" will apply and the members of the League hope that every one in the community who possibly can do so will "mask". But come anyway and see the fun. The menu for the supper and other particulars will be published later.

Tidings have come to friends in this village and vicinity from Mr. and Mrs Carl Peterson of the birth of a daughter and from Mr. and Mrs. J. Benjamin of the birth of a son. Mr. Peterson is first and Mr. Benjamin second chauffeur for Captain Harry Payne Bingham and both families have resided at Roslyn, L. I., since their removal from this place where Captain Bingham has a summer home.

Mrs. Mary Geoghegan intends going to Brooklyn soon for an extended stay with her daughter, Mrs. Daniel Linden.

Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Green, Smith, Mr. Tinney and little son, all of Port Ewen, accompanied Dr. and Mrs. G. E. Wright to the church service at Esopus, Sunday afternoon.

PLATTEKILL.

Plattekill, Oct. 18.—Both schools were closed Tuesday in observance of Columbus Day.

A donation will be held in the M. E. parsonage Wednesday evening, October 27.

The next meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society will be held at the home of Mrs. Andrew D. Hartshorn, Wednesday afternoon, November 3.

Miss Helena A. Gerow, who is teaching school in Long Island, spent the week end with her aunt, Miss M. A. Gerow.

Mary Fowler is visiting her grandparents at Fourth Hinesburgh.

Miss Estelle Bradley of New Jersey was a recent visitor in this place.

The "pound and yard" social and entertainment held at the M. E. Church Tuesday night was a success both socially and financially.

Mrs. William Elliott, Mrs. A. Acritt and daughter, Alice, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Gerow.

Had Him Long Time.

My little brother, 6½, was asked how old his grandpa was, and he answered: "I don't know how old he is, but I know we have had him a very long time."

Camel CIGARETTES

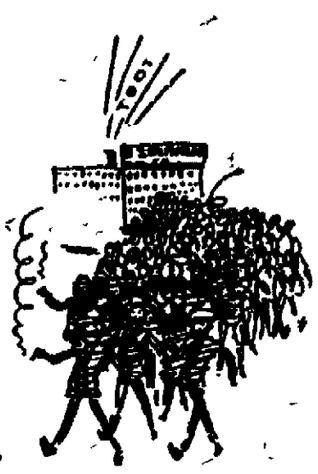
Winston-Salem, N.C. Monday

Dear Petey:

Bet you a house and lot you'd stay in W-S a month if you ever got to know folks here like I have. Between business and Reynolds factories and a lively time—well my date book has been bubbling over! And, I'm still running into facts that would stagger even your imagination, old football, with all your kick!

Pete, take it straight from government figures direct to you that every work day in the week R.J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. buys from our Uncle Sam enough revenue stamps to pay for a duplicate of the handsome new Winston-Salem post office building! Ever hear of such a thing?

And, if you want to get an eyefull of an army of more than 15,000 people, be down in the Reynolds factory district when the whistles blow! Looks like more folks than you ever saw at a Princeton-Yale football game! Never saw such a cigarette firing-up time in my life!



Peter, everytime you light a Camel in the future, call back on what I've slipped you about Camels—absolutely, the greatest cigarette at any price—for quality, for refreshing flavor, for mellow mild body, for freedom from any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or odor! It's worth the busiest smoker's time to compare Camels with any cigarette in the world! Camels are simply a revelation! You know that.

I'll spill you a lot more just as quick as I get a whack at you across the dinner table!

I'll open my eyes in Atlanta tomorrow! In the meantime here's a wad of best wishes I have in stock!

Yours

Shorty

Mr. Man! Insist Upon It! Say—"I want a mild cigar, and it must be a

LA COPIA"

For Sale by all Good Dealers - Ten Cents

ONE CENT A WORD ADVS. BRING RESULTS

A SALE THAT'S UNIQUE AND NEW AS WELL AS VALUE GIVING

An "Even Dollars Sale"

Or A Sale With "No Cents" To It---But Full of GOOD SENSE and VALUE

SALE STARTS WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20

ROSE-GORMAN-ROSE

EVERY ITEM PRICED IN EVEN DOLLARS

IN THE BASEMENT

FLORIDA SPONGES—39c value each, total value $1.95. 5 for $1.00

MASON JARS—Pints or quarts, $1.00 value 4 doz. for $3.00

69c QUALITY CORN BROOMS, all corn, four sewed, 2 for $1.00

15c WALDORF TOILET PAPER, large rolls, 650 sheets, 10 for $1.00

TUNGSTEN ELECTRIC BULBS, 25, 40, 50 watts, guaranteed first quality, 3 for $1.00

RID-JID IRONING TABLE, Reg. Price $5.98 Sale Price $5.00

COVERED FOLDING IRONING TABLE. Reg. Price $4.50. Sale Price $4.00

WILLOW CLOTHES HAMPERS
Large Size, Reg. Price $9.75 Sale Price $8.00
Medium Size, Reg. Price $8.75 Sale Price $7.00
Small Size, Reg. Price $7.50 Sale Price $5.00

TRIO WONDER GAS COOKER—Does three cooking operations with one gas flame. $3.98 value for $1.00

10 QT. GALVANIZED PAILS, 55c value, medium weight, 3 for $1.00

10 QT. HEAVY WEIGHT wire bale and wood handle, 65c value, 2 for $1.00

GALVANIZED ASH CANS, corrugated heavy. Reg. Price $4.59. Sale Price $4.00

WRINGER BENCH AND WRINGER, Universal make. Reg. Price $13.50. Sale Price $12.00

GLASS TUMBLERS, Reg. Price 75c doz. Heavy and strong. 2 doz for $1.00

WILLOW CLOTHES BASKETS, medium size Reg. Price $2.98. Sale Price $2.00
Extra large size, Reg. Price $3.75 Sale Price $3.00

O CEDAR MOPS—$1.25 mop with 25c bottle of oil. Both for $1.00

$1.50 mop with four 25c bottles of oil. Total value $2.50. All for $2.00

$1.75 mop with eight 25c bottles of oil Total value $3.75. All for $3.00

25c ST. DENIS CUPS AND SAUCERS, plain white and perfect goods not seconds, 10 cups and saucers for $2.00

OAK ROCKERS, in leather seat, spring seat construction. $13.50. Sale Price $12.00

WILLOW ARM CHAIR, reenforced seat, $11.50 now $11.00

FIBRE ROCKERS, with cushion back and seats, $27.50 now $25.00

GENUINE LEATHER ROCKERS, spring seat, spring back, $49.50. Sale Price $45.00

OAK DRESSERS, plate glass mirror, 3 large drawers, $28.50, now $25.00

OAK DRESSERS, extra large glass $35.00 Sale price $32.00

BIRDS EYE DRESSERS, with large plate glass mirror, swell front $69.50. Sale price $65.00

BUFFETS—40 in. top, solid oak, plate glass mirror, $45.00. Now $40.00

BUFFETS, 42 in quartered oak top, plate glass mirror, $67.50. Sale Price $62.00

BUFFETS, 48 in. top, plate glass mirror $85.00. Sale Price $77.00

TABLES, 40 in. top, 5 foot extension $27.50. Sale Price $25.00

TABLES, 48 in. top, 6 foot extension, quartered oak plank top, $49.50. Sale Price $45.00

DINING ROOM CHAIRS, solid oak, black fm. leather slip seat $5.00. Sale Price $4.00

DINING CHAIRS, solid oak, genuine leather slip seat $7.50. Sale Price $6.00

3 PIECE FUMED OAK SETS, muleskin covering, spring seat, large tufe $60. Now $54.00

3 PIECE MULESKIN SUIT, large and roomy mahogany frame, padded back, spring seats, $115.00. Now $105.00

WHITE ENAMEL BEDS, 1 in. continuous post in all sizes $12.50. Now $11.00

BRASS BEDS, satin finish, 2 in. post. Ball and knob design $32.50. Now $28.00

IVORY BEDS, iron 2 in. square continuous post, a 3 piece bed including springs guaranteed for 10 years. This bed does not require side rails $32.50. Now $28.00

ROME LINK SPRINGS, helicon ends $9.75. Now $8.00

COTTON, EXCELSIOR MATTRESSES, full size made in 2 parts, handy sliding, $8.50. Now $8.00

MAIN FLOOR

LADIES' TAN TWO EYELET OXFORDS, Louis heel, Reg. Price $13.50. Sale Price .. $11.00

LADIES' BLACK KID and Patent Colt Pumps, Reg. Price $8.00. Sale Price $7.00

LADIES' GREY BOOTS, Military and Louis heel. Reg Price $8.00. Sale Price $6.00

LADIES' GREY BOOTS, Military and Louis heel. Reg. Price $10.00. Sale Price $7.00

LADIES' BLACK KID BOOTS, Cuban heel. Reg. Price $8.00. Sale Price $7.00

LADIES' BLACK KID PUMPS, Louis heel. Reg. Price $12.00. Sale Price $9.00

LADIES' PATENT COLT Two eyelet oxfords, Louis heel. Reg. Price $11.00. Sale Price $9.00

2 PAIR WOMEN'S 69c LISLE HOSE, seam back, double soles, black, white and colors, value $1.38. Sale Price $1.00

4 PAIR WOMEN'S FIBER SILK HOSE, worth $1.00 pair. Black only. 4 pair for $3.00

TWO PAIR MEN'S MERCERIZED LISLE HOSE, with double soles, worth 65c a pair, in black, white and colors. Value $1.30. Special $1.00

TWO PAIR MEN'S WOOL HOSE, in dark grey or natural color, worth 65c a pair, heavy or light weight. Value $1.30. Special $1.00

FOUR PAIR CHILDREN'S RIBBED HOSE, worth 29c and 35c, black or white, sizes 5½ to 10. Value $1.40. Special $1.00

FIVE PAIR CHILDREN'S RIBBED HOSE, worth 25c a pair, black only, sizes 8 to 9½. Value $1.25. Special $1.00

TWO PAIR BOYS' RIBBED HOSE, worth 69c and 75c a pair, black only, sizes 8½ to 11½. Value $1.50. Special $1.00

36 IN. ALL WOOL STORM SERGE, in new fall colors. Reg. $1.87. Sale 4 yds. $6.00

50 IN. ALL WOOL STORM SERGE, in navy only. Reg. $3.75. Sale ..... $3.00 yd.

36. IN. WOOL SERGE, storm or fine twill, comes in navy, copen, garnet, grey, green, brown, black, plum, rose, tan, etc. Reg. $1.39. Sale, 4 yds. $5.00

54 IN. ALL WOOL PLAIDS in combinations blue, brown and green. Reg. $4.98. Sale 1¼ yds. $5.00

42 IN. SERGE CHECKS in various combination colors. Reg. $1.50. Sale, yd. $1.00

44 IN. ALL WOOL STORM SERGE, shrunk and sponged for good solid wear, comes in copen, garnet, green, smoke, tan, plum, wisteria, navy, black, etc. Reg. $2.69. Sale yd. $2.00

SILKS.

40 IN. GILT EDGE SILK POPLINS, fine wearing quality, comes in navy, tan, plum, green, brown, Pekin, grey, etc. Reg. $3.00. Sale, yd. $2.00

36 IN. ALL SILK SATIN, charmeuse finish, comes in navy, red, garnet, grey, taupe, brown, plum, wisteria, rose, black, white etc. Reg. $2.75. Sale 5 yds. $9.00

35 IN. ALL SILK TAFFETA, chiffon finish, good weight for dresses, blouses, or shirts. Reg. $3.25. Sale 4 yds $8.00

40 IN. ALL SILK CREPE DE CHINE good heavy weight, street or evening shades. Reg. $2.00. Sale, 4 yds. $6.00

36 IN. SILK MIXED SHIRTINGS, colored stripes of pink, rose, green, blue, yellow, etc. on white grounds. Reg. $2.25. Sale 3 yds. $4.00

CHILDREN'S SWEATERS, old rose and grey. Reg. Price $4.97. Sale Price $4.00

HICKORY GARTERS, sew on style, 65c each. Reg. Price $1.30. Sale Price $1.00

$1.25 SCISSORS, all styles. Sale Price $1.00

FLETCHER'S CASTORIA, 35c kind. 4 bottles for $1.00

SECOND FLOOR

PATTON'S SUN PROOF PAINTS, all colors Reg. Price $5.00. Sale Price, gal. $4.00

$6.00 QUALITY PITCAIRN VARNISH, water spar) Sale Price $5.00

35c and 40c ROLLS WALL PAPER, suitable for bedroom or dining room, 4 rolls $1.00

PATTON FLOOR PAINT, Prince's brand, inside only, worth $4.50 gal. Sale Price $3.00

29c CURTAIN SCRIM, white, cream or ecru, hemmed edge, 36 inches wide. 4 yards for $1.00

39c CURTAIN SCRIM, 36 inches wide, white, cream or ecru. 3 yards for $1.00

59c CRETONNE PILLOWS, filled with clean kapock, covered with good quality cretonne. 2 for $1.00

$3.98 COUCH COVERS, large size, neat stripes fringed size. Special $3.00

29c CURTAIN ROD, brass extension rod, curved or ball ends, complete with fixtures. 4 for $1.00

79c CURTAIN SCRIM, a large assortment of scrim and marquisette, hemmed side with deep insertion, fine mercerized quality. 4½ yards for .. $3.00

$1.59 SUNFAST DRAPERY, 36 inches wide, plain colors, also in neat allover patterns, in rose, green, brown and blue. Special $1.00

FELT BASE FLOOR COVERING. Reg. Price 79c. Sale Price 3 yds. for $2.00

RUG FILLING, hard wood floor effect, 3 yds. for $2.00

SEAMLESS AXMINSTER RUGS, 9x12 in floral and Persian effects, strictly all wool, $75.00. Sale Price $68.00

ROYAL WILTON RUGS, strictly all wool, copies of the real oriental colors, the soft velvet shades, $135.00. Sale Price $120.00

BRUSSELS RUGS, 9x12, strictly all wool, seamless. Reg. Price $45. Sale Price $40.00

BRUSSELS RUGS, 9x12, Reg. Price $27.50 Sale Price $25.00

WOOL AND FIBER RUGS, 9x12, Reg. Price $22.50. Sale Price $20.00

GRASS RUGS, 9x12. Reg. Price $15.00 Sale Price $11.00

GRASS RUGS, 8x10. Reg. Price $12.50. Sale Price $9.00

REVERSIBLE RUGS, 24 in. wide. Reg. $1.35. Sale Price $1.00

REVERSIBLE FELT RUGS, 28x48, $4.50. Sale Price $4.00

REVERSIBLE FELT RUGS, 28x58, $5.50. Sale Price $5.00

REVERSIBLE STAIR CARPET, 22 in. wide. 4 yds. for $2.00

MAIN FLOOR

MEN'S BLUE WORK SHIRT, made of the best grade blue chambray, sizes 14 to 17. Reg. $2 grade. Special, 2 for $3.00

MEN'S RIBBED UNDERWEAR, Men's gray ribbed shirts and drawers, all sizes 32 to 46. Reg. $1.50 grade. Special 4 for $5.00

MEN'S UNION SUITS, Men's ecru ribbed union suits, heavy winter weight, all sizes, 34 to 46, Reg. $2.50 grade. Special $2.00

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, made of a fine grade percale, guaranteed fast color, all sizes 14 to 17. Reg. $2.25 grade. Special, 4 for $7.00

MEN'S OUTING PAJAMAS, made of a heavy fleecing flannel, all sizes. Reg. $3.50 grade. Spec. $3.00

MEN'S WOOL UNDERWEAR, the natural wool shirts and drawers, all sizes, 32 to 46. Reg. $3.00 grade. Special $2.00

MEN'S SWEATERS, Men's heavy weight sweaters with the roll collar, all sizes 34 to 46. Reg. $2.50 grade. Special $2.00

MAIN FLOOR

26 AND 28 IN. UMBRELLAS, good weight, taped edge, straight and crooked handles. Reg. $2.75 Sale $2.00

27 IN. BABY FLOUNCING, fine dainty patterns. Regular 89c quality. Sale 1½ yd. $1.00

3 TO 5 IN. CONVENT EDGES, good assortment of patterns. Reg. 15c value. Sale 10 yds. $1.00

29c UNBLEACHED SHEETING, 36 inches wide, extra heavy exceptional value. Special, 5 yards for $1.00

79c FRUIT OF THE LOOM PILLOW CASES, size 45x36, has a deep hem, no dressing. 3 for $2.00

$2.59 BLEACHED SHEET, size 81x90, seamless, has a deep hem, and is made of a good quality muslin. Special $2.00

$1.50 TABLE DAMASK, full bleached soft finish, heavy quality, wide width. Special 2½ yards for $3.00

$3.50 DAMASK CLOTH, made of heavy snow white damask, round style, scalloped. Special $3.00

25c TOWELING, full bleached, colored border, 18 inches wide. Special 6 yards for $1.00

39c UNION LINEN TOWELING, bleached or unbleached, colored border, fifty per cent linen. 3 yards for $1.00

50c BLUE BIRD MULL, a fine cloth for undergarments, children's and infants' wear, waistings, full 36 inches wide. Special 3 yards for $1.00

APRON GINGHAM SPECIAL, blue and white checks or plaids, heavy quality. Special 5 yards for $1.00

15c HUCK TOWELS, full bleached, guest size, hemmed ends. Special 10 for $1.00

25c AMERICAN PRINTS, white ground with black or colored figures or stripes. 5 yds. for $1.00

49c AND 59c DRESS GINGHAM, all the best makes in plaids, stripes, checks and plain colors. We have a large assortment of every wanted color. 5 yards for $2.00

$6.98 WOOLKNAP BLANKET, extra heavy, full size, pink or blue border. Special $6.00

$5.98 COMFORT, full size, medium and light color covering. Maish make. Special $5.00

$10.00 COMFORTS—Maish make, fine silkaleen covering, filled with all pure cotton, guaranteed to contain no dirt or other substance. "Maish make" Special $9.00

RACK OF LADIES' AND MISSES' SUITS, navy blue, black and green. Hardly two garments of a style. Value up to $30. Sale Price $12.00

LADIES' AND MISSES' SUITS, excellent models, in tricotine, serges, poplins, silvertones. Value to $39.97. Sale Price $35.00

LADIES' HEATHERBLOOM TOP PETTICOAT, Changeable silk flounce. Value $3.59, Sale Price $3.00

BLACK SATEEN UNDERSKIRT, value $1.49. Sale Price $1.00

LADIES' PERCALE AND GINGHAM HOUSE DRESSES light and dark colors. Value $3.59. Sale Price $3.00

LADIES' VOILE BLOUSES, white and colored, value $2.59. Sale Price $2.00

LADIES' WHITE WASH BLOUSES, voiles and batiste tailored and lace trimmed numbers. Value $3.59. Sale Price $3.00

LADIES' MUSLIN GOWNS, slip over style, sizes 16 and 17. Good muslin. Value $1.59. Sale Pr. $1.00

LADIES' ENVELOPE CHEMISE, full sizes, neat trimmings of lace and embroidery. Value $1.25. Sale Price $1.00

CHILDREN'S GINGHAM DRESS, 7 to 14 years, plaids and stripes. Value $2.59. Sale Price $2.00

LADIES GINGHAM DRESSES, sizes 36 to 46, plaids and stripes. Value $5.47 to $5.97. Sale Price $5.00

PALM OLIVE SOAP, 10c kind. 13 cakes for $1.00

1 BOTTLE Lydia Pinkham's Compound, 25c bottle Phillips's Milk of Magnesia. Total value $1.25. All for $1.00

ONEIDA COMMUNITY TEA SPOONS, par plate. Reg. Price $3.50. Sale Price $3.00

PURE WOOL WORSTED KNITTING YARN. Reg. Price 65c skein. Grey only, 3 skeins for. $1.00

$1.25 QUALITY LADIES' CHAMOISETTE GAUNTLET GLOVES, Reg. Price $1.69. 2 pair for $3.00

LADIES' FLEECED VEST, high neck and long sleeve, low neck and no sleeves. Reg. $1.25 and $1.39. Sale Price $1.00

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KINGSTON, N. Y., OCT. —, 1920.

BRAINS COUNT.

The major portion of political intelligence in this country is in the Republican party, and the people look to the Republicans for an efficient administration in national, state and local affairs. There is no doubt about this and the proof is available. For eight years the nation has been upset and has gone from bad to worse as to management of the people's business. President Wilson had not been in office fifteen minutes practically before he had a quarrel with every man in his cabinet and one by one they resigned; that is, those who had brains.

Two years ago a Tammany governor was elected by conditions over which he had no control whatever in fact; his election was not because of any thing he had done That another man was defeated is a better way to put it than that Smith won, for the entire Republican ticket, aside from the governor, was elected by a tremendous majority However, the Tammany choice had not been in the executive chamber more than a few hours before he commenced to submit recommendations to the legislature which were wild and socialistic, so much so that the intelligent people at once looked upon all that "Al" said as an appeal to the mob for votes.

His recommendations sounded good until analyzed, then it was easy to discern that they were unworkable and impractical, and that instead of teaching the people self-reliance they were urged to rely on the state. Smith, however, depending upon his political cunning, believed that he was doing something which the people would receive. They did for a while, perhaps, but it was a case of not being able to fool all the people all the time. Had this been possible, the Tammany governor might have been able to go before the people for re-election with some chance of winning.

In the campaign which is drawing to a close, the people who do some thinking for themselves have had an opportunity to determine the man and men best fitted to take charge of their affairs. They have heard Nathan L. Miller, candidate for governor, United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., and the other Republican candidates, and they have heard the Tammany nominee for governor and the Tammany candidate for United States senator, Harry Walker. Opinion that is voiced generally, wherever men or women assemble, would point to one conclusion, and that is that the Republican ticket will be elected from top to bottom.

In local affairs political parties are forgotten occasionally and persons are remembered, but this is only rare. Nevertheless, in national and state affairs persons are rarely considered further than their capacity to carry out the recommendations of the party they represent. Having proved the greater measure of intelligence, the Republican party can naturally be expected to put into operation those things the people want, eliminate those things the people do not want, and act for the people as a whole rather than a clamoring few. Admitting that something occurs now and then which would make one wonder whether the people had given sufficient thought to what was before them, they do not make the same mistake twice. This being the fact, it is certain that Nathan L. Miller will be elected because he represents the Republican party and because when all is said and done brains count, and he has them.

NEWS AND TRADE.

Cable and other means of communication between different parts of the world should be open to all without discrimination or preference, and this will be the view presented by the American delegates to the International Communications Congress. Nominally it will be the view of the British delegates also, but preference is inevitably involved in Great Britain's ownership of 40 per cent of the world's cables, which she subsidizes for the use of her business men and newspaper interests American press associations have no superiors in initiative and enterprise, but the fact just mentioned puts them as a disadvantage British cable supremacy must endure for a long time to come, but there is nevertheless encouragement in an awakened recognition in America that the development of a great foreign trade largely depends on an adequate cable service. This country needs direct and untrammeled cable communication with Latin-America and other great world markets in order to become a permanent factor in the world's trade

Never until now have American newspapers had anything like Government support of their efforts to extend American influence abroad. A new and promising step was taken when recently at the Government's request a group of prominent American newspaper men gathered in the State Department to place their needs before the delegates to the International Communications Congress The very invitation was an official recognition of the national character of the service rendered by our press associations in seeking to send American news throughout the world.

AT THE THEATRES.

Clara Kimball Young At Keeney's—Olive Tell At Auditorium.

Clara Kimball Young, whose "Eyes of Youth" scored such a remarkable success recently, is being presented tonight at Keeney's in "The Forbidden Woman," a story of a popular Parisian actress whose material happiness is nearly wrecked when her lover discovers her identity and also hears an unsavory relative to her past. This production has been filmed in an atmosphere of beauty with wonderful scenic background, rich, sumptuous interiors and in support of this popular star is Conway Tearle Tomorrow Alice Joyce in "Dollars and The Woman," in which Miss Joyce has a role of unusual interest. It is a story of timely interest dealing with the domestic problem these days when the cost of living is responsible for so much unhappiness.

"Love Without Question" has been adapted from the popular novel "The Abandoned Room," by C Wadsworth Camp, starring Olive Tell and showing at the Auditorium tonight. It is an absorbing mystery drama. A Neal Hart western thriller, "The Square Shooter," is also programmed. Tomorrow Alice Brady in "The Hungry Heart" and a Tom Mix story.

"The Girl in the Limousine" will be presented for an engagement of matinee and night at the Kingston Opera House on Saturday. This romping farce was written by Wilson Collison, co-author of "Up in Mabel's Room," and Avery Hopwood, author of "The Gold Diggers." It has had a successful run in New York for more than eight months, and has been enjoyed by Boston and Chicago audiences for a few weeks.

LAKE KATRINE.

Lake Katrine, Oct. 18.—A special meeting of the Grange members will be called at the regular session of the Grange Monday evening to complete the arrangements for the harvest festival, Thursday, October 21. A. Bogart, chairman, is desirous of seeing as many as possible at this time. Anyone interested in making an exhibit is cordially invited to do so whether a Grange member or not. Those who wish to send old fashioned articles and fancy work please notify Miss Anna Snyder, Mrs. Myron Boice or Miss Florence Bogart. Poultry, vegetables and fruit in charge of Mr. Bogart. The entertainment committee, Mrs. D Kieffer, chairman, assisted by Mrs. Frank Brink, Mrs. Hugh Furguson and Mrs G. Parish. Parties wishing tables reserved notify either of the above committees. Supper will be served from 6 o'clock to 9 or until all are served.

Mr. and Mrs David Kieffer celebrated their thirty-first wedding anniversary on Saturday. They were surprised by a visit from Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Kieffer, Fred Freer and Miss Alida Brewer, who motored from New York and Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Freer and Eugene of Kingston.

Miss Minnie Heninger entertained the Efficiency Club at her home Friday evening.

Mr and Mrs Chester Osterhoudt of Brooklyn spent Columbus Day with Theodore Brink and sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sears have entertained quite a house party this last week. Among the guests are Mrs. F. S. Woolsey and son of New York city, Mr. and Mrs. Carson of Lakin Hill, N. J., Mr. and Mrs. Pilsely and Robert Benjamin of Poughkeepsie, Mrs. Frank Slater and daughter, Florence, of Rhinecliff.

Mrs Rose Heppner, formerly Miss Elizabeth Heninger, spent Sunday in Lake Katrine and attended the rally day exercises.

Theodore Brink and sisters motored to Newburgh Sunday in their new car.

Mr. and Mrs. James Barber attended church in Kingston.

Mrs. Frank Reynolds and Mrs Charles Fowler of Kingston called at the home of Mrs Graham Farrell Friday afternoon.

TWENTY AND TEN YEARS AGO.

Oct. 19, 1900.—Horse stolen from barn of Dr. H H Connelly.

Oct. 19, 1910.—Death of Mrs. Christian Heninger of Stephen street, aged 72 years.

Emmet R. Wright and Miss Florence L. Roubrouck married at Middletown.

MILLER GETS ANDERSON O. K.

William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, of New York, gave out a statement under the caption, "Judge Miller makes satisfactory statement on prohibition," of which the following is a part:

While the Anti-Saloon League will be absolutely fair to Senator George F. Thompson, recognizing that his fight and the vote for him in the primary forced the declaration on prohibition from the regular Republican candidate, and recognizing that Senator Thompson has a perfect right to continue as an active candidate as an exponent of the direct primary which a large proportion of the Anti-Saloon League constituency believe vital to a fair chance to finish the League's work for the enforcement of prohibition, and also as an exponent of other issues in which he may be interested although the Anti-Saloon League has nothing to do with them, yet in fairness to every interest the League is required in common honesty to say that Judge Miller's earlier statements as now supplemented by his reply to detailed questions submitted by the League constitute as a whole a statement that is entirely satisfactory to the League on the specific prohibition issue.

MILTON.

Milton, Oct. 18.—Mr. and Mrs. George Krum of Newburgh were visitors in Milton last week.

William Spratt, Jr., has accepted a position with the Hudson River Fruit Exchange.

Owen Connor has gone to St. Francis's Hospital, Poughkeepsie, to be treated for paralysis.

William R. Ordway was a visitor on business in Highland last Thursday.

Miss Florence Kent has returned from a visit in the Berkshires.

Mrs. Mary Craft is visiting in Poughkeepsie.

The foundation for George Mertin's new house on Main street is completed. Frank Horton of Marlborough had the contract for the work. Mr. Horton also laid the new concrete sidewalks in this village.

A meeting of the Women's Missionary Society was held at the home of Mrs. C. P. Kent last Wednesday afternoon. The society is preparing a barrel of clothing, etc., to be sent to the Mary Potter School in North Carolina.

Mrs. William R. Ordway was a visitor at Sunny Crest farm last Friday.

The W. C. T. U. held its monthly business meeting in the Friends Church last Saturday afternoon.

A harvest home festival will be held in the First Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning, October 31. The proceeds will go to the Industrial Home at Kingston.

Mrs. Dudley Palmer and family are moving to their winter home near Boston.

The Maids and Matrons are planning to give the children of this village a Hallowe'en party.

The first of a series of six home nursing talks was given last Tuesday afternoon in the Community House. The speaker was Dr. Boudish of the state department of health, Albany. His subject was "Care of Mother and Infant."

George P. DuBois and Henry DuBois have been helping DeWitt DuBois gather his grape crop on his farm near Highland during the past two weeks.

The Home Bureau is completing arrangements for a series of health lectures for the winter course.

Glifford Hallock was a visitor in Poughkeepsie during the past week.

The principal topic for conversation foot ball and basket ball teams to represent this village.

Abram Strickland who has been confined to his home with illness is able to be out again.

The principal topic for conversation here at present is politics. Our women voters are studying the subject diligently.

Mrs. M. M. Clarke and Miss Edith Merritt visited relatives in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., last week.

Miss DuBois of Lloyd visited Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Martin last week.

The Willow Tree Tea House has been closed after a very successful season.

Mr. and Mrs. Powell Townsend of Poughkeepsie, formerly of Washington, D C., attended the funeral of their grandfather, Charles G. Velie, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarke Beam of Poughkeepsie visited relatives in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sinclair of Brooklyn have been visiting Mr. and Mrs Alonzo Wood.

The annual chicken supper of the Ladies' Aid Society will be held in the Community House Wednesday evening, November 3.

Mrs. J. Lindley Spicer of New York visited in this village last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Conklin of Beacon visited Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Conklin, Sr., recently.

W. H. Donaldson is visiting his son, Irving Donaldson, at Amsterdam, N. Y.

Because of no improvements having been made to the Townsend dock several truck men have refused to drive their trucks on it. This will greatly interfere with the delivery of the fertilizer usually unloaded here every fall.

On Monday, November 1, from 2 to 6 p. m., a Hallowe'en party will be held for the Junior Improvement League and school children of this village in the Community House.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a Hallowe'en social in the Community House Wednesday evening, October 27. Everybody is invited to attend and enjoy the mysteries of the evening.

Mrs Thos. McGowan has returned home from Dr. Sadlier's Sanitarium, Poughkeepsie.

Prof. D. H. Warren and Edward M. Wood attended the Schoolmasters banquet in Newburgh last week.

Taste It.

When the busy little bee gets a load he goes straight home—which is more than any man can do.

THAT THE PUBLIC MAY KNOW

An Obsolete Rate

Kingston is practically the only city in the State in which the gas company has not had an increase of rate in recent years. A large number of the other companies have had more than one increase allowed—several, as many as four times.

Kingston's gas company's loss in operating expenses alone is $50,000 a year.

Kingston's gas company has reached the point where it can no longer render the service unless quick relief is granted in the shape of an adequate rate.

Is there anything in this situation for anybody to be proud of?

We are doing our utmost to get a new rate—one that will furnish sufficient revenue to meet increased expenses.

Do you want a strong, prosperous utility rendering your city as essential service and helping in its growth and development?

Do you like a square deal?

Do you want us to continue the gas service?

Then, it's up to you to see that no impediment is put in the way of the company securing a rate that will be commensurate with the cost. That is all we are asking for!

GOOD SERVICE—Impossible Without—FAIR RATES

KINGSTON GAS & ELECTRIC CO.

"In days of yore nothing was holy but the beautiful." —SCHILLER

FIND a woman known for her good taste in dress and you will usually find a woman who selects her clothes at this store

Weisberg's

Specialty Shop

271 Fair St. Kingston, N.Y.

A Good Start.

Have you learned how to make it go as far as you. Then your feet are well placed on the bottom round of the ladder of success.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter X. Gill, Surrogate of Ulster County, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Margaret Ward, late of the Town of Esopus, County of Ulster, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned Executor of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Luther J. Gibson, 249 Fair street, Kingston, N. Y., on or before the 1st day of March, 1921.

Dated August 12th, 1920.

CATHERINE CROWTHER,
Administratrix With the Will Annexed of Margaret Ward, Deceased.

Luther J. Gibson, Attorney for Administratrix, 249 Fair Street, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter X. Gill, Surrogate of Ulster County, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Aaron Hyman, late of the City of Kingston, County of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned Amelia Hyman, the Administratrix of the estate of said deceased, at her place of residence, 324 Wall Street, Kingston, in the said County of Ulster, New York, on or before the 20th day of September, 1920.

Dated May 17th, 1920.

AMELIA HYMAN,
Administratrix of Aaron Hyman, Deceased.

V. B. Van Wagenen, Attorney.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter X. Gill, Surrogate of Ulster County, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Charles H. Van Wyck, late of the City of Kingston, County of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned Lela H. Van Wyck, as Executrix of the estate of said deceased, at her residence, No. 321 Downs street, Kingston, in the said County of Ulster, on or before the first day of December, 1920.

Dated May 20th, 1920.

LELA H. VAN WYCK,
Executrix of Will of Charles H. Van Wyck, Deceased.

V. B. Van Wagenen, Attorney, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter X. Gill, Surrogate of Ulster County, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Charles H. Van Wyck, late of the City of Kingston, County of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned Estella Wilson, the Executrix of the estate of said deceased, at the office of V. B. Van Wagenen, 32 Wall street, Kingston, in the said County of Ulster, on or before the first day of February, 1921.

Dated July 31, 1920.

ESTELLA WILSON,
as Executrix of Will of Charles H. Van Wyck, Deceased.

Have your home thoroughly cleaned by

CANFIELD STOVE COMPANY
"The Heating Specialists"
Strand & Ferry Sts.,
KINGSTON, N. Y.
Phone 1-7-0-1

DANCING

Dancing
Dancing
at
ARMORY

McEnelly's Orchestra
Wednesday, Oct. 20

Kingston Savings Bank
273 Wall Street, Kingston, N. Y.
CHARTERED 1874.

OFFICERS:
MYRON TELLER,
President.
GEORGE BURGEVIN,
V. B. VAN WAGENEN,
Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES TAPPEN,
Treasurer.
CHARLES H. DE LA VERGNE,
Assistant Treasurer.
HARRY ENSIGN,
Accountant.
JAMES A. BETTS,
Counsel.

TRUSTEES:
James A. Betts, Delancey N. Bishop,
George Burgevin, Ervin E. Norwood,
Zadoc P. Boice, Abram D. Rose,
Sam Bernstein, Charles Tappen,
Everett Fowler, Myron Teller,
John E. Kraft, V. B. Van Wagenen,
Lovan S. Wilson.

Interest will be paid on all sums from one dollar to five thousand dollars.

Deposits made on or before Nov. 3, 1920, and remaining in bank until July 1, 1921 will be credited with eight (8) months' interest.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

ULSTER COUNTY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
340 Wall Street, Kingston, N. Y.
INCORPORATED 1884.

WILLIAM C. SHAFER,
President.
HARRY E. BINGHAM,
CHARLES S. WOOD,
Vice-Presidents.
J. M. SCHAEFFER,
Secretary.
JOHN B. ALLIGER,
Treasurer.
JAMES J. O'CONNOR,
Teller.
JOHN R. T. HALL,
Book-keeper.
PHILIP ELTING,
Attorney.

TRUSTEES:
John B. Alliger, George Hutton,
H. E. Brigham, G. D. B. Hasbrouck,
David Burgevin, W. H. Harrison,
Howard Chipp, J. M. Schaeffer,
Abram V. DeGraff, Wm. C. Shafer,
Philip Elting, C. S. Wood,
Ogden P. Wilson.
Deposits over SIX MILLIONS.
The oldest and largest Savings Bank in Ulster County.
ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

TIME TABLE OF
ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.
Eastern Standard Time.

Trains are due to leave this city as follows:
Kingston Point †11:15 p. m.
Rondout Station, *6:30 a. m.; †11:20 p. m.
Union Station, *6:30 a. m.; †11:25 p. m.
Trains are due to arrive as follows:
Union Station, †10:35 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.; †6:15 p. m.
Rondout Station, †10:55 a. m.; 5:20 p. m.; †6:45 p. m.
Kingston Point, †11:00 a. m.
*Daily.
†Daily except Sunday.
‡Sunday only.

WILSON'S ANSWER IS AWAITED

Believed He Will Try to Show That France Favors League and Not Association—Emissaries of France and Great Britain Known to Have Repeatedly Approached Senators—Borah Indifferent.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, Oct. 19.—With France apparently out of the controversy interest again today turned to the president in the clash between the chief executive and Senator Harding over the Republican presidential candidate's statement that he had been approached by "spokesman" of the French people asking that America lead the way in the formation of an association of nations.

Senator Harding's letter containing the official text of his statement, it was generally admitted today, absolves the French government of any breach of diplomatic proprieties. It was also admitted that the official text differed from the report to which the president took exception.

The president's reply to Senator Harding is now awaited with interest and it is generally predicted here that the chief executive will frame a reply in an effort to show that the French government is firmly in support of the league of nations and does not desire an association of nations.

President Wilson's letter, however, continued today to agitate diplomatic and official circles.

One high diplomat stated it was well known among the representatives of several European governments at Washington that not only emissaries of France but of Great Britain had repeatedly consulted Senator Lodge, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, since the inception of the treaty fight in the senate.

The same diplomat points out that Viscount Grey, while British ambassador to Washington, held conferences with Republican members of the foreign relations committee when the controversy over the league covenant was raging in the senate.

At that time it was well known in Washington Viscount Grey dined with Senator Lodge and other Republican senators at the Lodge residence here, and during the dinner the official representative of the British government was plainly informed the treaty of Versailles would not be ratified by the necessary two-thirds majority in the senate.

Since the defeat of the treaty in the senate, Senator Lodge and other Republican leaders have been in frequent communication with London, Paris and other European centers, and one prominent senator declared today it was only natural to presume Senator Harding, as the titular leader of the Republican party, had been kept well informed as to the attitudes of the European powers toward the existing league of nations situation.

The effect of the situation upon the attitude of Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho, who is opposed to the league or "association of nations," was also the cause of widespread speculation.

Senator Borah himself declared all he cared to say at present was it did not matter to him "one way or the other" as to what France wanted or did not want, but he was "more interested in what the American people wanted or did not want," and he was confident the result of the "solemn referendum" at the coming election "would show they did not want the league of nations."

GRIFFITH SCORES MAGNATES' ACTION

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Clark Griffith, part owner and manager of the Washington American League baseball club expressed his disapproval of the meeting of the base ball magnates in Chicago last night in no uncertain terms here today.

"Talk is cheap," said Griffith, "and some of the men that attended this meeting and talked the most are the most responsible for the present unsatisfactory standard of organized baseball. Take President John Heydler of the National League for instance. He is one of the biggest failures in baseball. If he had taken hold of the Chase case two years ago and cleaned it up we would not have had the present trouble.

"We are for reorganization but we want it accomplished in the right manner. This meeting was not called in the right spirit. It was a forced meeting called by belligerents who wanted to clean out Ban Johnson. The Washington baseball club wants to wait for the grand jury to finish the present cases and then proceed to reorganize along proper lines."

Griffith said that he didn't wish to convey the impression that he or his club was lining up on the side of Ban Johnson in the controversy.

"But," said he, "we are not going in with a lot of cut-throats and help them grind their axes."

London Rioters Fined.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—Several persons who were arrested during the demonstration by unemployed in Downing street yesterday afternoon were arraigned in Bow street police court today and fined on the charge of rioting.

SOVIETS DOOMED SAYS KERENSKY

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—Alexander Kerensky, former Socialist premier of Russia, who is now in Prague, predicts the immediate collapse of the Bolshevik regime in Russia, according to a dispatch from Prague today. Kerensky was quoted as follows in the agrarian newspaper Venkow of Prague:

"Dissolution of the Bolshevik regime at Moscow is imminent. My information from Russia justifies the statement that Bolshevism among the people on longer exists. The fall of Lenine and Trotzky may be expected within a month."

The Evening Standard, commenting upon this interview, says it evidently formed the basis of the report circulated by British agents that a counter revolution at Petrograd might be expected this week.

BARGE CANAL CLAIMS

Reduced From $14,000,000 To $2,670,000.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Claims against the state for $14,000,000 in the last year were reduced to $2,670,000 allowed, Attorney General Newton announced today. The claims were for property taken or damaged by the construction of the barge canal, highway improvements and the extension of the forest preserve. There were approximately 1,000 claims involved of which number 268 were dismissed by the courts as unmerited. About 55 percent of the claims were interest bearing and their speedy trial and disposal operated to save the state from paying large interests accretions, Attorney Newton declared.

ARREST ITALIAN REDS.

Another Bomb Found At Quarters Of League Representatives.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Rome, Oct. 19.—Wholesale arrests of alleged anarchists have been in progress in Italy for the last 24 hours as the result of a discovery of another bomb at the Hotel Cavour in Milan. Arrests were made in this city, Milan, Bologna, Venice and elsewhere. A regular arsenal was seized at Milan. It consisted of chests of bombs and dynamite.

British and French representatives of the league of nations have been living at the Cavour Hotel at Milan. An attempt was made to blow up the hotel with bombs a week ago.

Scene from "THE GIRL IN THE LIMOUSINE" which plays at the Opera House next Saturday, October 23, matinee and night. —Advertisement.

One of the scenes in "DAYBREAK" the new moving picture showing for the first time anywhere at the Kingston Opera House three days starting tomorrow, Oct. 20. —Advertisement.

POLES ADVANCE ARMISTICE NIGHT

The armistice on the Russo-Polish battle front was to have gone into effect at midnight last night, according to the peace protocol signed by the Russo-Polish envoys at Riga last week. Latest advices from Moscow reported that the Poles have begun a new offensive over a front of 60 miles and that the Russians were retiring to new positions under the blows of the Polish troops. The Russian communique which reported this fighting referred to military operations on Saturday and Sunday.

Mac Swiney Now Has Scurvy, Too.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—A specialist has been called in to assist the Brixton Jail infirmary staff treat Lord Mayor Terence Mac Swiney, of Cork who entered the sixty eighth day of his hunger strike today. In addition to a slight cold Mac Swiney has developed scurvy. The specialist asked Mary MacSwiney, a sister, to urge her brother to drink some orange and lime juice, but she replied it was useless.

Alexander Worse.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Athens, Oct. 19.—King Alexander, who is suffering from blood poisoning contracted from the bite of a pet monkey, was worse today. His lungs are congested and his condition was described by the attending physicians as "very grave."

OUR PRICES MAKE SHOPPING ELSEWHERE AN EXTRAVAGANCE

The Ross Stores Inc. **L. B. VAN WAGENEN CO.** *The Ross Stores Inc.*

Sale and Demonstration of "Reflectshun" Polish

For Furniture, Pianos, Woodwork and Automobiles—cleans as it polishes.

A home product—fully guaranteed.

More Anniversary Sale Values

39c White Domet Flannel 29c

Heavy grade, long fleecy nap weave, firmly woven to withstand hard wear and frequent laundering. 27 in. wide. Suitable for nightwear.

$3.50 Georgette Crepe $2.50

40 inches wide. A rich heavy quality that will make serviceable dresses, blouses or underwear.

$3.00 Dress Taffeta $1.95 yard

36 inches wide; all the new fall shades also white and black.

50 in. French Twill Serge $1.98

Navy blue. Firmly woven Serge of excellent quality at a price which offers a very great value—

$5.00 All-Wool Coating $2.98

Handsome all-wool coatings—the finest grades. A complete range of fashionable Fall colors—54 in.

Jersey Cloth $2.98

Weight suitable for dresses. Many beautiful new colors. 54 in. wide. $4.50 quality.

89c Neponset Floor Covering 69c

Best quality—none better. Will outwear linoleum. Lays flat, will not curl at corners. Waterproof.

$2.00 Eiderdown Finish Crib Blankets $1.29

Pink, blue and white. Large size 35x50 inches. Heavy weight. A beautiful soft fluffy blanket.

50c Pacific Percale 34c yard

One of the best Standard brands. Splendid assortment to choose from. For making durable quality house dresses, aprons, boy's blouses and men's shirts.

Regular 32 inch

DRESS GINGHAMS 37½c yard

Large assortment of new plaids and checks for women's and children's dresses. Beautiful color combinations. 59c was the price of this good gingham.

59c Outing Flannel 39c yd

A big Anniversary Special as you will say when you see the quality. 36 inches wide in the wanted pink and blue stripes. Heavy fleecy grade for warm winter garments.

Basement Specials

Gray Enamelware

Your choice of any of the following items at

79c each

Values up to $1.50

Stock Pots, Water Pitchers, Roasting Pans, Water Pails, Large Soap Kettles, Large size Tea and Coffee Pots.

39c Cups and Saucers 25c; 50c Cups and Saucers 39c
Glass Butter Jars 59c, 79c and 98c
Nu-Cut Glass Water Tumblers—set of 6—50c
$2.00 Haviland Salads $1.00; $1.00 Furniture Polish 59c

ALUMINUM WARE—$2.50 Fry Pans $1.98
$2.50 Sauce Pans—Nest of 3—$1.98 Coffee Pots $1.98
$2.50 Aluminum Pails—6 quart—$1.98
$2.98 Double Rice Boilers $1.98 $2.00 Sauce Pans $1.20
$1.50 Sauce Pans—2 quart—98c

Sewing Machine Week—Special Terms and Prices on the "WHITE" Sewing Machine.

Mrs. Wilson, representative of the White Sewing Machine Co. is here.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION DOLLAR DAYS

THURSDAY and FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21 and 22.

You know what our DOLLAR DAYS MEAN. Plan to be here. Make up your shopping parties now.

Lamb Chops Rib and Shoulder, cut from genuine Spring Lamb. 25c lb.

SHOULDERS SPRING LAMB, lb. - 18c

WEDNESDAY SPECIALS

THE MOHICAN COMPANY

Fresh Chopped Steak, lb. 22c

SHOULDER Roasts Beef 19c Pound

No. 1 Sweet Potatoes	Boston Blue Fish	STEWING CUTS LAMB	Dinner Blend Coffee	Campbell's Tomato Soup
49c Peck	10c Pound	12½c Pound	25c Pound	10c Can

ONE CENT A WORD ADVS. BRING RESULTS

Cuticura Talcum
Always Healthful

YOUR OPPORTUNITY
Grab It
McENELLY'S
Singing Orchestra
at the
ARMORY
Wednesday Evening, Oct. 20
Be There Sure.

To Our Customers:

How much of your unburned coal goes out on the ash pile? In many cases fully one-half of the good carbon has not been consumed.

Keep a good bed of fire in the heater this winter but do not waste good coal.

Sift your ashes
Keep the flues clean
Conserve coal.

Kingston Coal Company

GUARANTEE AUTO RADIATOR

The only place in Kingston where Auto Radiators are repaired by experts. All work guaranteed. Also Wind Shield glazing.

202 WALL STREET,
Phone 223 KINGSTON.

W. R. FREDERICK

DISTRIBUTOR FOR
SELDEN
In-Built Quality
MOTOR TRUCKS
1½, 2½, 3½, 5 Ton Models
Moving to
37 ST. JAMES STREET.

Hudson River Day Line

Steamers "Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," Albany.

Steamer "DeWitt Clinton" in service 1921.

Daily Including Sunday.
Daylight Saving Time.

Down steamer leaves Kingston Point 12:40 p. m. for Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, West Point (except Sunday), Bear Mountain, Yonkers and New York City, arriving West 129th street, 5:30 p. m.; Desbrosses street, 6:30 p. m.

Up steamer leaves Kingston Point 2:15 p. m. for Catskill, Hudson and Albany, arriving at 6:30 p. m.

Time tables subject to change without notice.

Music. Restaurant. Lunch Room

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK—By the Grace of God, Free and Independent.

To Frank Redmond, No 615 Harrison Avenue, Harrison, New Jersey; Helen St Pierre, Rowells Field, Salem, Massachusetts, and Florence Gates, Rowells Field, Salem, Massachusetts

You and each of you are hereby cited to show cause, at a Surrogate's Court to be held in and for the County of Ulster at the Surrogate's office in the City of Kingston, in said County, on the 10th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, why the last Will and Testament of John Redmond (also known as John H. Redmond), late of the City of Kingston, Ulster County, deceased, presented to said Surrogate's Court should not be admitted to probate and recorded as a Will of real and personal estate in pursuance of the statute, on the petition of Bridget Sullivan and Isabella Sullivan both of the City of Kingston, Ulster County, N. Y., the Executrices named therein.

In Testimony Whereof, we have caused the seal of said Surrogate's Court to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon Walter (L.S.) N Gill, Surrogate of our said County at the City of Kingston the 9th day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty.

WALTER N GILL,
Surrogate.

Chris A. Harvey, Attorney for Executrices, 20 East Strand, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N Gill, Surrogate of Ulster County, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Elizabeth H. Salzmann, also known as Mrs. J. Salzmann, late of the City of Kingston, County of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned Albert Salzmann and Adam J. Salzmann the administrators of the estate of said deceased, at their place of business, Nos 30 and 34 Abeel Street, in the said City of Kingston, N. Y., on or before the first day of February, 1921.

Dated July 20th, 1920.

ALBERT SALZMANN,
ADAM J. SALZMANN,
Administrators of Estate of Elizabeth H. Salzmann, also known as Mrs J. Salzmann, Deceased.

Chris A Harvey, Attorney for Administrators, 20 East Strand, Kingston, N. Y.

DOES NOT WONDER AT MAC SWINEY

Under the caption, "How Long Can a Man Fast?" the New York Herald in its Monday edition, printed an interesting communication from George M Eggleston of Ulster Park The writer who was an acquaintance of the famous Dr. Tanner, who fasted forty days, does not wonder at Mayor Mac Swiney and says he would not be surprised if he lives seventy days. Mr Eggleston writes as follows:

To the New York Herald: Your editorial article on "How Long Can a Man Fast?" is a great satisfaction to me because you have told some simple things contrary to "the opinions of our learned physicians, who refuse to believe a man can fast sixty days"

It seems strange that none of these "learned physicians" has read the books of Dr Edward Hooker Dewey of Meadville, Pa., who was the pioneer in this country in the cure of disease by fasting He describes in his books the cases of many long fasts taken by his patients under his care. The longest case he tells of was a child whose stomach was destroyed by a dose of some kind of acid given by mistake, and they absolutely could not give it any food of any kind, liquid or anything, and yet the child lived over seventy days. I am not sure, as my books are in a storage warehouse and I can't get at them, but I think it was seventy-three days. If a little child can live as long as that, there is no question but a man can live equally as long or longer, as he would have more fat and muscle and diseased tissue to feed on

I have made a hobby of the "nature cure," of which the fast is the mainstay, and I have tried it on myself many times just to see what it would do to me—just short fasts, of which the longest was eight days I have seen many other people who fasted much longer. I was personally acquainted with Dr Tanner when he lived in San Diego, Cal. The last time I saw him he was 86 years old and was very active in mind and body. He took a second fast lasting forty days several years after his first famous fast of forty days, and thereby cured himself of a disease (kidney, I think) that threatened to prove swift and fatal. He is dead now and lived to be over 90. When I knew him he ate only twice daily, as I do, and was a vegetarian, like myself.

Mac Swineyy could easily fast sixty days, and so can any other man or beast if he does not get scared and afraid he will die of starvation. It is the fear of death by starvation that kills shipwrecked seamen. If they only knew that a fast of a few weeks, provided they had some water to drink, would burn up the rotten stuff in them and purify their blood—in other words, if they had the right mental attitude to calm their fear of death—they would live without food. The mayor of Cork has now fasted so long that he has lost all fear of death by starvation, and I would not be surprised if he lives seventy days.

GEORGE M. EGGLESTON.
Ulster Park, October 16.

OUR DAILY PATTERN.

A Unique Model.

Pattern 3169 is illustrated here. It is cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, and 44 inches bust measure. Width of skirt at lower edge, is 1¾ yard. A medium size will require 6¾ yards of 40 inch material.

Silk poplin with pipings in a contrasting of matched shade or color, and lace or embroidery would be attractive for this. It is likewise appropriate for serge, shantung, linen, foulard, crepe, taffeta and satin.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in coin or 1c and 2c stamps by the Pattern Department, The Freeman, Rondout, N. Y. Be sure to state the size wanted.

Catalogue Notice.

Send 12c in coin or stamps for our up-to-date fall and winter 1920-1921 catalogue, containing 150 designs of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking, also some points for the needle (illustrating 20 of the various simple stitches), all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

Sort of the Trouble.

Herbert Allen complained about the peculiar disposition of his small cousin, with whom he could not get along well. After a recent disagreement he came into the house out of patience and exclaimed: "Well, mother, James and I might just as well quit trying to be friends if he is my cousin. We just can't agree. He's too full of human nature."

Every nation has its favorite food

Which is America's?

FOR years America has been the world's greatest coffee drinking nation. No people in the world are keener in their judgement of coffee, no people more appreciative of good flavor.

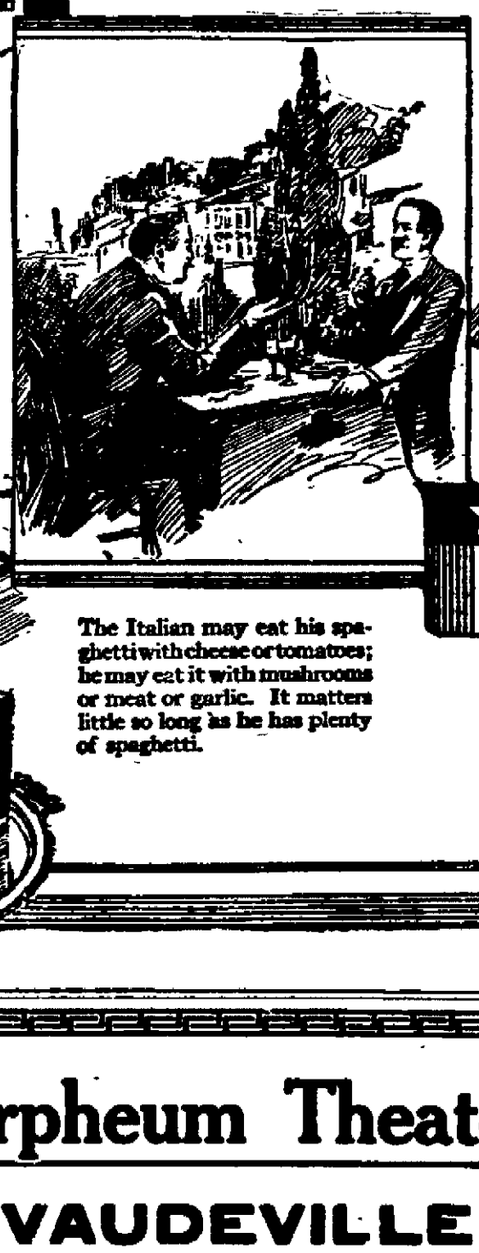
How natural that America's greatest coffee merchant should be spurred by the desire to find the most delicious of all the coffees of the world. For years the patient, fastidious research was carried on. Coffee after coffee was tried and rejected, blend after blend, until at last there was obtained the best—the unusual, satisfying Yuban.

So appealing in aroma, so rare in flavor is Yuban that, with the most critical people in America—it is today the last word in coffee.

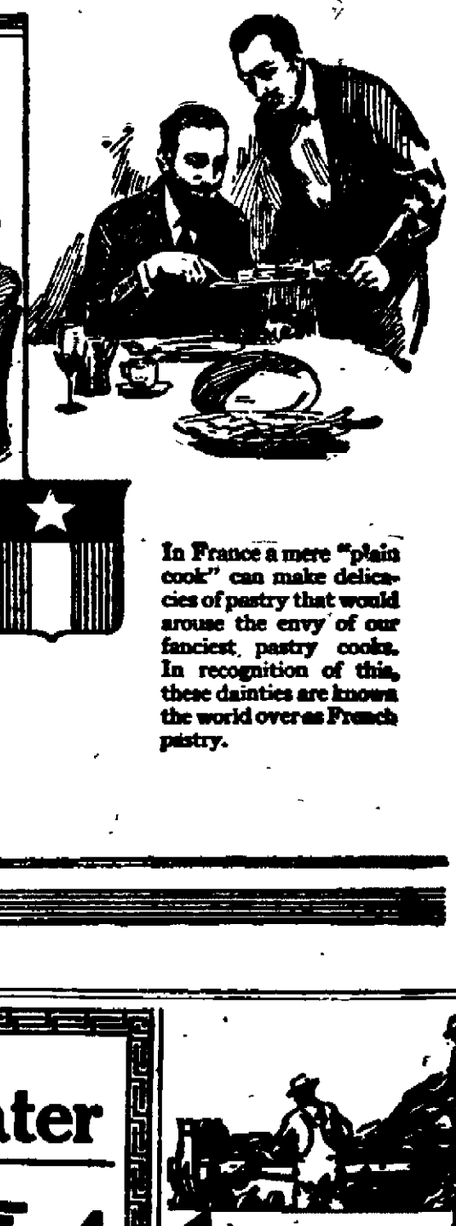
Every day in over twenty million American homes coffee is served. No matter how good the rest of the breakfast, its enjoyment depends on the steaming cup of coffee; and the success of dinner is made or marred by the demi-tasse.

To the Englishman, no day is so full, no business so urgent, that he would miss his cup of tea in the middle of the afternoon.

A little dish with a mound of rice and clear tea in a covered cup without a handle—to a Japanese these are the great necessities of life.



The Italian may eat his spaghetti with cheese or tomatoes; he may eat it with mushrooms or meat or garlic. It matters little so long as he has plenty of spaghetti.



In France a mere "plain cook" can make delicacies of pastry that would arouse the envy of our fanciest pastry cooks. In recognition of this, these dainties are known the world over as French pastry.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Causes no bad Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

DANCE
—AT—
MECHANICS HALL
Tuesday, Oct. 19th
Music by Balfe's Orchestra
ADMISSION . . . 35c

Orpheum Theater

4 VAUDEVILLE ACTS 4

COMEDY, SINGING, DANCING

—And—

KNOCKABOUT ACROBATIC

TONIGHT'S FEATURE

TOM MIX

—in—

"THE TERROR"

A Drama of Pure Devilry and Romance

ALSO HEARST'S LATEST NEWS

MATINEE, 2:30 . . . . . 25c
EVENINGS, 7-9 . . . . . 30c and 35c
(Including war tax.)

How will your Silo be filled?

That's a subject which will never cause you another minute's worry if you get the

BLIZZARD Cutter

CANFIELD SUPPLY CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Plumber's, Tinner's, Heating, Engineer's, Farm Machinery and Poultry Supplies. Spray Material.
16-18 Strand 25-27 Ferry St.

RONDOUT SAVINGS BANK
20 FERRY ST.
DEPOSITS $5,000,000

Live Business Men Advertise in THE FREEMAN.

N-MOIDS
GRANULES
For INDIGESTION
Relieves instantly on Sweetens the breath—but for quick relief do not delay to drink.
QUICK RELIEF!
ALSO IN TABLET FORM FOR THOSE WHO PREFER THEM.
MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF
SCOTT'S EMULSION

TAKES PAIN OUT OF RHEUMATISM

Keep Sloan's handy for backache strains and sprains, too

SLOAN'S Liniment has been sold for 39 years. Today, it is more popular than ever. There can be but one answer—Sloan's produces results.

Applied *without rubbing*, it *penetrates* to the afflicted part, bringing relief from rheumatic twinges, sciatica; sore, stiff strained muscles; backaches, sprains, and other external pains, often the result of exposure. It leaves no muss, skin stain or clogged pores.

Get a large bottle for greater economy. *Keep it handy* for use when needed. Your druggist has it. Three sizes—35c, 70c, $1.40.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

"DANDERINE"

Stops Hair Coming Out; Doubles Its Beauty.

A few cents buys "Danderine." After an application of "Danderine" you can not find a fallen hair or any dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and thickness.

LEMON JUICE FOR FRECKLES

Girls! Make beauty lotion for a few cents—Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Measure this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and rosy-white the skin becomes. Try! It is harmless and never irritates.

WASTE NOT—WANT NOT

Many back mottos are good things to turn over in your mind, occasionally. The one at the head of this advertisement is a good one to consider with reference to your coal bills this winter. The high price of coal, and the probable difficulty of even getting it when you will want it most, both make it wise to be sure that your house heating equipment will burn fuel to the most economical advantage.

CAMFIELD STOVE CO.,
STRAND AND FERRY ST.,
KINGSTON, N. Y.

SUGGESTIONS.

Saugerties, Oct. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Nye B. Reardon and children, who have been spending some time with her sister, Mrs. F. K. Clifford, on Division street, have returned to their home in Montreal, Canada.

Mrs. Reed of Lakeville, Conn., is visiting her son, E. C. Reed, on Main street.

Miss Florence Van Steenberg of Division street has returned from spending the past week in New York city.

John Brink of Livingston street was a Kingston visitor on Sunday.

The Misses Margaret and Alice Cox of Montgomery street spent Sunday with their brother, Henry Cox, in Kingston.

The Lamouree-Hackett Post, No. 72, American Legion, will hold a Hallowe'en dance in Columbus Hall on Monday evening, November 1. Maclary's orchestra of six pieces will furnish the music.

Miss Blanche Ziegler of New York city is visiting her parents on West Bridge street.

HURLEY.

Hurley, Oct. 18.—The Rev. Mr. French and Mr. Osterhoudt attended the meeting of Classis, Tuesday, October 11, at Rosendale. Mr. French had the honor of being elected president of the Classis for the ensuing term.

The annual Home Bureau Social Tea took place in our village church on Thursday, October 14. Those who did not take advantage of the occasion missed an enjoyable time, while those who were present had a most pleasant afternoon.

M. T. E. DeWitt and members of his family went along the Mohawk Trail the latter part of the week.

Miss Riseley of Woodstock has been a visitor with her sister, Mrs. Ostrander.

James Schmidt was down for the week end.

Nineteen of our village folk attended the Missionary convention at Gardiner on October 15.

Miss Woodruff of North Plainfield, N. J., has been a visitor at the parsonage. Mr. French, with Mrs. French and Miss Woodruff went to New Jersey on Monday. The French family remain for the rest of the week.

The Rev. Mr. French has organized a boys' club with the purpose of inculcating civic duties. The name of the club is "Good Citizens Club," which title describes well the aim of the members. There are nine such at present but is hoped to increase the membership soon. Meetings are held in the Town Hall on the first and third Fridays of the month. Wessells TenEyck is president, Robert Hiller, vice-president and Winfred Snyder, secretary and treasurer.

Registration shows 277 names on the books. Two voters requested absentee voting certificates.

Hurley is gradually coming into its own. Our pot-cheese mines are in good operation; turkey suppers have been revived the last few years and now it is an old time husking bee that carries one back to earlier days when such were much in vogue. The Thielpape Farm which lies along the upper stretches of the Premaker was the scene of the occasion; about fifty friends including those from Kingston, were present. Many enjoyed an old time straw ride on a hay wagon thither. It is needless to say the affair was a success; every report demonstrates that fact. To be sure there was a large lack of red-ears and the penalites involved on the finding of such ears but that was forgotten by most all. The husking was done out of doors in the field. The clear mountain air and the farm surroundings made a fine association for the work. A shower late in the afternoon made all scurry for protection of bundles of corn stalks, possibly seeking red ears as well as shelter. However the shower was soon over and with sharpened vigorous appetites all enjoyed to the full, the bountiful delicious supper. Mrs. Thielpape and her daughters, Jennie and Charlotte are certainly deserving of much praise for an excellent dinner and supper of all kinds of good things for the guests. Even after supper, the party was loath to break up and with singing and fun passed the time away until nine o'clock when the end of the festivity arrived. Over 200 bushels of corn were husked. The Thielpape family wish to thank all the friends for their cordial co-operation in making the day a success.

Miss Anna Osterhoudt spent the week end at Flatbush.

The Chappell family has closed its summer home for the season.

George R. VanSickle spent the week end at home.

MOMBACCUS CENTER.

Mombaccus Center, Oct. 18.—Elting Churchwell is assisting Henry Krom of Tabasco is picking apples.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry DeWitt and grandson of Leibhardt called on Mr. and Mrs. James Herring on Saturday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Scoonmaker of Waterbury, Conn., have visited their brother, J. W. Herring, the past week. Mombaccus is Mr. Scoonmaker's native place. He enjoyed visiting a number of places he used to frequent in boyhood days but found many changes. They expect to arrive at their home Friday, after an absence of three weeks.

Mrs. Jessie Schoonmaker of Pataukuk and Mrs. Mary Depuy of Kingston called on Mrs. John Herring on Wednesday. While there Mrs. Depuy enjoyed a walk to what was formerly known as the Theodore Sarm, her uncle's, where she had spent many a happy day.

Mrs. Joseph Blooming is visiting her father at Ellenville.

Water Rents Due.

Property owners have until Wednesday in which to pay water rents without the imposition of a penalty.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

WILSON-TAFT CORRESPONDENCE SHOWS EX-PRESIDENT SOUGHT AND OBTAINED LEAGUE CHANGES

Gov. Cox Makes White House Memorandum Public Because of "the Equivocal Position Taft and Others Occupy in Support of the Candidate of League Destructionists"—Amendments Quoted to Show Suggestions Were Followed Literally—Cable Sent President Declared Peace Was Impossible Without League.

(From a Staff Correspondent of The World.)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 10.—Positive evidence that President Wilson accepted suggestions regarding the phrasing of the League of Nations covenant was provided by Gov. Cox tonight.

In a statement embodying cablegrams exchanged between Mr. Taft and the President, then at Paris, the Democratic Presidential candidate shows to be untrue the statements of Senator Harding and his managers that Mr. Wilson ignored suggestions made by former President Taft and other prominent Republicans.

Gov. Cox said the correspondence was "initiated by Mr. Taft as a result of his study of the draft agreement" and he quoted Mr. Taft's "own words when sincerity of mind and intelligence were not beclouded by partisanship.

Wilson-Taft Correspondence Submitted to American Jury

The statement by Gov. Cox follows:

"The time has come in this campaign when it seems necessary to bring before the American jury the recorded evidence of the fact that the League of Nations is the composite thought of the leading statesment of the world to secure peace not only, but also that incorporated in it are all the suggestions that were honestly offered by leading United States citizens to accomplish the same end and for the further purpose of meeting querulous objections that might arise in partisanship.

"It seems but yesterday that all the leaders of America's thought and policy were for the League of Nations. The past eighteen months of plot and conspiracy, holding up the vitalization of the world and tearing att the heartstrings of humanity, for political purposes, are as a nightmare.

"When the great war began in 1914, 150 of the best of human intelligence in all the world were applied to the task of attempting something which would make wars in the future practically impossible. They recognized that civilization could not endure another war like the one through which we have just passed. They labored with a zeal, an enthusiasm and a devotion to high purpose quite without precedent. Finally, after months of conference and consultation, a plan was evolved and presented to the Peace Conference at Paris and there adopted without dissenting vote. Then it was presented to men of all countries and of all shades of political opinion.

"In carrying out the partisan conspiracy, attempt has been made to confuse the issue by assertions, frequently repeated, that the President was unwilling to confer with the Senate with reference to the League of Nations. Nothing is further from the truth. Public attention is directed to the fact that when the President returned from France in February, 1919, with the first draft of the covenant of the League of Nations, he invited all the members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations and all the members of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, to the White House to a dinner for a formal consultation. Republicans and Democrats alike were there, nd the President discussed the proposed covenant then.

"But before this meeting Henry Cabot Lodge, as the arch conspirator of the ages, had uttered his defiance and issued the mandate that peace should not be if it came as the result of effort in which the President had a directing hand.' A partisan victory born inthe hatred and discontent was his goal, let the cost to civilization be what it might.

"In sequence, a few days after the conference, Senator Lodge produced his infamous round robin signed by thirty-seven Republican Senators, who declared that the League was not acceptable in the form presented, but who, under partisan leadership, made no suggestions of any kind for its improvement as a means of preserving the peace of the world.

"In this connection let it be emphasized that not one single suggested amendment, received from any responsible source, went unheeded. Instead, the majority of suggestions were requested by the President to be put into writing and were incorporated in the revised draft, virtually verbatim.

"Former President William Howrd Taft made four amendments and they were adopted. Charles E. Hughes, former Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, offered seven amendments and five of them were adopted. Elihu Root, twice a member of the cabinet in succeeding Republican Administratrions, presented six amendments and five of them were adopted.

"Then, after the President returned in July, 1919, with the treaty and the final draft of the covenant, he again conferred with all the members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. The conference was public, in the sense that official stenographers were present and the questions and answers were given to the newspapers as rapidly as transcripts could be made. At this meeting there developed the visible evidence that the Senatorial ring of the reactionary forces had perfected their partisan conspiracy, that they had no desire to understand the covenant and that they purposed to becloud and confuse the public mind. Their attitude was one of evident and implacable hostility.

"Previous to this development the President had appeared in person before the Senate and had discussed the treaty in submitting it—something no other President had done in more than one hundred years.

Puts Taft on Record.

"Ex-President Taft was one of the men whose views were asked and whose criticism was invited. His advice was notably found most helpful in the formation of the covenant, and it was literally followed. In view of the equivocal position Ex-President Taft and other friends of the League now occupy in their support of the candidate of the League destructionists, I am herewith submitting the cable correspondence, initiated by him as the result of his study of the draft agreement, as a proper and necessary contribution to the present discussion; quoting his own words when sincerity of mind and intelligence was not beclouded by the partisan prejudice of a political campaign. In his final message to the President, this is what he said:

"I would like to send a return message and that is that the President argued as to the League and its necessity; the impossibility to secure peace without it; the dreadful unrest in Europe; the pressure of our allies to rectify and secure peace at once; the need of the League with the United States to stabilize and to resist Bolshevism; the necessity for renewal of negotiations if an important amendment like striking out Article X it made; the absurdity of a Congressional declaration of peace on one side; the giving up of all the objects of war in such a peace if Germany were to make a similar declaration.

"Every suggestion of Mr. Taft was followed literally.

President Gladly Welcomed Taft's Offer of Suggestions

Here is the cable correspondence:

The White House,
March 16, 1919.

President Wilson, Paris: Former President Taft asks if he may cable to you direct, for your consideration only, some suggestions about which he had been thinking a great deal and which he would like to have you consider. He said that these suggestions do not look to the change of the structure of the League, the plan of its action or its real character, but simply to removing objections in minds of conscientious Americans, who are anxious for a League of Nations, whose fears have been roused by suggested constructions of the League which its language does not justify and whose fears could be removed without any considerable change of language.

TUMULTY.

The following cipher message was received by Mr. Tumulty at the White House from Paris March 19, 1919:

Tumulty, Washington: In reply to your No. 16, appreciate Mr. Taft's offer of suggestions and would welcome them. The sooner they are sent the better. You need give yourself no uneasiness about my yielding anything with regard to the embodiment of the proposed convention in the treaty.

WOODROW WILSON.

Copy of letter from Mr. Taft to Mr. Tumulty:

Augusta, Ga., March 19, 1919.

My dear Mr. Tumulty, Gus Karger has telegraphed me that the President will welcome my suggestions and the sooner the better. I have thought perhaps it might help more if I was somewhat more specific than I was in the memorandum note I sent you yesterday, and I therefore enclose another memorandum for such action as you deem wise. Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

(Cable). Paris, March 22, 1919.

Tumulty, White House, Washington:

Please thank Mr. Taft for his message and say that I hope it will be useful WOODROW WILSON.

Taft's Message to Wilson.

Then follow the messages.

Mr. Taft sends the following:

Washington, March 18, 1919.

President Wilson, Paris:

Mr. President, if you bring back the Treaty with the League of Nations in it, make more specific reservation of the Monroe Doctrine, fix a term of duration of the League and the limit of armament, require expressly unanimity of action in Executive Council and body of delegates and add to Article XV a provision that where the Executive Council of the body of delegates finds the difference to grow out of an exclusive domestic policy it shall recommend no settlement, the ground will be completely cut from under the opponents of the League in the Senate. Addition to Article XV will answer objection as to Japanese immigration as well as tariffs under Article XXI. Reservation of the Monroe Doctrine might be as follows:

"Any American state or states may protect the integrity of American territory and the independence of the Government whose territory it is, whether member of the League or not, and may, in the interests of American peace, object to and prevent the further transfer of American territory or sovereignty to any European or non-American power.

"Monroe Doctrine reservations alone would probably carry the treaty, but other would make it certain."

TUMULTY.

Details Proposed Changes.

Washington, March 21, 1919.

President Wilson, Paris: The following letter from W. H. Taft: "I have thought perhaps it might help more if I was somewhat more specific than I was in the memorandum note I sent you yesterday, and I therefore enclose another memorandum."

Memorandum for the President from Mr. Taft:

"Duration of the Covenant—Add to the preamble the following: From the obligations of which any member of the League may withdraw after July 1, 1929, by two years' notice in writing, duly filed with the Secretary General of the League.

"EXPLANATION—I have no doubt that the construction put upon the agreement would be what I understand the President has already said it should be, namely, that any nation may withdraw from it upon the reasonable notice, which perhaps would be a year. I think, however, it might strengthen the covenant if there was a fixed duration. It would completely remove the objection that it is perpetual in its operation.

"Duration of Armament Limit—Add to the first paragraph, Article VIII, the following: 'At the end of every five years such limits of armament for the several Governments shall be re-examined by the Executive Council and agreed upon by them as in the first instance.'

"EXPLANATION—The duration of the obligation to limit armament, which now may only be changed by consent of the Executive Council, has come in for criticism. I should think that might be thus avoided without in any way injuring the covenant. Perhaps three years is enough, but I should think five years would be better.

"Unanimous Action by the Executive Council or Body of Delegates—Insert in Article IV, after the first paragraph, the following: 'Other actions taken or recommendations made by the Executive Council or the body of delegates shall be by the unanimous vote of the countries represented by the members or lelegates, unless otherwise specifically stated.'

"EXPLANATION—Great objection is made to the power of the Executive Council by a majority of the members and the body of delegates to do the things which they are authorized to do in the covenant. In view of the specific provision that the Executive Council and the body of delegates may act by a majority of its members as to their procedure, I feel confident that, except in cases where otherwise provided, both bodies can only act by unanimous vote of the countries represented. If that be the right construction, then there can be no objection to have it specifically stated, and it will remove emphatic objection already made on this ground. It is a complete safeguard against involving the United States primarily in small distant wars to which the United States has no immediate relation, for the reason that the plan of taking care of such a war, to be recommended or advised by the Executive Council, must be approved by a representative of the United States on the board.

Monroe Doctrine Suggested.

"Monroe Doctrine—Add to Article X:

"'(a) A state or states of America, a member or members of the League, and competent to fulfill this obligation in respect to American territory or independence, may, in event of the aggregression actual or threatened expressly assume the obligation and relieve the European or non-American members of the League from it until they shall be advised by such American state or states of the need of their aid.

"'(a) Any such American state of states may protect the integrity of any American territory and the sovereignty of the Government whose territory it is, whether a member of the League or not, and may in the interest of American peace object to and prevent the further transfer of American territory or sovereignty to any European or non-American power.

"EXPLANATION—(a) Objection has been made that under Article X, European Governments would come to America with force and be concerned in matters from which heretofore the United States has excluded them. This is not true, because Spain fought Chili, in Seward's time, without objection from the United States, and so Germany and England instituted a blockade against Venezuela in Roosevelt's time. This fear could be removed, however, by the first of the above paragraphs.

It is the Monroe Doctrine pure and simple. I forwarded this in my first memorandum. It will be observed that Article X only covers the integrity and independence of members of the League. There may be some American countries which are not sufficiently responsible to make it wise to invite them into the League. This second paragraph covers them. The expression 'European or non-non-American' is inserted for the purpose of indicating that Great Britain, though it has American dominion, is not to acquire further territory or sovereignty.

"Japanese Immigration and Tariffs—Add to Article XV: 'If the difference between the parties shall be found by the Executive Council or the body of delegates to be a question which by international law is solely within the domestic jurisdiction and policy of one of the parties, it shall so report and not recommend a settlement of the dispute.'

"EXPLANATION—Objection is made to Article XV that under its terms the United States would be bound by unanimous recommendation for settlement of a dispute in respect to any issue, foreign or domestic; that is, therefore, might be affected seriously and unjustly by recommendations against the exclusion of Japanese or Chinese, or by recommendations forbidding tariffs on importations. In my judgment, we could rely on the public opinion of the world, evidenced by the body of delegates, not to interfere with our domestic legislation and action. Nor do I think that under the League as it is we covenant to abide by a unanimous recommendation; but if there is a specific exception made in respect to matters completely within the domestic jurisdiction and legislation of a country, the whole criticism is removed. The Republican Senators are trying to stir up anxiety among Republicans, lest this is to be a limitation upon our tariff. The President has already specifically met the objection as to limitation upon the tariff when the fourteen points were under discussion. Nevertheless, in respect to the present language of the covenant, it would help much to meet and remove objections and cut the ground under Senatorial obstructions.

"Prospect of Ratification—My impression is that if the one article already sent on the Monroe Doctrine be inserted in the treaty sufficient Republicans who signed the round robin would probably retreat from their position and vote for ratification so that it would carry. If the other suggestions were adopted, I feel confident that all but a few who oppose any League at all would be driven to accept them and to stand for the League.' TUMULTY.

Amendments to the Covenant Based on Taft's Suggestions

Washington, March 28, 1919.

President Wilson, Paris:

Following just received from Mr. Taft, Augusta, Ga.: "Venture to suggest to President that failure to reserve Monroe Doctrine more specifically in face of opposition in conference will give great weight to objection that League as first reported endangers Doctrine. It will seriously embarass advocates of League. It will certainly lead to Senate amendments embodying Doctrine and other provisions in form less likely to secure subsequent acquiescence of other nations than proper reservation now. Deem some kind of Monroe Doctrine amendments now to Article X vital to acceptance of League in this country. I say this with full realization that complications in conference are many and not clearly understood here. A strong and successful stand now will carry the League."

"TUMULTY."

Washington, April 13, 1919.

President Wilson, Paris:

Following is sent at request of Mr. Taft: "Friends of the covenant are seriously alarmed over report that no amendment will be made more specifically safeguarding Monroe Doctrine. A full meeting of Executive Committee of League to Enforce Peace, with thirty members from eighteen states present, unanimous opinion that without such amendment Republican Senators will certainly defeat ratification of treaty because public opinion will sustain them. With such amendment treaty will be promptly ratified.

"WILLIAM H. TAFT.

"A. LAWRENCE LOWELL."

Withdrawal From League.

The following amendments to the draft agreement, made at the insistenceof the President and now part and parcel of the covenant, will show the extent to which the suggestions of Mr. Taft were heeded:

A new article—Article XXI—was written and incorporated in order to meet the asserted need for an absolute exemption of the Monroe Doctrine from the operation of the League. It reads as follows:

Nothing in this covenant shall be deemed to affect the valididy of international engagements, such as treaties of arbitration or regional understandings like the Monroe Doctrine, for securing the maintenance of peace.

With respect to withdrawal from the League, Mr. Taft suggested a two years' ntoice, but conditioned that the privilege should not become operative until 1929. The President could not support the latter proposition, but the former was written into the covenant, as the concluding clause of Article I:

Any member of the League may, after two years' notice of its inention so to do, withdraw from the League, provided that all its international obligations and all its obligations under this covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

Limitation of Armament.

As to fixing a duration for the limitation of armament, this paragraph was incorporated in Article VIII:

The members of the League recognize that the maintenance of peace requires the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety and the enforcement by common action of international obligations.

The Council, taking account of the geographical situation and circumstances of each state, shall formulate plans for such reduction for the consideration and action of the several Governments. Such plans shall be subject to reconsideration and revision at least every ten years. After these plans shall have been adopted by the several Governments the limits of armaments therein fixed shall not be exceeded without the concurrence of this Council.

The members of the League agree that the manufacture by private enterprise of munitions and implements of war is open to grave objections. The Council shall advise how the evil effects attendant upon such manufacture can be prevented, due regard being had to the necessities of those members of the League which are not able to manufacture the munitions and implements of war necessary for their safety.

The members of the League undertake to interchange full and frank information as to the scale of their armaments, their military, naval and air programs and the condition of such of their industries as are adapable to war-like purposes.

Unanimity of Action.

With respect to unanimity of action in Council and Assembly, Article V, provides:

Except where otherwise expressly provided in this covenant or by the terms of the present treaty, **decisions at any meeting of the Assembly or of the Council shall require the agreement of all the members of the League represented at the meeting.**

All matters of procedure at meetings ofthe Assembly or of the Council, including the appointment of committees to investigate particular matters, shall be regulated by the Assembly or by the Council and may be decided by a majority of the members of the League represented at the meeting.

The first meeting of the Assembly and the first meeting of the Council shall be summoned by the President of the United States of America.

The reservation with respect to domestic questions is made to Article XV, as suggested by Mr. Taft, and almost in his own words:

If the dispute between the parties is claimed by one of them, and is found by the Council to arise out of a matter which by international law is solely within the domestic jurisdiction of that party, the Council shall so report, and shall make no recommendation as to its settlement.

Ex-President's Final Plea.

On June 28, Mr. Taft finished his task of suggestion with the despatch of the following message:

WASHINGTON, June 28, 1919.

President Wilson, Paris:

Mr. Taft sends following:

"I would like to send a return message and that is that the President argue to the League and its necessity, the impossibility to secure peace without it, the dreadful unrest in Europe, the pressure of our Allies to ratify and secure peace at once, the need of the League with the United States to stabilize and to resist Bolshevism, the necessity for renewal of negotiation if an important amendment like striking out Article X is made, the absurdity of a Congressional declaration of peace on one side, the giving up of all objects of the war in such a peace if Germany were to make a similar declaration. I hope sincerely he will not attack the Republican Senators. His appeal will be much more influential if he pleads his cause and does not attack the opposition." TUMULTY.

As in every other instance, the President followed these suggestions.

Beautiful Oregon Waterfalls.

Waterfalls that rival in beauty the most splendid cataracts of the Pacific northwest have just been discovered on the western slope of the Cascades in Oregon. Although within 40 miles of Portland, a city of 260,000 people, no white man, so far as the records show, had ever seen them until recently.

The falls lie almost in the center of Bull Run forest reserve, set aside by the government to protect Bull Run river the source of Portland's water supply. The reserve is closed to all visitors except employees of the government, and of the city of Portland, who may go there on business, a precaution taken to protect the timber of the watershed against fires that might be started by careless campers.

The reserve, which includes 292 square miles of mountains and forest, was set aside by congress in 1892, and has been closely guarded ever since.

Seems Like Decree of Fate.

After being in a number of the worst battles fought during the World war, where he successfully dodged bullets and all other death-dealing missiles to the extent of saving his life, although hit 22 times in a way to cause grievous wounds, Richard J. Foran, thirty-two years old, was instantly killed by lightning a few days ago while standing under a tree a short distance from his home near Paterson, N. J. The bolt marked his forehead with a scar, as well as his right thigh and right leg from the knee to the ankle; tore off the rim of his hat, both shoes and his trousers from the hip.

Foran served in the war with the Three Hundred and Ninth Machine Gun battalion and seemed to have led a charmed life. But when old Jupiter Tulpinator hurled a bolt at him there was no escape. Fortune had decreed and his career was ended.

PRINCE OF WALES NEEDS MONEY

And Commons Will Be Told That He Earned Some By His Recent Tour—Income Small Compared To His Predecessors—Marriage Question Unsolved.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—The Prince of Wales, who has just returned from his long tour to Australia, is in financial difficulties—a desperate situation if he is to follow the advice of the Times and start forth seeking a wife who will some day occupy the British throne with her royal husband.

While it isn't quite true that the prince will have to hock his watch of his favorite set of golf clubs to meet expenses this winter when prices are going to be exceptionally high because of the coal strike, nevertheless it is true that the heir to the British throne is "hard up."

It is claimed that, comparatively speaking, the Prince of Wales is a poor man and his friends believe that something ought to be done about it. Something probably will be done about it for the matter is to be taken up in the House of Commons despite the pressure on parliamentary business from the strike and the Irish situation.

Got $150,000 In 1919.

As the Duke of Cornwall, the prince last year drew an income of 42,000 pounds, or about $150,000. That was a shrinkage of $28,000 from the previous year, and a further shrinkage is inevitable this year. But inasmuch as the prince is just as much subject to taxes as anybody else, an income tax alone runs around six shillings on the pound, the great empire of which he will one day be the supreme ruler, only hands him back a portion of the 42,000 "quid."

As he is today Britain's foremost "Within the empire ambassador," the personal link by which the dominions are being knit closer to the mother country, it is argued that he should have some direct financial grant for his services, in addition to the income which he draws as the owner of the hereditary eldest son and estates of Cornwall. His recent tours, presumably, were covered fully by parliamentary grant, but it is said that in practice the grant did not blanket the expense of the trips, and that the prince dipped into his private coffers heavily to make up the deficit.

His Father Fared Better.

The present king when Prince of Wales and Duke of Cornwall, drew an annuity of 20,000 pounds, then $100,000, from the nation. There also an annuity of $50,000 for the Princess of Wales. Considering the shrinkage of money values, King George, before he ascended the throne, was four or five times as well "upholstered" with the wherewithal to keep up his official position as the present prince.

As the Prince of Wales is now considering selling certain unentailed property which he holds, in order to raise funds, it is proposed to put before parliament a proposal for an annuity similar to that received years ago by his father.

Of course, it had been inevitable that a suggestion should be made in court circles that the prince will have to "marry money." But this has been promptly silenced. The marriage question remains unsolved.

BUSINESS ON SUNDAY.

Cuvillier Would Amend Law To Favor Jews.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Oct. 19.—Assemblyman Louis Cuvillier declared here today that he will bring the case of Louis Frankel, a neckwear manufacturer, up in the legislature as the basis for amending the penal law which does not permit Jews who observe the Sabbath as the day of rest to keep their places of business open on Sundays. At the same time, announcement was made by the Jewish Sabbath Alliance that it had taken the case to General Sessions court for a test case ruling. The campaign, if successful here, will be extended to cover the entire country.

CHILD WELFARE LAWS

Being Searched for Faults by State Commission.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Oct. 19.—The state commission for examination of present child welfare laws and preparation of new measures held its first executive session here yesterday. Permanent officers were elected as follows: Chairman, Senator Charles W. Walton of Kingston; vice chairman, Senator Salvatore A. Cotillo of New York; and secretary, Irving L. Goldsmith of Saratoga Springs. Fourteen members of the commission, representing the education, labor, health, charity and probation departments of the state, attended.

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When the first signs of pimples, redness, or roughness appear; smear gently with Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water to cleanse and purify. Finally dust on the refreshing Cuticura Talcum, a delicately medicated, exquisitely scented powder. If used for every-day toilet purposes, Cuticura does much to prevent skin trouble.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 27, Malden, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

PORT EWEN.

Port Ewen, Oct. 19.—Choir rehearsal this evening at 8 o'clock in the Methodist Church, Prof. T. H. Richards, director.

Miss Angie Hutchings of New York city is visiting her sister, Mrs. Elmer E. Hutchings, on Broadway.

The Rev. George Meade, pastor of the South Rondout M. E. Church, called on friends in Port Ewen Monday.

John L. Schultz of Esopus called on friends in Port Ewen Monday.

Joseph Trinkle of Tilden street, who has been ill, is improving.

Port Ewen Lodge, No. 656, I. O. O. F., will meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock in its rooms in Pythian Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. George Vincent and family, who have spent some time in Stockholm, N. J., have returned to their home on Salem street. Their many friends in Port Ewen are glad to welcome them back.

Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Everats of New York city are spending a few days at their home on Broadway.

Miss Etta Elsworth entertained the following at dinner Sunday evening at her home on Broadway: Mrs. Sarah H. Cole of Ulster Park, Miss Mary C. Elsworth and Mr. and Mrs. Elvin Hutchings.

Chester Thorpe of Broadway spent the week end with his sister in Poughkeepsie.

A surprise party was held at the home of Mrs. Charles Neice on Main street Saturday evening. It was the celebration of Mr. and Mrs. Neice's twenty-fifth wedding anniversary.

Mrs. Knight and Mrs. Shultis of Saugerties were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Bishop on Broadway on Sunday.

Robert Fowler of New York city spent a few days at his home on Bayard street the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Atkins and daughters, Helen and Dorothy, of Hasbrouck street spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Schoonmaker in Kingston.

The state troopers were in Port Ewen Saturday on business.

Arthur Fowler of Albany spent the week end at his home on Broadway.

Robert Doyle of Poughkeepsie was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. LeGrand Doyle, on Riverside avenue Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Sleight of Walden spent Sunday with Mr. Sleight's mother, Mrs. Maggie Sleight, on Schryver street.

The many friends of Arthur Snelightner and Charles Zimmerman, who were both recently operated on for appendicitis, will be pleased to know they are making rapid recoveries.

Clarence Proper of South Broadway has been assisting Martin Schleede in the taxi business. Robert Proper is driving his Buick car, on account of his increasing business.

Michael Flick of Kingston has completed wiring the house of Vinal Lefever on Broadway for electricity.

Jack Ostrander of Kingston spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Royce on Riverside avenue.

MRS. LILLIAS RECOVERS

Possession of Saugerties House From Tenant.

The case of Mrs. Lillias as landlord against Byron Thornton of Saugerties was tried in county court Monday before County Judge Fowler and a jury. This was a proceeding to recover possession of a house and lot on Elm street in Saugerties. The owner claimed the lease had expired and that Mr. Thornton was holding over after expiration of his term. This was denied by Mr. Thornton. The case went to the jury shortly after 12 o'clock who after receiving the charge of the court used the supervisor's rooms in the court house for their deliberations. The verdict of the jury was in favor of Mrs. Lillias, awarding possession of the property to her. W. N. Famsworth appeared for Mrs. Lillias with Milton O. Auchmoody, of counsel. Mr. Thornton was represented by Grant Brimster.

Urges Children To Save.

Pointing out the importance of acquiring an individual "Success Fund" for a proper start in life for every boy and girl attending school in this state, the Honorable John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education for the State of New York in a message received by the superintendent and principals of the school system of this city Monday, urges the teaching personnel to make this a record year in saving.

Chicken Pie Dinner.

On Wednesday evening of this week, "The Winners" Bible class of the Clinton Avenue M. E. Church will serve a chicken pie dinner in the lecture room of the church beginning at 5 o'clock. The public is invited.

WITTENBERG.

Wittenberg, Oct. 18.—Mr. and Mrs. Martin Umbay have moved in Horace Myer's house.

Dorothy and Leon Short are visiting their sister in New York city, and, by accounts received, are having a fine time.

Mrs. Anna Elting is visiting relatives in Yonkers.

Will Hulse of Utica spent the week end with his aunt, Mrs. Lavina Hulse, at Sunset View House.

Miss Ruth Short has returned from her visit in Woodhaven, L. I.

Mrs. Eri Pond and daughters of Windham visited Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Stone and Mrs. Ed. Irish one day last week.

W. D. Marshall and the Misses Annie and Agnes Marshall of Brooklyn have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Short.

Mr. and Mrs. Emery Happy spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Ed Van Etten.

Miss Zula E. Short is spending some time in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Markle of Kingston are visiting Mrs. Roland Shultis.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Shultis entertained her sisters Wednesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Harrington of Lake Hill were pleasant callers at Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Van De Bogart's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Shultis motored to Marbrook last Monday.

Edward Irish is harvesting a large crop of onions.

The school tax notice has been posted and Floyd Stone, Jr., is now ready to receive taxes.

Mr. and Mrs. Orlando Short and Mr. and Mrs. Lavina Hulse spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Van Etten.

ALLIGERVILLE.

Alligerville, Oct. 18. Mr. Dangremond gave his hearers a very interesting and inspiring sermon Sunday.

Mrs. Martin J. Bogart and daughter of Otisville have been spending the past week here with Mrs. Bogart's son, Virgil Bogart and wife Saturday. They all motored to Shokan where they attended the Old School Baptist's two days' meeting at the church. Of the Methodist, Reformed, New School Baptist and Catholic Churches in Shokan that was the only one left when the Ashokan dam was constructed.

Miss Jennie Young is home from Mohonk, having spent the summer season there. She will accompany Miss Jennie Hoar to Lakehurst, November 2.

Elwin T. Hoar who has been spending a vacation of a month here at his home, returns to Washington.

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Our Great, Big GRAND OPENING SALE Is Still Going On!

To those who visited our store and secured bargains we assure service and their continued patronage is solicited. To those who by force of unexpected rush were not given the desired attention, we apologize. We also express regrets to those disappointed in not securing some of the good specials advertised due to unfortunate break-down of two great motor trucks on the way from New York city. The merchandise they carried is located and is now coming into our store as fast as our two touring cars can handle it.

THE SALE IS NOW ON—NEW GOODS COMING IN DAILY—DAILY BARGAINS ARE BEING OFFERED—WHEN SHOPPING STOP AT PRICE BROS.

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NATIONAL UMBRELLA WEEK
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Baking made easy and bread made better.
KING, [illegible]
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Sold by G. A. Quigley Sons.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter R. Gill, Surrogate of Ulster County, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Sarah E. Every, late of the Town of Olive, County of Ulster, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned Wm. D. Brinster, Jr., the Executor of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Brinster, Cantield & Brinster, attorneys for Executor, 49 John street, in the said City of Kingston, on or before the 25th day of January, 1920.

Dated June 20, 1919.

WILLIAM D. BRINSTER, JR., Executor.

Brinster, Cantield and Brinster, Attorneys for Executors, 49 John street, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter R. Gill, Surrogate of Ulster County, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Eugene Thompson, late of the Town of Shandaken, County of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Grace Thompson, the Administratrix of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Brinster, Cantield & Brinster, Attorneys for Administratrix, 49 John Street, in the City of Kingston, N. Y., on or before the 25th day of November, 1919.

Dated May 10th, 1919.

GRACE THOMPSON, Administratrix.

Brinster, Cantield & Brinster, Attorneys for Administratrix, 49 John Street, Kingston, N. Y.

WIDOW OF ROOSEVELT URGES ELECTION OF WARREN G. HARDING

Statement Declares Country's Vital Need Is Victory for Republican Candidates.

FIRST BACK OWN COUNTRY.

Says Opportunity Has Come to Women to "Make Her Influence Mighty in Behalf of Nation."

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—Mrs. Edith Kermit Roosevelt, widow of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, is evincing keen interest in the Republican campaign. She recently gave to the press the following statement urging the election of Harding and Coolidge:

"The country's vital need is the election of the Republican candidates,

MRS. EDITH KERMIT ROOSEVELT.

Warren G. Harding and Calvin Coolidge. Only will the full measure of Americanism in the next Administration be attained, if the people shall declare for the party which holds true nationalism as its high ideal. It is not necessary to forget our duty to our neighbor in doing our duty at home.

"The time appeals most strongly to the manhood and the womanhood of America. To woman more than ever before because to her has come the perfected opportunity to make her influence weighty in behalf of the nation.

"This year as never before, with world conditions as they are, steadiness and staunchness of American purpose are obligatory if we would first bring back our country to its stable place and then by strong endeavor do all that can be done for peace and the general welfare in all lands."

REPUBLICANS INSURE ECONOMICAL CONDUCT

Washington.—Not one man in ten thousand realizes the enormous expenses run up by the present Government. The disbursements are roughly $15,000,000 a day, more than a year after the war. In 1914 the people expostulated because the daily disbursements by the Treasury had reached $2,000,000. How gladly would the people groaning under the impositions of profiteers and the burden of taxes welcome a return to those halcyon days! Congress and the new Administration will have to deal with the reduction of Government expenditures.

The same party that has swelled them returned to power will never reduce them, because it claims the government is being economically administered. The Republican party will delight in reducing these enlarged expenses for clerk hire, and the inestimable bureaus that have been built up into money spending machines. By holding in their hands all lines of expenditures the new Congress and new Executive working together will cut down excessive items and eliminate others to an aggregate of hundreds of millions of dollars.

In a Class by Himself.

Miss Penny—"My fiance is so different from other men." Miss Purt—"Of course he is, since he has proposed to you."—Boston Transcript.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority. CHAP. 697.

(Continued.)

§ 85. Return of warrant. The constable executing the warrant of attachment, at the time when and place where it is returnable, must make a return thereof, under his hand, setting forth all his proceedings thereunder. He must deliver to the justice with the return, such bond or undertaking delivered to him, pursuant to any of the provisions hereinbefore contained, and a certified copy of the inventory and appraisement. Such return must state the manner in which the warrant and inventory were served, and if they were served by delivering a copy thereof to the defendant or claimant, as the case may be, in person, the time when and the place where such delivery was made. If they were served by leaving a copy thereof at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the defendant or claimant, as the case may be, the return must state the manner in which such dwelling house or usual place of abode was designated, and the time when such copy was left there. If they were served by delivering a copy thereof to a person other than the defendant or claimant, as the case may be, the return must state the manner in which such person was designated, and the time when such copy was delivered to him. If the property attached, or any part thereof, was sold, the return must state the fact, the time and the manner of such sale, and the amount of the proceeds thereof. If the property attached, or any part thereof, was delivered to the plaintiff, the return must state the fact, the time and the manner of such delivery, and the amount of the property so delivered. If any property attached was delivered to the defendant, or to any person in his behalf, the return must state the fact, the time and the manner of such delivery, and the amount of the property so delivered. If any property attached was delivered to any person other than the defendant, the return must state the name of such person, and the amount of the property so delivered to him. If any property attached was delivered to any person, the return must state the fact, the time and the manner of such delivery, and the amount of the property so delivered. If any property attached was delivered to any person, the return must state the name of such person, and the amount of the property so delivered to him. If any property attached was delivered to any person, the return must state the name of such person, and the amount of the property so delivered to him.

§ 86. Proceedings where summons not personally served. Where the defendant has not appeared, and the summons has not been personally served upon him, and property of the defendant has been duly attached by virtue of a warrant which has not been vacated, the justice must proceed to hear and determine the action; but, in an action subsequently brought, the judgment is only presumptive evidence of indebtedness and the defendant is not barred from any counterclaim against the plaintiff. The execution issued upon a judgment so rendered must require the constable to satisfy it out of the property so attached without containing a direction to satisfy it out of any other property.

ARTICLE 6
REPLEVIN

Section 89. When action for a chattel may be brought.
90. When it cannot be maintained.
91. After judgment against the plaintiff.
92. By an assignee.
93. Joinder of action with others.
94. Plaintiff may procure replevin; affidavit and undertaking.
95. Affidavit.
96. Where several chattels are to be replevied.
97. Plaintiff's undertaking for replevin.
98. When agent may make affidavit for replevin or return.
99. Requisition.
100. How chattel to be replevied.
101. Chattel; how taken from a building.
102. Service of papers on defendant.
103. Replevied chattel; how kept.
104. Return of constable.
105. Defendant may except to sureties; proceedings thereon.
106. Defendant may reclaim chattel; proceedings thereon.
107. Claim of title by third person.
108. Action against constable upon such claim.
109. Indemnity to constable against such action.
110. Justification of sureties.
111. Damages when chattel is injured by defendant.
112. When and to whom constable must deliver.
113. Penalty for wrong delivery by constable.
114. Defendant may demand judgment for return.
115. Verdict.
116. Substitute in certain cases for finding as to value.
117. Final judgment.
118. Execution in replevin.
119. Constable's power to take chattel.
120. Action on undertaking.
121. Constable's return as evidence.
122. Injury no defense.
123. Proceedings when summons not personally served.
124. When action not affected by failure to replevy.

§ 89. When action for a chattel may be brought. An action to recover a chattel, with or without damages for the wrongful taking, withholding or detention thereof, can be brought before a justice of the peace of the county in which the chattel is found, as provided in this act.

§ 90. When it cannot be maintained. An action to recover a chattel cannot be maintained in either of the following cases:

1. Where the chattel was taken by virtue of a warrant against the plaintiff for the collection of a tax, assessment or fine levied according to the best knowledge, information and belief of the person making the affidavit.

2. That it has not been taken by virtue of a warrant against the plaintiff for the collection of a tax, assessment or fine levied in pursuance of a statute of the state or of the United States; or, if it has been taken under color of such a warrant, either that the taking was unlawful by reason of defects in the proceedings or other causes specified, or that the detention is unlawful by reason of facts specified which have subsequently occurred.

3. That it has not been seized by virtue of an execution or warrant of attachment against the property of the plaintiff, or of any person from or through whom the plaintiff has derived title to the chattel, unless it was rendered against him upon the merits.

§ 92. By an assignee. An action to recover a chattel, the title to which has been transferred to the plaintiff since the wrongful taking, or during the wrongful detention thereof, with or without damages sustained by the taking, withholding, or detention, may be maintained in any case, where, except for the transfer, such an action might be maintained, by the person from or through whom the plaintiff derives title; but not otherwise.

§ 93. Joinder of action with others. Nothing in this article is to be construed to prevent the plaintiff from uniting in the same complaint two or more causes of action in any case specified in section one hundred and thirty of this act.

§ 94. Plaintiff may procure replevin; affidavit and undertaking. The plaintiff, at the time when the summons is issued, or not afterwards, may require the chattel to be replevied, as prescribed in this article. For that purpose he must deliver to the justice an affidavit and an undertaking, as prescribed in this article, the sureties in the undertaking to be approved by the justice.

§ 95. Affidavit. The affidavit, to be delivered to the justice as prescribed in the last section, must particularly describe the chattel to be replevied, and must contain the following allegations:

1. That the plaintiff is the owner of the chattel, or is entitled to the possession thereof, by virtue of a special property therein; the facts with respect to which must be set forth.

2. That it is wrongfully detained by the defendant.

3. The alleged cause of the detention thereof according to the best knowledge, information and belief of the person making the affidavit.

4. That it has not been taken by virtue of a warrant against the plaintiff for the collection of a tax, assessment or fine levied in pursuance of a statute of the state or of the United States; or, if it has been taken under color of such a warrant, either that the taking was unlawful by reason of defects in the proceedings or other causes specified, or that the detention is unlawful by reason of facts specified which have subsequently occurred.

5. That it has not been seized by virtue of an execution or warrant of attachment against the property of the plaintiff, or of any person from or through whom the plaintiff derives title to the chattel, unless it was rendered against him upon the merits.

§ 96. Where several chattels are to be replevied. An action to recover several chattels may be joined in the complaint, and the plaintiff may require all or any of them to be replevied, as prescribed in this article. But the affidavit must state the value of each chattel, or class of chattels, and the undertaking must be for a sum sufficient to cover the aggregate value so stated.

§ 97. Plaintiff's undertaking for replevin. The undertaking to be delivered to the justice with a requisition to replevy a chattel must be executed by at least two sureties. It must be to the effect that the sureties are bound in a specified sum, not less than twice the value of the chattel as stated in the affidavit, for the prosecution of the action; for the return of the chattel to the defendant, if possession thereof is adjudged to him, or if the action abates, or is discontinued, before the chattel is returned to the defendant; and for the payment to the defendant of any sum which the judgment awards to him against the plaintiff.

§ 98. When agent may make affidavit for replevin or return. The affidavit, to be delivered to the justice in behalf of the plaintiff with a requisition to replevy a chattel, may be made by the plaintiff's agent or attorney, if the material facts are within his personal knowledge; or if the plaintiff is not within the county where the attorney resides or has his office, or is not capable of making the affidavit. The affidavit, to be delivered to the justice either in behalf of the defendant, with a notice that he requires the return of the chattel, or in behalf of a person not a party who makes a claim thereto may be made by an agent or attorney, if the material facts are within his personal knowledge, or if the defendant or claimant, as the case may be, is not within the county where the property was replevied and capable of making the affidavit. Where the affidavit is made by an attorney or agent he must state therein what allegations, if any, are made upon his information and belief; and he must set forth therein the grounds of his belief as to all matters not stated upon his knowledge, and the reason why the affidavit is not made by the party or the claimant.

§ 99. Requisition. Upon receiving the affidavit and undertaking the justice must indorse upon or attach to the affidavit a written requisition, subscribed by him, requiring the constable to whom the summons is delivered to replevy the property described in the affidavit on or before a day specified in the requisition which must be at least six days before the return day of the summons. The affidavit and requisition must be delivered to the constable with the summons.

§ 100. How chattel to be replevied. If any chattel described in the affidavit is found in the possession of the defendant, or of his agent, the constable to whom an affidavit, requisition and summons are delivered, as prescribed in the foregoing sections of this article, must forthwith replevy it by taking it into his possession.

§ 101. Chattel; how taken from a building. If any chattel described in the affidavit is secured or concealed in a building or inclosure, the constable must publicly demand its delivery. If it is not delivered pursuant to the demand, he must cause the building or inclosure to be broken open and must take the chattel into his possession.

§ 102. Service of papers on defendant. The constable must immediately after he replevies the property, and at least six days before the return day of the summons, serve the summons, affidavit, requisition and undertaking on the defendant by delivering to him personally a copy of each, if he can with reasonable diligence be found within the county; or if he cannot be so found, by leaving a copy of each, certified by the constable, at the last place of residence of the defendant in the county with a person of suitable age and discretion; or if such person cannot be found there, by posting it on the outer door and also depositing another copy in the nearest post-office inclosed in a sealed post-paid wrapper directed to the defendant at his residence; or if the defendant has no place of residence in the county, by delivering it to the person in whose possession the property replevied is found.

§ 103. Replevied chattel; how kept. A constable who has replevied a chattel must retain it in his possession, keeping it in a secure place, until the person who is entitled to the possession thereof is ascertained, as prescribed in this article. He then must deliver it to that person, upon request and payment of his lawful fees, and necessary expenses for taking and keeping it, as taxed by a judge of the court, or the county judge of the county where the chattel was replevied, upon such a notice as the judge deems proper.

§ 104. Return of constable. The constable, on or before the return day of the summons, must make a return to the requisition under his hand stating all his proceedings thereupon, and file it with the affidavit and requisition with the justice. The return must state the manner in which the summons, affidavit and requisition were served; and, if they were served otherwise than by delivering the requisite copies to the defendant personally, the reason therefor, and the name of the person to whom the copies were delivered, unless his name is unknown to the constable, in which case, the return must describe him so as to identify him, as nearly as may be.

§ 105. Defendant may except to sureties; proceedings thereon. At any time after the chattel has been replevied and at least two days before the return day of the summons, the defendant, unless he requires a return of the chattel, may serve upon the plaintiff, or upon the constable, a written notice that he excepts to the plaintiff's sureties; otherwise he is deemed to have waived all objections to them. If such a notice is served, the sureties must justify upon the return of the summons; or the plaintiff must then give a new undertaking to the same effect as the original undertaking, with other sureties, who must then appear and justify before the justice.

§ 106. Defendant may reclaim chattel; proceedings thereon. At any time before the return day of the summons the defendant, if he does not except to the plaintiff's sureties, may serve on the justice a notice that he requires the return of the chattel replevied. With the notice he must deliver to the justice the following papers:

1. An affidavit containing an allegation either that the defendant is the owner of the chattel, or that he is lawfully entitled to the possession thereof by virtue of a special property therein, the facts with respect to which must be set forth.

2. An undertaking executed by at least two sureties to the effect that they are bound in a specified sum, not less than twice the value of the chattel as stated in the affidavit of the plaintiff, for the delivery thereof to the plaintiff, if delivery thereof is adjudged, and for the payment to him of any sum which the judgment awards against the defendant. The sureties in the undertaking must justify before the justice on return of the summons. If the plaintiff has stated separately in his affidavit the value of one or more chattels or classes of chattels, as prescribed in section ninety-six of this act, the defendant may require a delivery of part of the property replevied, as prescribed in that section.

§ 107. Claim of title by third person. At any time before a chattel which has been replevied is actually delivered to either party, if a person, not a party to the action, claims, as against the defendant, a right to the possession thereof existing at the time when it was replevied, an affidavit may be made and delivered to the constable in his behalf, stating that he makes such a claim, specifying the chattel or chattels to which it relates, if two or more chattels have been replevied, and the claim relates only to part of them; and setting forth the facts upon which his right of possession depends. In that case the constable may in his discretion, before he delivers the chattel to the plaintiff serve upon the plaintiff personally or upon plaintiff's attorney a copy of the affidavit with a notice that he requires indemnity against the claim. If the indemnity is not furnished within a reasonable time after the plaintiff becomes entitled to the delivery of the chattel the constable may in his discretion deliver it to the claimant without incurring any liability to the plaintiff by reason of so doing.

§ 108. Action against constable upon such claim. A person, not a party to the action, who has served an affidavit, as prescribed in the last section, may maintain an action against the constable who delivered the property to the plaintiff to recover the damages by reason of the taking, detention or delivery of the chattel. The measure of such damages is the value of the chattel to the plaintiff, if the property is not delivered within three months after the delivery of the chattel to the plaintiff. If it is delivered within that time, the measure of such damages is the value of the chattel at the time of delivery, with interest. An action against a constable by a person who has served an affidavit as prescribed in section one hundred and one is governed in other respects by the provisions of this article.

§ 109. Indemnity to constable against such action. The delivery to the constable of the indemnity required by the last section but one, or of a written undertaking executed by at least two sureties to the effect that they will indemnify him against any liability for damages, costs or expenses to be incurred in an action brought against him by the claimant, or a person deriving title from or through the claimant, by reason of the taking or detention of the chattel, or its delivery to the plaintiff, not exceeding a sum to be specified in the undertaking which must be not less than the actual value of the chattel claimed, and two hundred and fifty dollars in addition thereto, except that, in any case, it need not exceed three hundred dollars. Each of the sureties, besides possessing the other qualifications required by law, must be a freeholder or a householder of the constable's county. The constable before delivering the chattel may require the persons offered as sureties to submit to an examination, before the officer who takes the acknowledgment of the undertaking, as where persons are offered to him as bail upon an arrest. The sureties are entitled to be substituted as defendants in an action, brought as prescribed in the last section, as if the chattel had been levied upon by virtue of an execution.

§ 110. Justification of sureties. The examination of the sureties on a justification pursuant to the provisions of this article, must be on five days' notice to the persons who executed the undertaking. For the purpose of justification, each of the sureties must attend before the justice at the time and place mentioned in the notice, and be examined on oath touching his sufficiency, in such manner as the justice thinks proper. If the justice finds the sureties sufficient, he must annex the examination to the undertaking and endorse his allowance thereon, and file them in his office. The constable is thereupon exonerated from liability.

§ 111. Damages when chattel is injured by defendant. Where the plaintiff recovers a chattel which was injured, or otherwise depreciated in value, while it was in possession or under the control of the defendant, under such circumstances that the plaintiff might recover damages for the injury or depreciation in an action brought against the defendant therefor, he may recover the same damages in an action brought as prescribed in this article. In that case, he must set forth the facts in his complaint and demand judgment for damages accordingly.

§ 112. When and to whom constable must deliver. If the defendant neither excepts to the plaintiff's sureties nor requires the return of the chattel within the time prescribed for that purpose, or if he fails to procure the allowance of his undertaking, or if the plaintiff, after the defendant has excepted to his sureties, duly procures the allowance of his undertaking, the constable must, except in the case specified in section one hundred and seven, immediately deliver the chattel to the plaintiff. If the plaintiff, after the defendant has excepted to his sureties, fails to procure the allowance of his undertaking, or if the defendant, after he has required the return of the chattel, procures the allowance of his undertaking, the constable must deliver the chattel immediately to the defendant.

§ 113. Penalty for wrong delivery by constable. A constable who delivers to either party, without the consent of the other, a chattel replevied by him, except as prescribed in the last section, or, by virtue of an execution issued upon a judgment in the action, forfeits to the party aggrieved the sum of one hundred dollars, and is also liable to him for all damages which he sustains thereby.

§ 114. Defendant may demand judgment for return. Where a chattel has been replevied and the defendant has not required the return thereof pending the action, as prescribed in the foregoing sections of this article, he may demand judgment in his answer for the return thereof either with or without damages for the taking, withholding or detention.

§ 115. Verdict. The verdict or judgment must fix the damages, if any, of the prevailing party. Where it awards to the plaintiff a chattel which has not been replevied, or where it awards to the prevailing party a chattel which has been replevied and afterwards delivered by the constable to the unsuccessful party or to a person not a party, it must also, except in a case specified in the next section, fix the value of the chattel at the time of the trial.

§ 116. Substitute in certain cases for finding as to value. A verdict or judgment in favor of the defendant shall not fix the value of the chattel in either of the following cases:

1. Where the plaintiff is the general owner of the chattel; but it was rightfully distrained doing damage, and its value is greater than the damages sustained by the defendant, by the injury for which it was distrained; in which case, those damages must be fixed.

2. Where the plaintiff is the general owner of the chattel, but the defendant had a special property therein, and the value of the chattel is greater than the value of the special property, or the sum charged upon the chattel by reason thereof; in which case, the value of the special property, or the sum so charged, must be fixed.

In either of the cases specified in this section, the verdict or judgment must set forth the reason why the value of the chattel is not fixed.

§ 117. Final judgment. Final judgment for the plaintiff in replevin must award to him possession of the chattel recovered by him with his damages, if any. If a chattel recovered was not replevied, or if, after it was replevied, it was delivered to the defendant, or to a person not a party, as prescribed in this article, the final judgment must also award to the plaintiff the sum fixed as the value thereof, to be paid by the defendant if possession thereof is not delivered to the plaintiff. If the defendant has demanded judgment for the return of a chattel which was replevied and afterwards delivered to the plaintiff, or to a person not a party, as prescribed in this article, final judgment in his favor therefor must award to him possession thereof with his damages, if any; and it must also award to him the sum fixed as the value thereof, to be paid by the plaintiff if possession is not delivered to the defendant. But if the case is one where the verdict or judgment is not required to fix the value of the chattel, final judgment in favor of the defendant must award to him the sum fixed as therein specified, and, if it is not collected, the delivery of the chattel; or, if the chattel has not been replevied or has been returned to him after replevin, that he is entitled to possession thereof until the sum so awarded is collected, or otherwise paid.

§ 118. Execution in replevin. An execution for the delivery of a chattel must particularly describe the property and designate the party to whom the judgment awards the possession thereof; and it must substantially require the constable to deliver the possession of the property within his county to the party entitled thereto. If a sum of money is awarded by the same judgment, it may be collected by virtue of the same execution; or a separate execution may be issued for the collection thereof, omitting the direction to deliver possession of the property. If one execution is issued for both purposes, it must contain, with respect to the money to be collected, the same directions as an execution against property, or against the person, as the case requires. An execution for the delivery of the possession of a chattel and to satisfy, out of the property of the judgment debtor, a sum of money contingently awarded against him, must contain, in addition to the other matters prescribed by law, the following directions:

1. Where the judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant in a case specified in section one hundred and forty-seven of this act, the execution must require the constable to deliver possession of the chattel to the defendant, unless the plaintiff, before the delivery, pays to him the sum of money awarded to the defendant with interest and the constable's fees; and, in case the chattel cannot be found within his county, then to satisfy that sum out of the property of the plaintiff.

2. In any other case where the judgment awards a sum of money, if possession of the chattel is not delivered to the prevailing party, the execution must require the constable, if the chattel cannot be found within his county, to satisfy the sum so awarded with interest, and his fees out of the property of the party against whom the judgment is rendered. A direction to satisfy a sum of money out of property as prescribed in this section, must be in the form required by law for a like direction, where an execution against property in behalf upon a judgment for a sum of money.

§ 119. Constable's power to take chattel. For the purpose of taking possession of a chattel by virtue of an execution, the process of the constable into the county where he is required to replevy a chattel.

§ 120. Action on undertaking. A plaintiff who has recovered a final judgment against a person in an action against the sureties in an undertaking given in behalf of the defendant to prevent a return of the chattel until after the return, wholly or partly unsatisfied or unsuperseded, of an execution in his favor for the delivery of the possession of the chattel, or to satisfy a sum of money out of the property of the defendant, or for both purposes, as the case required. A defendant who has recovered a final judgment cannot maintain an action against the sureties in the plaintiff's undertaking given to procure a replevin until after a like return of a similar execution against the plaintiff.

§ 121. Constable's return as evidence. In an action against the sureties in an undertaking given in replevin the constable's return to the execution is presumptive evidence of a failure to deliver, or to return a chattel, or to pay a sum of money, according to the terms of the undertaking.

§ 122. Injury no defense. It is not a defense to an action on the undertaking in replevin that the chattel was injured or destroyed after it was replevied, unless the injury or destruction was effected by the act, or with the consent of the plaintiff in the action, or occurred after the chattel was taken by virtue of the execution.

§ 123. Proceedings when summons not personally served. Where the defendant does not appear, and the summons has not been personally served upon him, and a chattel, or part of a chattel, to recover which the action is brought, has been replevied, and the proceedings thereupon have been duly taken, as prescribed in this article, the justice must proceed to hear and determine the action, with respect to that chattel or part of a chattel; or, if the action is brought to recover two or more chattels, with respect to those which have been replevied, in like manner and with like effect as if the summons had been personally served.

§ 124. When action not affected by failure to replevy. Where the summons has been personally served upon the defendant, or where he appears, the justice must proceed to hear and determine the action, although the plaintiff has not required the chattel to be replevied, or the constable has not been able to replevy it.

ARTICLE 7
PLEADING

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§ 125. When issue to be joined. Pleadings must be made and issue joined:

1. At the place and within one hour after the time specified in the summons for the return thereof; or

2. Where an order of arrest has been executed, within twelve hours after the defendant is brought before the justice; or

3. Where no summons is issued, within one hour after the time when the parties voluntarily appear for the purpose of commencing an action, unless the defendant within such time files with the justice a stipulation that the plaintiff may take judgment as therein stated.

Where both parties appear on the return of the summons, an issue must be joined before an adjournment is had, except when the defendant refuses or neglects to plead.

§ 126. Pleadings. The pleadings in a justice's court are:

1. The plaintiff's complaint;

2. The defendant's answer;

3. The defendant's demurrer to the complaint, or to one or more distinct causes of action, separately stated therein;

4. The plaintiff's demurrer to the answer, or to one or more defenses or counterclaims stated in the answer.

§ 127. General rules of pleading. A pleading, except as otherwise prescribed in section two hundred and ten of this act, may be oral or written. If it is oral the substance thereof must be entered by the justice in his docket-book. If it is written it must be filed by him and a reference to be made in his docket-book. A pleading is not required to be in any particular form, but it must be expressed so as to enable a person of common understanding to know what is intended.

§ 128. First pleading to be complaint. The first pleading on the part of the plaintiff is the complaint.

§ 129. Complaint. The complaint must state in a plain and direct manner the facts constituting the cause of action.

§ 130. What causes of action may be joined. The plaintiff may unite in the same complaint two or more causes of action where they all arise out of:

1. The same transaction or transactions connected with the same subject of action; or

2. Contract, express or implied; or

3. Personal injuries, and injuries to property, or either.

But it must appear upon the face of the complaint that all the causes of action so united belong to one of the foregoing subdivisions of this section, that they are consistent with each other, that they require the same judgment; and, except as otherwise prescribed by law, that they affect all the parties.

§ 131. Defendant must demur or answer. The only pleading on the part of the defendant is either a demurrer or an answer.

§ 132. When he may demur. The defendant may demur to the complaint where one or more of the following objections thereto appear upon the face thereof:

1. That the court has not jurisdiction of the person of the defendant.

2. That the court has not jurisdiction of the subject of the action.

3. That the plaintiff has not legal capacity to sue.

4. That there is another action pending between the same parties for the same cause.

5. That there is a misjoinder of parties plaintiff.

6. That there is a defect of parties plaintiff or defendant.

7. That causes of action have been improperly united.

8. That the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

§ 133. Demurrer to complaint must specify objection. The demurrer must distinctly specify the objections to the complaint; otherwise it may be disregarded. An objection taken under subdivision one, two, four or eight of the last section may be stated in the language of the subdivision; an objection taken under either of the other subdivisions must point out specifically the particular defect relied on.

§ 134. Demurrer and answer to same complaint. The defendant may demur to the whole complaint or to one or more separate causes of action stated therein. In the latter case he may answer the causes of action not demurred to.

§ 135. Decision on demurrer. If the court deems the demurrer well founded, it must permit the pleading to be amended; and if the party fails to amend, the defective pleading, or part of a pleading, demurred to must be disregarded. If the court deems the demurrer not well founded, it must permit the party making it to plead over, at his election.

§ 136. Answer to verified complaint. If the complaint is verified, the answer of the defendant must contain:

1. A general or specific denial of each material allegation of the complaint controverted by the defendant, or of any knowledge or information thereof sufficient to form a belief;

2. A statement of any new matter constituting a defense or counterclaim in ordinary and concise language without repetition.

§ 137. Answer to unverified complaint. If the complaint is not verified, the answer may contain a general denial of each allegation of the complaint or a specific denial of one or more of the material allegations thereof. It may also set forth in a plain and direct manner new matter constituting one or more defenses or counterclaims.

§ 138. Counterclaim. A counterclaim must tend in some way to diminish or defeat the plaintiff's recovery and must be one of the following causes of action against the plaintiff, or, in a proper case, against the person whom he represents, and in favor of the defendant, or of one or more defendants, between whom and the plaintiff a separate judgment may be had in the action:

1. A cause of action arising out of the contract or transaction set forth in the complaint as the foundation of the plaintiff's claim or connected with the subject of the action.

2. In an action on contract, any other cause of action on contract existing at the commencement of the action.

§ 139. Rules respecting allowance of counterclaim. But the counterclaim, specified in subdivision second of the last section, is subject to the following rules:

1. If the action is founded upon a contract which has been assigned by the party thereto other than as negotiable promissory note or bill of exchange, a demand, existing against the party thereto, or an assignee of the contract, at the time of the assignment thereof, and belonging to the defendant in good faith before notice of the assignment, must be allowed as a counterclaim to the amount of the plaintiff's demand, if it might have been so allowed against the party or the assignee while the contract belonged to him.

2. If the action is upon a negotiable promissory note or bill of exchange which has been assigned to the plaintiff after it became due, a demand, existing against a person who assigned or transferred it after it became due must be allowed as a counterclaim to the amount of the plaintiff's demand, if it might have been so allowed against the assignor while the note or bill belonged to him.

3. If the plaintiff is a trustee for another or if the action is in the name of a plaintiff who has no actual interest in the contract upon which it is founded, a demand against the plaintiff shall not be allowed as a counterclaim; but so much of a demand existing against the person whom he represents, or for whose benefit the action is brought, as will satisfy the plaintiff's demand must be allowed as a counterclaim, if it might have been so allowed in an action brought by the person beneficially interested.

4. The court must have jurisdiction of a cause of action founded on the counterclaim.

§ 140. Consequence of neglect to plead counterclaim. Where the defendant in an action to recover damages upon or for breach of a contract neglects to interpose a counterclaim consisting of a cause of action in his favor to recover damages for a like cause which might have been allowed to him upon the trial of the action, he, and every person deriving title thereto through or from him, are forever thereafter precluded from maintaining an action to recover the same or any part thereof.

§ 141. The last section qualified. But the prohibition contained in the last section does not extend to either of the following cases:

1. Where the amount of the counterclaim is two hundred dollars more than the judgment which the plaintiff recovers; or

2. Where the counterclaim consists of a judgment rendered before the commencement of the action, in which it might have been interposed;

3. Where the counterclaim consists of a claim for unliquidated damages;

4. Where the counterclaim consists of a claim upon which another action was pending at the time when the action was commenced;

5. Where judgment is taken against the defendant without personal service of the summons upon him or an appearance by him.

§ 142. Counterclaim when defendant is sued in a representative capacity. In an action against an executor or an administrator, or other person sued in a representative capacity, the defendant may set forth as a counterclaim a demand belonging to the decedent, or other person whom he represents, where the person so represented would have been entitled to set forth the same in an action against him.

§ 143. Counterclaim when plaintiff is an executor or administrator. In an action brought by an executor or administrator in his representative capacity, a demand against the decedent, belonging at the time of his death to the defendant, may be set forth by the defendant as a counterclaim as if the action had been brought by the decedent in his life time; and, if a balance is found to be due to the defendant, judgment must be rendered therefor against the plaintiff in his representative capacity. Execution can be issued upon such a judgment only in a case where it could be issued upon a judgment in an action against the executor or administrator.

§ 144. When plaintiff may demur to answer. The plaintiff may demur to a counterclaim or a defense consisting of new matter contained in the answer on the ground that it is insufficient in law on the face thereof.

§ 145. Demurrer to counterclaim. The plaintiff also may demur to a counterclaim on which defendant demands an affirmative judgment where one or more of the following objections thereto appear on the face of the counterclaim:

1. That the court has not jurisdiction of the person of the defendant.

2. That the court has not jurisdiction of the subject of the action.

3. That the plaintiff has not legal capacity to sue.

4. That there is another action pending between the same parties for the same cause.

5. That there is a misjoinder of parties plaintiff.

6. That there is a defect of parties plaintiff or defendant.

7. That causes of action have been improperly united.

8. That the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

§ 146. Demurrer to complaint must specify objection. The demurrer must distinctly specify the objections to the complaint; otherwise it may be disregarded. An objection taken under subdivision one, two, four or eight of the last section may be stated in the language of the subdivision; an objection taken under either of the other subdivisions must point out specifically the particular defect relied on.

§ 147. Demurrer and answer to same complaint. The defendant may demur to the whole complaint or to one or more separate causes of action stated therein. In the latter case he may answer the causes of action not demurred to.

§ 148. Decision on demurrer. If the court deems the demurrer well founded, it must permit the pleading to be amended; and if the party fails to amend, the defective pleading, or part of a pleading, demurred to must be disregarded. If the court deems the demurrer not well founded, it must permit the party making it to plead over, at his election.

§ 149. Answer to verified complaint. If the complaint is verified, the answer of the defendant must contain:

1. A general or specific denial of each material allegation of the complaint controverted by the defendant, or of any knowledge or information thereof sufficient to form a belief;

2. A statement of any new matter constituting a defense or counterclaim in ordinary and concise language without repetition.

§ 150. Answer to unverified complaint. If the complaint is not verified, the answer may contain a general denial of each allegation of the complaint or a specific denial of one or more of the material allegations thereof. It may also set forth in a plain and direct manner new matter constituting one or more defenses or counterclaims.

§ 151. Counterclaim. A counterclaim must tend in some way to diminish or defeat the plaintiff's recovery and must be one of the following causes of action against the plaintiff, or, in a proper case, against the person whom he represents, and in favor of the defendant, or of one or more defendants, between whom and the plaintiff a separate judgment may be had in the action:

1. A cause of action arising out of the contract or transaction set forth in the complaint as the foundation of the plaintiff's claim or connected with the subject of the action.

2. In an action on contract, any other cause of action on contract existing at the commencement of the action.

§ 152. Rules respecting allowance of counterclaim. But the counterclaim, specified in subdivision second of the last section, is subject to the following rules:

1. If the action is founded upon a contract which has been assigned by the party thereto other than as negotiable promissory note or bill of exchange, a demand, existing against the party thereto, or an assignee of the contract, at the time of the assignment thereof, and belonging to the defendant in good faith before notice of the assignment, must be allowed as a counterclaim to the amount of the plaintiff's demand, if it might have been so allowed against the party or the assignee while the contract belonged to him.

2. If the action is upon a negotiable promissory note or bill of exchange which has been assigned to the plaintiff after it became due, a demand, existing against a person who assigned or transferred it after it became due must be allowed as a counterclaim to the amount of the plaintiff's demand, if it might have been so allowed against the assignor while the note or bill belonged to him.

3. If the plaintiff is a trustee for another or if the action is in the name of a plaintiff who has no actual interest in the contract upon which it is founded, a demand against the plaintiff shall not be allowed as a counterclaim; but so much of a demand existing against the person whom he represents, or for whose benefit the action is brought, as will satisfy the plaintiff's demand must be allowed as a counterclaim, if it might have been so allowed in an action brought by the person beneficially interested.

4. The court must have jurisdiction of a cause of action founded on the counterclaim.

§ 153. Consequence of neglect to plead counterclaim. Where the defendant in an action to recover damages upon or for breach of a contract neglects to interpose a counterclaim consisting of a cause of action in his favor to recover damages for a like cause which might have been allowed to him upon the trial of the action, he, and every person deriving title thereto through or from him, are forever thereafter precluded from maintaining an action to recover the same or any part thereof.

§ 154. The last section qualified. But the prohibition contained in the last section does not extend to either of the following cases:

1. Where the amount of the counterclaim is two hundred dollars more than the judgment which the plaintiff recovers; or

2. Where the counterclaim consists of a judgment rendered before the commencement of the action, in which it might have been interposed;

3. Where the counterclaim consists of a claim for unliquidated damages;

4. Where the counterclaim consists of a claim upon which another action was pending at the time when the action was commenced;

5. Where judgment is taken against the defendant without personal service of the summons upon him or an appearance by him.

§ 155. Counterclaim when defendant is sued in a representative capacity. In an action against an executor or an administrator, or other person sued in a representative capacity, the defendant may set forth as a counterclaim a demand belonging to the decedent, or other person whom he represents, where the person so represented would have been entitled to set forth the same in an action against him.

§ 156. Counterclaim when plaintiff is an executor or administrator. In an action brought by an executor or administrator in his representative capacity, a demand against the decedent, belonging at the time of his death to the defendant, may be set forth by the defendant as a counterclaim as if the action had been brought by the decedent in his life time; and, if a balance is found to be due to the defendant, judgment must be rendered therefor against the plaintiff in his representative capacity. Execution can be issued upon such a judgment only in a case where it could be issued upon a judgment in an action against the executor or administrator.

§ 157. When plaintiff may demur to answer. The plaintiff may demur to a counterclaim or a defense consisting of new matter contained in the answer on the ground that it is insufficient in law on the face thereof.

§ 158. Demurrer to counterclaim. The plaintiff also may demur to a counterclaim on which defendant demands an affirmative judgment where one or more of the following objections thereto appear on the face of the counterclaim:

1. That the court has not jurisdiction of the person of the defendant.

2. That the court has not jurisdiction of the subject of the action.

3. That the plaintiff has not legal capacity to sue.

4. That there is another action pending between the same parties for the same cause.

5. That there is a misjoinder of parties plaintiff.

6. That there is a defect of parties plaintiff or defendant.

7. That causes of action have been improperly united.

8. That the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

§ 159. Demurrer

LUCKEY, PLATT & CO.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Mail Order Department

If you live too far from us to make convenient visits to our store, you should know the many unusual and satisfactory ways our Mail Order Department will serve you.

This branch of our business is long-established. It is national in its operation and enjoys the constant patronage of thousands of perfectly contented customers.

No matter where you live, you can have the benefit of personal shopping.

Send your order to your personal shopper, "Lucy Luckey."

LUCKEY, PLATT & CO.

At the Country Club

Tea is a delightful accompaniment of relaxation—wherever the place. La Touraine is tea of the finest. It possesses the fragrance and flavor of the choicest grades of leaf, especially selected from fine gardens in high altitudes. At your grocer's—Orange Pekoe, Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Japan, and Green and Black, mixed.

Half Pound Canister, 45c

Boston (9) W. S. QUINBY COMPANY Chicago

La Touraine Tea

As Good as La Touraine Coffee

Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits and Dresses!

Ever since the season opened we have been making extra efforts to measure up to your expectations and demands for moderate priced COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES with all the snap and style of the season but at prices within reason.

SUITS SPECIALLY PRICED THIS WEEK

$40 to $65

Fashion's Favorite Styles

GOLD BROTHERS

28-30 MAIN STREET, - - - - - KINGSTON.

HUDSON VALLEY APPLES

From orchard to consumer direct, eliminating all middlemen, barrel and freight costs, storage charges, etc.

Finest apples grown in the finest apple orchards anywhere—here in Ulster County.

BALDWINS AND GREENINGS

Grade A, hand picked. $4.50 bbl. delivered at your house
Grade B..... $2.50 bbl. delivered at your house

BOULEVARD ORCHARDS

Phone 1085. Kingston, N. Y.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR GREETING CARDS

Our Sample Book of Personal Greeting Cards is now ready. We have many new designs in Engraving and Colorings and our facilities for filling orders promptly has been greatly increased. However, we urge our customers to place engraving orders as early as possible in order to obtain the most satisfactory service. Our ASSORTMENT of HOLIDAY CARDS is larger than it has been in previous years.

FORSYTH & DAVIS, Inc.

307 WALL STREET. Phone 708.

WADSWORTH'S ADDRESS

(Continued from Page One.)

of this problem involving international relationships, we must remember what kind of people we are, that we are unique, that we are unlike any other. That doesn't necessarily mean that we are the superiors of all other people, but we are different in that we are a composite people. We, or our ancestors, have come to these shores from many different nations and from several racial subdivisions, and our populations is made up of men, or the descendants of men who came from England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Italy, France and Germany. They made up the colonists that won their way to independence. Very largely since then we have recruited from many other nations and I can not help but think that George Washington, when he made his farewell address, was endowed with prophetic vision about his country, the nation he helped to found. He knew the men and women who had fought for liberty at that time, the people who had made up his armies and supported him, were a composite people, and as he looked down the years, he could see as this nation grew and spread over the continent, it would be recruited from many other countries, and so it has been. We have people from Norway, Sweden and Denmark, from Russia, Poland, Austria and Hungary, from Italy and Greece and from many other nations, splendid people, coming here seeking a haven of refuge.

Europeans Live Here In Amity.

"And the wonder of it all that they left their racial troubles behind and we have remained a united people, Americans first, able to live here side by side in peace and unity. The Austrians and Hungarians in South Central Europe have fought for centuries but their descendants here get along all right. The Russians and the Poles have fought for centuries, they are doing it now, but they or their descendants here get along all right. The French and the Germans in Europe have had an armed conflict on an average of once every 50 years since the days of Julius Caesar, but their descendants get along all right here, and there are many other instances of the same kind. What is the secret of it? It is very simple. There is really no secret about it.

"We followed the advice of Washington. He warned his contemporaries and their posterity, that Europe had primarily a set of interests peculiarly its own which should not concern the people of the United States. And so it has been, as these millions have come to our shores. They threw off and left behind them their racial passions and frictions of the countries from which they came, for the institutions which they found here which have given them an opportunity to see and achieve a new political life and new opportunity. They found an opportunity to work out their own salvations, free from those handicaps, free from those passions, prejudices and frictions. They escape from it all. They have been happy and they have become Americans. Many of the statesmen of Europe do not understand it. The leaders of the German Imperial Palace could not understand it. For they firmly believed that such was the make up of the American people that if we ever got into the great war in which they were trying to provoke us by sinking our ships, we would fly to pieces here in our own homes unable to maintain our unity and unable to fight as a united nation. They were worse than mistaken.

Would Divide Races Here.

"If we embark on a policy which will result in the government of the United States injecting itself into every European political dispute, the regulation as it is proposed in this covenant—into the traffic on the river Rhine, its regulation and control; the regulation of the Sarre Basin; the maintenance of the free city of Danzig; the regulation of the navigation on the river Elbe and the fixing and rearranging of the terms of economic problems affecting people with whom we are not at all acquainted; if this government is to enter on a policy which will result in the United States undertaking mandates over far-away people, the road to which we would not know what route to take, if the government of the United States as the result of entering into a treaty, promise or pledge, is to inject itself and with it all the people of the United States, into every European political dispute, into every political issue, these disputes and issues will instantly make their appearance here in the United States.

"The people will inevitably—for it is the law of human nature—be divided into groups in accordance with our racial and national sympathy; each group intent upon influencing the government at Washington through the ballot box on election day, to do or to play the part in Europe the way they want them to play. We would be divided in our own household. We would lose our unity and we would become a great conglomeration of suspicious elements, each attempting to accomplish something in the domestic politics of the United States upon a European political issue.

Signs of Tendency Now.

"There are already signs of that very tendency in our body politic today, at the mere prospect of the United States playing a part of that sort. Now let us understand the kind of people we are, and then read the contract, and having read it, make up our minds whether we want to sign it without dotting an 'i' or crossing a 't'. For we have got to understand first that fundamentally we are a composite people.

"Now, for a discussion of Article X. It is composed of two simple sentences. It reads as follows:

"'The members of the league undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and existing independence of all members of the league. In case of any such aggression or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression, the council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.'

"Note the use of the word 'obligation' in the text. Mr. Roosevelt and others are touring the country in an attempt to persuade the people that there isn't any obligation in it at all; that it doesn't impose any obligation upon us to do anything we don't want to do. And I wish we might, but yet the text itself contains that self-descriptive word.

How Article Ten Binds.

"What is the nature of the obligation? The obligation is to preserve the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all the nations who have become members of the league. And if we become a member without substantial reservation, it will become applicable to us. 'The United States undertakes to respect and preserve as against external aggression of all the members of the league in the event of such aggression or danger to political independence and the council shall advise the United States as to the means which shall be employed for the fulfillment of the obligation.' That is plain English. You can't squirm away from it. You can't disguise it. It simply means this.

"There are 29 members of the League of Nations today. Most of them are not as big as the state of New York. If we join, we would make 30. If any one of these were attacked as to its boundaries or its territorial integrity was impaired, or its independence anywhere at any time by anybody regardless of the merits of the controversy, regardless of how much we know about it, or how much we are interested in it if one of the members were attacked, the United States, under Article X, is under obligation to go to its defense.

Congress and War.

"It has been said and argued that the constitution of the United States contains a provision clothing congress alone with the right to declare war or authorize the use of the army and navy. The argument then proceeds that that being the case, the congress of 25 or 50 years from now, in the event that one of the member nations is attacked, need not authorize the use of the army and navy in the defense of such nation, giving the constitution as justification of their refusal.

"This is a pledge. This is to be a solemn promise, embodied in a great treaty, made in the face of all the world. I hope the day will never come when this fair republic of ours will prove faithless to a promise. We have never done so. We have never violated an international agreement or treaty, and we must never prove faithless, otherwise no American could hold up his head. How any self respecting man can stand before an American audience and suggest that we can enter into this contract, undertake this obligation in the year 1920, by which we promise faithfully that if any one of these member nations is attacked we will protect them, and having made that promise that we can go back on it later, squirm and crawl away from it, with a mental reservation, passes my comprehension.

Congress Couldn't Repudiate.

"If we make this promise we must keep it. The congress of the future will have been deprived of its discretion. It will not be able to fall back upon the constitution for the power to declare war, or to authorize the use of the army and navy that has already been pledged away from it to some other power, according to the terms of the contract.

If anyone of these nations is attacked and we are a member without reservations, we must go to its defense. No honest man can claim otherwise. You can not see it through candid eyes except in that light. What is the use of fooling about this thing? What is the use of trying to hoodwink the American people? There is no other interpretation that can be put upon it. The question is, do we want to make the pledge, having understood it?

"The nation which has given up the right to choose between peace and war has lost its independence. The people that promises away that contract, or surrenders in any manner, whether it be through a treaty or as a result of a defeat inflicted upon it in a great war; the people that promises or surrenders away the right to say when, where and why their men shall fight, have lost control of their destiny. History is crowded with instances showing how nations survive or perish on that choice between peace or war. And the nation that isn't free to make that choice has become nothing more or less than a tool or instrument in the hands of some other power or some group of powers to be used by them to suit their purposes.

Ignored People's Will.

"Back in October 1918, when we had just about finished a great victory and were a great united people who had forgotten partisanship and were joining hands to help the administration and the President by granting him powers untold and sums uncounted, the President of the United States appealed to the people and asked them to elect a Democratic Senate at Washington in order that he might continue to be, he said, 'your unembarrassed leader both at home and abroad.' The reply came like a blow between the eyes for the American people were not willing to sign a blank check to be filled out at any amount that he chose. Undeterred by that failure, he hit upon another scheme and that was to go abroad himself, to leave the government at Washington without a head, and represent at the peace conference one hundred millions of free people in negotiating a great treaty of peace. The people of the United States were deeply concerned about the departure of the president because it was the first time it had ever occurred in our history and we wondered whether it was wise or not. He appeared on December 2, 1918, in a joint session of the Houses at Washington and announced to us and to you his impending departure then that he would keep in daily touch with us and that we would know everything he did—and we never heard from him again.

Origin and Meaning Secret.

"After seven months of absence, with the exception of a return to the United States for five or six days around March 4, 1919, in order to sign a few bills, a covenant was openly arrived at behind closed doors and his text was given to the world. Since then there has been all this dispute about its meaning.

"Mr. Wilson in his explanatory speech at the Peace Conference at Paris, used a very significant phrase. He said, in describing the structure and purposes of the League of Nations proposed, that 'back of it all stood force.' The armed forces of the member nations, and it is Article X which represents the pledge amongst the nations in which we are asked to join, that makes of the League of Nations its force and without force it can not live, built as it is. The president himself has said so and has referred to it repeatedly. That presence of force in it makes up its life.

"You can compel the people to do things for a little while and they may make a noise as though they were agreeing to do it, but they are not agreeing to do it in their hearts, and you will never get universal peace, nor anything like it if you attempt to get it by the rule of force. Human beings revolt and rebel against it. It is the recognition of force in the contract which gives it its life, by which the territorial integrity of no nation shall be disturbed.

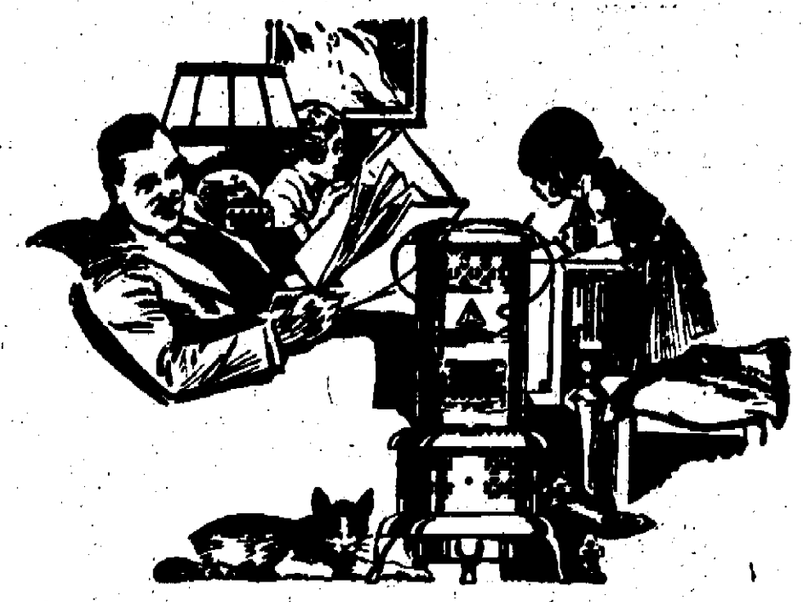
Couldn't Have Freed Cuba.

"Territorial integrity includes possession. Look back 22 years. That is only a moment in history. Back in 1898 we went to war against Spain. We did so because we couldn't tolerate their conduct in the Spanish American possessions. The blowing up of the battleship Maine was the spark which set it off and our men went to war against Spain to free the Cuban people. Had there been a covenant of the League of Nations as it is now proposed with an Article X in it in 1898, Spain and every member of the League of Nations of Europe would have lined up against the United States in the Spanish war, because in freeing Cuba we were attacking the territorial integrity of Spain.

"That would be an outrage upon the ideas of liberty and one can never tell in this destructive world when instances of that kind will come again for this is a restless race. It is this very restlessness which accounts in a large measure for its progress. A religious ideal, some political ideal, some great social theory captures the imagination of a group of people somewhere on the face of the earth. The ideal, principle or theory gains converts and it becomes stronger and stronger and sets up a great movement politically, socially or religious. History is full of it. The movement gains momentum and sweeps across boundaries. Whole people and nations are upset. Revolutions occur and the geography of the world is changed.

An Absurd Proposition.

"Do you suppose that a group of men sitting in the city of Paris in the year 1920, can establish the boundaries of 30 nations, many of them brand new, setting up governments as yet untried, and then entering into a solemn contract with Article X to the effect that none of those boundaries shall ever be disturbed, and get away with it? It is flying in the face of all human experience. It is flying in the face of all history. It is standing squarely and right. That is the duty of America. That is what Warren Harding is pleading with you for."



Any room a cozy corner—*in a few minutes*

It isn't necessary to "rush" the heater a half hour just to make the one room you want to use comfortable. Drafts will seep in through window sashes and door jambs. But you needn't heat up the whole house just to keep your favorite corner safe and cozy.

A Perfection Oil Heater between you and the window or door will make drafts warm and healthful.

Thousands of families find "Perfection" heating most economical

It is an expensive luxury to keep seldom-used rooms and hallways heated all the time. Keep the house *warm* all over with your furnace or steam heater, and then bring the room you're going to use up to 70° or 72° with a Perfection Oil Heater.

The Perfection is so convenient that it has a score of practical uses—drying clothes on rainy days; heating water for shaving; getting up in the morning; in the sewing room.

Progressive hardware, housefurnishing and department stores sell Perfection Oil Heaters—blue or black finish, with or without nickeled trimmings. Burns about 10 hours on a gallon of kerosene. Let your dealer show you one.

For best results use Socony Kerosene.

PERFECTION *Oil Heaters*

SOCONY KEROSENE OIL

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK

GLASCO.

Glasco, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Mary Fisher of Newburgh is here taking care of her daughter, Mrs. George Brink, who is ill of tonsilitis.

Frank Ferraro kindly offered the use of his auto bus to take any who wished to go to Flatbush Friday evening to attend the entertainment by the Saugerties Bible class and orchestra for the benefit of the Flatbush Church. The bus was loaded with those who took advantage of it and appreciated Mr. Ferraro's generosity in providing free transportation to benefit the church. Mr. Ferraro is always ready to help any church in any way that he is able, having given the use of his hall and furnished music when requested.

Anton Frantz has returned to his work in New York after spending his vacation at his home here.

Mrs. Eva Heins spent Thursday night with her sister, Mrs. Richard Melius, in Saugerties.

Mrs. Charles Edward Hewitt is visiting her mother in Newark, N. J.

The Rev. Paul Newkirk of Saugerties will preach in the Methodist Church here next Sunday morning. There will be no service in the evening, owing to the absence of the pastor. The mid-week meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Teitter Thursday evening, Mr. Teitter will be the leader.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Heins spent Sunday with their parents at Port Ewen.

Miss Sarah Kline, who spent the summer months in Sharon, Conn., is visiting her parents here.

Mrs. Thomas Hancock is visiting friends in New York city.

Frank Jerominsky of Beacon and two boy friends spent Saturday and Sunday here.

WILLOW.

Willow, Oct. 18.—There will be a box social held at the home of Mrs. Martha Symonds on Thursday evening, October 21. Each woman is requested to bring a box with lunch for two. During the evening these boxes will be auctioned off. Proceeds to go for the M. E. Church. Everybody come and help the good cause along. If stormy next evening.

Meet Your Friends at the ARMORY

Wednesday Evening

McENELLY'S Singing Orchestra

will be there

Concert 8 to 9.
Dancing 9 to 1.

ALLEN'S THEATRE

TONIGHT—

CONTINUOUS
ONE TO FIVE
SEVEN TO ELEVEN

Announces

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG

in her second Big Equity Production

"THE FORBIDDEN WOMAN"

From the Famous Story By Lenore J. Coffee

If you are one of those who enjoy motion pictures of the finer sort, if you take pleasure in brilliant acting, lavish investitures, and wondrously directed cinema dramas, you will find expression for fullest enjoyment in this

De Luxe Parisian Love Story

that presents CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG at the very zenith of her long and brilliant career in motion pictures. We request the pleasure of your attendance, promising unquestionably one of the most beautiful pictures that ever played in this theatre.

Note: Mr. Conway Tearle and Master Stanton Williams, the delightful little boy of "Eyes of Youth," are part of the brilliant cast of "THE FORBIDDEN WOMAN".

EXTRA!—Added Attraction

Larry Seamon

—IN—

"The Fly Cop"

The high mark in comedies—Pretty Girls—A Plot—Thrills Galore and Laughs—Oh, Boy! You'll Bust!

BURTON HOLMES

KINOGRAM NEWS

20c ALL AFTERNOON

TO-NIGHT 28c

"Take back those words or leave me forever:"—

Thus Spoke

ALICE JOYCE

as Madge Hillyer in

"DOLLARS AND THE WOMAN"

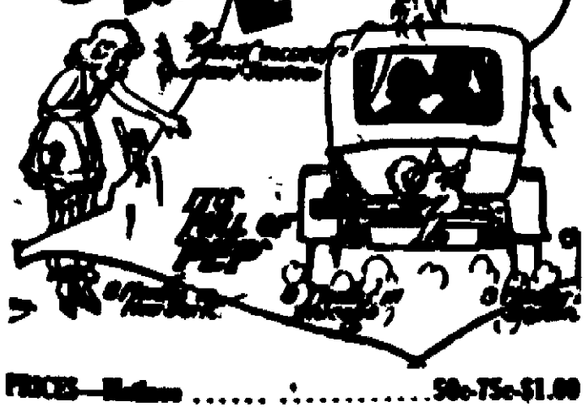
after she had sacrificed much that her husband might finish an invention and market it. She had battled the cost of living, existing on a crust of bread, and now her husband accused her falsely. She could bear no more. Did he go?

KINGSTON OPERA HOUSE
Matinee and Evening

Sat. Oct. 23

A. H. WOODS Presents THE COMEDY HIT

The Girl Question



PRICES—Matinee ..... 50c-75c-$1.00
Evening..... $1.00-$1.50. Few at $2.00

Mail Orders Now. Seat Sale Thursday.

Use FREEMAN advertising regularly and conservatively and results will surely follow.

1920 NATION'S BEST CORN YEAR

The greatest corn crop in history will be harvested in America this year. The present promise of 3,216,192,000 bushels of corn is over 90,000,000 bushels in excess of any crop ever grown and nearly 300,000,000 bushels more than was produced last year. The condition of the crop as predicted by the Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture is 24.3 points higher than the average and the highest since 1906.

There will be about 200,000,000 bushels of oats more grown than last year, the crop approximating 1,444,552,000 bushels.

Those figures, announced by the Department of Agriculture mean that hundreds of millions of dollars will go into the hands of the farmers of America.

Not all, by any means, will be profit. But none will be profits unless and until they are safely and profitably invested. It is not how much the farmer gets for his crop but what he is able to keep that counts.

Liberty Bonds at present prices offer an opportunity to do both. The securities of the U. S. government not only pay a satisfactory interest, but they are sure to advance to par at maturity. The money invested in them is safe, because it is backed not only by the great crop itself, but the prospect of all future crops and the total wealth and taxing power of the greatest government in the world.

The money so invested is available for use almost as though it were cash, for Liberty Bonds are a recognized prime security for any loan the farmer is likely to need.

GRUESOME REPORT

Of Woman Buried Alive By Husband Being Sifted.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New Brunswick, N. J., Oct. 19.—The Somerset county authorities today began investigating a gruesome report that a woman had been buried alive by her husband after a quarrel at their home near Manville. The originator of the report, Michael Cucuck, is being detained by the police until the investigation is made. Cucuck told the police that the proprietor of a boarding house at Manville, where he had been living, quarreled with his wife and, after beating her severely, trussed her hands and feet and buried her alive. The authorities refused to reveal the name of the boarding house proprietor until they investigated the story.

Messenger Robbed of $20,000.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Carl Lauer, a messenger for the State Commercial Savings Bank, was held up by three automobile bandits and robbed of $20,000 here today.

Postmaster Examination.

A United States Civil Service examination for the position of fourth-class postmaster at Eddyville will be held here on November 13.

The AUDITORIUM

Tonight

Did She Love Wisely?

OLIVE TELL

—IN—

LOVE WITHOUT QUESTION

Loved a man that many other women would have cast aside.

Could you love someone who was suspected of a serious crime?

Learn your answer by seeing

"LOVE WITHOUT QUESTION"

—ALSO—

HEAL HART, in "THE SQUARE SHOOTER"

15c 2:30, 7, 9 15c

TOMORROW

ALICE BRADY in "A HONEY HEART"

—ALSO—

TOM MIX in "THE MAN WITHIN"

KINGSTON TO HAVE ANOTHER PREMIER

You remember the tremendous success of "WAY DOWN EAST." Here's another triumph! A drama that pulsates with the problem of one of Life's priceless heritages.

BIRTHRIGHT

A rural romance as genuine as the best of the human heart. With the newest screen sensation

MAUDE SYLVESTER

Selected from thousands of applicants for screen stardom by EDWARD HEMMER, director of Mary Pickford's "Pollyanna" and many of her other successes.

Stars Here in Person

MAUDE SYLVESTER
SIDNEY MASON
FLORA FINCH
BESSIE STINSON
HENRY SEDLEY
JOHN A. BOONE

This great motion picture exclusively exhibited for the first time anywhere at

Kingston Opera House

Starting

3 DAYS WEDNESDAY OCT 20

MATINEES, 25c EVENINGS, 25c and 50c

Performances at 2:30, 7-9.

NOTE:—Many Kingston residents are big stockholders in this new film corporation.

PARLIAMENT'S SESSION OPENS

Demonstrations Outside as Consideration of Britain's Big Domestic Problems Begins—Lloyd-George's Scheme For Unemployed Vague.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—Two demonstrations, one in behalf of Irish freedom and the other against unemployment, ushered in the new session of parliament this afternoon.

Warned by the savage rioting which marked Monday's unemployment demonstration, all available police reserves were massed about Whitehall and parliament buildings. Great crowds blocked the streets.

Just as the house of commons was being called to order, a great crowd of men and women marched through the streets bearing such banners with such inscriptions as "Hands Off Ireland."

A large number of men and women broke up a meeting of the London county council. They were ejected and made a noisy demonstration in the streets outside.

Premier Lloyd-George addressed commons and outlined a scheme for the alleviation of unemployment. He was cheered by the members. The premier suggested that the unemployed among former soldiers be utilized in the building trades and in the construction of new roads both in London and in the country districts. He said that the cabinet hoped to secure the cooperation of the trade unions in solving the unemployment problem.

Members of the house of commons began to shoot questions at the government on the Irish situation as soon as commons assembled. In response to one query Sir Hamar Greenwood, chief secretary for Ireland, said that Terence Mac Swiney, the hunger striking lord mayor of Cork, had not been fed nor would the government recede from the position it has taken regarding hunger strikes in prison.

London, Oct. 19.—British parliament reassembled today after a nine weeks' holiday for a session which promises to be of great importance.

Not since the "war session" in 1914 have questions of such gigantic importance confronted the House of Parliament. The situation was made more acute by the great unemployment demonstration in Downing street when more than 100 persons were wounded in fighting with the police.

Premier Lloyd George promised a deputation from the army of unemployed to make a statement suggesting relief measures in Commons this afternoon.

Domestic Questions Vital.

In addition to unemployment two other domestic questions of staggering importance call for parliamentary action. They are:

1.—The national coal strike which is stagnating industry and has involved more than 1,500,000 men and women in voluntary or enforced idleness.

2.—The Irish situation which is more menacing than at any other time in history. Actual war conditions prevail in Ireland and the temper of the Sinn Feiners has been further inflamed by the declaration of the premier that the government will not grant dominion home rule and the death of Michael Fitzgerald, one of the Sinn Fein hunger strikers in the Cork jail.

Leaders of the labor element in the House of Commons threatened to move an immediate adjustment in order to bring about open debate on the labor situation.

The political element which has entered the labor troubles brings an acute menace to the problem of industrial unrest confronting the law makers.

Britain's gigantic labor troubles have overshadowed, for the time being, all domestic problems.

Big Events Since Last Session.

Since parliament last adjourned the following developments have taken place:

1.—Premier Lloyd George announced that the government will not grant dominion freedom to Ireland and the Sinn Fein declared that a state of war existed in Ireland.

2.—The military police in Ireland began a systematic series of reprisal attacks, destroying whole towns.

3.—More than 1,000,000 miners went on strike and the strike threatens to spread to the railways and docks.

4.—More than 100,000 unemployment and women have united in organized demonstrations against the government.

5.—Trade negotiations between Great Britain and soviet Russia were suspended.

6.—Soviet Russia and Poland signed peace.

On August 16, after days of tenseness, parliament adjourned, leaving the speaker empowered to recall the members on 48 hours' notice if the Russo-Polish war demanded British intervention. Since then the war clouds have been dissipated, but their place has been taken by home problems of first magnitude. The anxiety of the authorities has been increased by the sympathy for Bolshevism evinced in certain labor quarters and the fact that the unemployed carried red flags when they marched on the premier's official residence yesterday.

Ireland to Come Up Early.

Although the dockets of the house are filled with many important foreign problems, one of the first questions to be tackled is Ireland. The home rule bill will be among the first measures called up for debate.

There were indications that a strong attempt would be made to ram through this bill virtually as written, despite the counter attacks of the opposition.

The only amendments that the cabinet has tolerated so far enlarge the scope of Irish control on financial matters. It is expected that Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulster Unionists, will lead the forces opposing anything but the most conservative home rule for Ireland. He will be opposed by H. H. Asquith, former premier, who has already indicated that he will call for a parliamentary investigation of police and soldier rule in Ireland.

Various proposals for relief of unemployment are being suggested. It is understood the premier favors a scheme by which the various local unions should bear half the costs of maintaining idle men.

Newspapers took a much more optimistic view of the coal strike situation than they did yesterday. The Daily Express believes that the coal strike will be confined to the miners and will not spread. The Daily Express said:

Press Hopeful.

"The railwaymen and transport workers will not strike unless the miners request it. There is little indication today that this is likely to happen."

"One of the chief leaders of the miners expresses the conviction that the finish of the strike will be in sight by the end of this week," said the Daily News. "There is good reason to believe that the government and miners will again be in conference in a day or two with a real hope of discovering a basis of settlement."

ELLENVILLE.

Ellenville, Oct. 19—At the regular meeting of the Wawarsing Chapter R. A. M., besides the iniation of candidates several matters of importance were discussed and acted upon. M. E. C. Wesley Orr, Past Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the State of New York, paid his official visit to the chapter and made an interesting address. At the conclusion of the session the members and guests were invited to the Mitchell House where an excellent banquet was served by Proprietor Millard.

The members of the Dorcas Society were entertained by the president, Mrs. W. C. Rose, at her home on South Main street, Thursday afternoon. There was a large attendance. The ladies are arranging for their annual supper to be held in November.

The ladies interested were unable to secure Shadow Land theatre Saturday evening so an out of door meeting was held in the interest of the candidacy of Ella A. Boole for Senator. The speaker was Mrs. Louis Slade of New York. The ardor of the people was lessened by the terrible shower that passed over the village.

The first meeting of the Chautauqua Club will be held at the High School Assembly this evening at eight o'clock. The members intend that this might be a community meeting. The following interesting program will be given:

Resume of Study Book New Italy. Rev. C. A. Dann
Music.....High School Ochestra.
Democratic Side of the Question
Lawyer Clarence A. Hoornbeck.
Violin Solo.....Abram Moore.
Republican Side of the Question, Supervisor Chester Young
Community Singing.....
Star Spangled Banner

The October meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in Hunt Memorial Hall, Wednesday afternoon. This will be rally day and roll call of all members and reception for all new members.

The library will be closed from Saturday, October 16, until Monday, October 25. Do not return any books faling due between these dates.

District Superintendent of Schools Elsie J. Rout spent several days at Plattsburg and Albany attending the annual meeting of the New York State District Superintendents of Schools and the annual convocations of the regents.

Arch Freer is making extensive improvements to his residence on Warren street.

Mrs. R. T. Cookingham, Mrs. W. S. Maines, Miss Norton and Mrs. Edgar Budd attended the annual missionary society of the Classis of Orange held at Newburgh. Mr. Cookingham taking them over in his car. The ladies report a fine meeting.

Mrs. Helen B. Holman, Mrs. L. A. Hoornbeck attended the annual convention of the State Federation of Women's Clubs held at Utica last week. Mrs. Walter Comly of Port Chester, former chairman of the district, who was a guest last week of President Day's luncheon of the Ellenville Woman's Club, is a candidate for president of the State Federation.

The Rev. and Mrs. George H. Smith are visiting their son and family in New York.

Miss Viola Caldwell of Brooklyn is spending a few weeks with her aunt, Mrs. George Mackey, on Clinton street.

Wright H. Thorn of Middletown has been spending several days in town, guest of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Martha Holmes in Elting court.

Mrs. Floyd A. Wilson and daughter Margaret of Liberty are spending the week with their uncle, Addison Stratton, on Center street.

Otto Johnson and family spent Sunday with Peter Johnson and family at Fort Jervis, making the trip by auto.

Miss Mae Van Deusen arranged a pleasant surprise for Mrs. Meyer Greo, formerly Miss Rachel Thornton, when twenty or more friends gathered at the millinery parlors of Miss Van Deusen for the occasion. After enjoying delicious refreshments, there was a presentation speech and Mrs. Greo was presented with an electric toaster and percolator from her friends, with all good wishes. Dancing followed, which was enjoyed.

Basketball Meeting Thursday.

The managers of the Colonial Basketball League will hold an important meeting Thursday evening at St. Peter's Hall. The league will open the season Wednesday evening, October 27, and the eligible lists of players must be filed with the secretary of the league not later than Monday noon of next week.

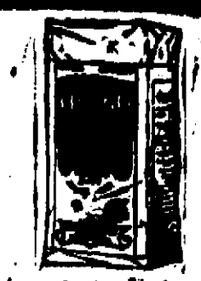
Think War Journey's End Near.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—Physicians at Brixton jail infirmary declared that they believed Terence Mac Swiney, the Sinn Fein hunger striking lord mayor of Cork, was nearing the end. They said that fresh signs of weakness had developed which apparently foreshadowed death.

The Rexall Store

ONE 1¢ CENT SALE!



Important Notice!

Owing to conditions existing in Coffee market, it is impossible to offer Opeko Breakfast Coffee as a regular one cent sale item. It is offered to you however, at a very low price. This is an unusually good quality and consists of the finest blends of Coffee that can be obtained at anywhere near the price we offer it.

SPECIAL THIS SALE

1 lb.	2 lbs.
55c	79c

Nowhere in America except at the Rexall Store can coffee of such a quality be purchased at this price.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

October 21st, 22nd and 23rd

What is a One-Cent Sale? It is a sale where you buy an item at the regular price —then another item of the same kind for 1c. As an illustration: The standard price of Rexall Tooth Paste is 25c. You buy a tube at this price, and by paying 1c more, or 26c, you get two tubes. Every article in this sale is a high-class standard piece of merchandise just the same as we sell you every day at regular prices and have sold you for years.

A New Way of Advertising This sale was developed by the United Drug Co. as an advertising plan. Rather than spend large sums of money in other ways to convince you of the merit of these goods, they are spending it on this sale in permitting us to sell you a full-size package of high standard merchandise for 1c. It costs money to get new customers, and the loss taken on this sale will be well spent if the goods please you.

GOOD THINGS TO EAT

Symonds Inn Peanut Butter

A rich meaty product, ten full ounces an attractive glass jar.

Standard Price One Jar 50c — This Sale Two Jars 51c

1 Can of Jam for 1 Cent
BALLARDVALE JAM

Twenty-five ounces of delightful Jam, made from luscious full bodied Concord grapes, grown in the famous New York grape district

Standard Price One Can 75c — This Sale Two Cans 76c

STATIONERY SUNDRIES and HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

60c Writing Paper..2 for 61c
White, Pink, Blue and Buff.

35c Carton of 50 Envelopes .....2 cart. 36c
To match Cascade lb. paper.

5c Clips .....2 for 6c
For pen and pencil.

15c Fabric Finish Envelopes. 2 for 16c

13c Fabric Finish Envelopes . 2 for 14c

10c Glue .....2 for 11c
Tube or bottle. 1 oz. The sticky kind.

15c Velour Powder Puffs .... 2 for 16c

Nipples 6 for 30c or 12 for 31c

5c Chewing Gum ....2 for 6c

5c Mints .....2 for 6c

55c Gran. Eff. Soda Phos. 4 oz. 2 for 56c

25c Bland's Iron Pills, 100.... 2 for 26c

69c Phenolphthalein Wafers, 100.....2 for 70c

20c Oint. Zinc Oxide, 1 oz. 2 for 21c

45c Rhubarb and Soda Tablets, 100.....2 for 46c

25c Soda Mint Tablets, 100 .. 2 for 26c

35c Cascara Tablets, 5 gain, 100 .....2 for 36c

30c Kikura Throat Tablets .. 2 for 31c

10c Carryall Bags ..... 2 for 11c

200 Cups of Tea for 1 Cent
LIGGETT'S OPEKO TEA

Formosa Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Mixed Black and Green.

Standard Price ½ lb Packet 60c — This Sale Two Packets 61c

HARMONY TOILET WATER

Beautiful packages of high grade toilet water, each containing the true odor of the flower whose name it bears. Violet, Lilac and Wisteria.

Standard Price One Bot. $1.25 — This Sale Two Bots. $1.26

SYTA FACE POWDER

A high grade imported product. A necessity for milady's dressing table. Rachelle, Blanche, Naturelle and Rose.

Standard Price One Box 50c — This Sale Two Boxes 51c

SEAMLESS BALL TOP NIPPLES

Six For 30c

Twelve For 31c

Save Money

RIKER'S MILK OF MAGNESIA

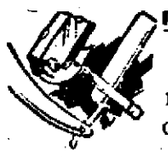
No home should be without it. Useful alike for grown ups and little folks as an not-acid and laxative. 12 oz. bottle.

Standard Price One Bot. 50c — This Sale Two Bots. 51c

Harmony Massage Cream

A delightful rolling massage. Cleanses and beautifies. Makes the skin soft and smooth.

One Jar 50c — Two Jars 51c



Durham Duplex Safety Razor

Folding Leather Case; 5 blades.

Standard Price One $2.00 — This Sale Two $2.01

QUANTITY LIMITED

Rexall WANT MORE CHOCOLATES

Standard Price $1.10 — This Sale $1.11

SYMONDS INN COCOA

Made from the pure cocoa beans Unexcelled in quality. Without any adulterations.

Standard Price One Pkg. 35c — This Sale Two Pkgs. 36c

REXALL TOILET SOAP

A splendid grade of hard milled soap Does not become soft and wasteful. A clean, fragrant and absolutely pure soap.

Standard Price One Cake 15c — This Sale Two Cakes 16c

REXALL TOOTH PASTE

A perfect dentifrice, antiseptic and deodorant. Cleans and whitens the teeth. Comes out flat on the brush.

Standard Price One Tube 25c — This Sale Two Tubes 26c

HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES and TOILET GOODS

15c Rexall Foot Powder, 2 for 16c
A relief to the feet, if used regularly.

35c Rexall Almond Cream .....2 for 36c
For wind burn, chapping and other kindred irritations.

25c Rexall Pearl Tooth Powder 2 for 26c
An exceptional value in high quality tooth powder.

40c Rexall Baby Laxative .....2 for 41c
A pleasant laxative that children will take.

25c Rexall Universal Cleanser .....2 for 26c
For cleaning kid gloves, kid slippers, etc.

25c Hadley's Face Cream .... 2 for 26c
For softening and beautifying the skin.

50c Alkaseptic, Jaynes ..... 2 for 51c
An antiseptic solution for various uses.

50c Children's Cough and Croup Syrup .....2 for 51c
For these croupy colds.

50c Riker's Eye Lo, 8 oz. bottle .....2 for 51c
A soothing preparation for eye troubles.

75c Senafig, Riker's 7½ oz. .....2 for 76c
Represents Senna and Figs, pleasant to take.

30c Rat and Roach Paste ... 2 for 31c
Why have these undesirable tenants?

$1.00 Bouquet Ramee Face Powder .....2 for $1.01
Soft and delicate, White, Flesh, Brunette.

50c Violet Cerate, Riker's .....2 for 51c
An ideal Face Cream.

50c Harmony Liquid Shampoo ..... 2 for 51c
It cleanses and beautifies the Hair.

25c Riker's Peroxzone Cream ..... 2 for 26c
An enemy to sunburn and freckles.

25c Rexall Medicated skin Soap. ..... 2 for 26c
Keeps the skin soft and healthy.

25c Kienzo Tar Shampoo Soap .....2 for 26c
For the treatment of the hair A very large cake.

50c Violet Dulce Liquid Comp. Powder ....2 for 51c
Adheres to the skin.

Oneida Community Famous Silver-Ware

Par Plate Tea-Spoon — 35c Value
At Our 1¢ Sale
2 for 36c

Also knives, forks, tablespoons, etc., at similar saving.

Large Queen Olives 10 oz. tall bottle
One Bot. 50c — Two Bots. 51c

Stuffed Manzella Olives
One Bot. 50c — Two Bots. 51c

ASPIRIN TABLETS

These are genuine Aspirin Tablets. Each containing 5 grains. Made by Americans in America. Packed 1 dozen in a box, 2 dozen in a box, 100 in a bottle.

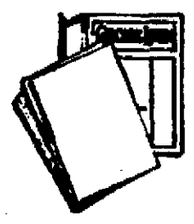
Standard Price — This Sale
100, 69c.....2 Bottles, 70c
24's, 35c.....2 Boxes, 36c
12's, 20c.....2 Boxes, 21c

Bouquet Ramee Talcum Powder

A delightful preparation made of the finest Italian Talc, doubly milled and purified. Contains the combined perfumes of rose, jasmine, heliotrope and lilac.

Standard Price One Can 50c — This Sale Two Cans 51c

Cascade Linen



One pound in a package. We also have envelopes to match. If it is true that the good taste of a person is expressed by the quality of their stationery, then your taste will be established with your friends.

Standard Price One Pound 50c — Sale Price Two Pounds 51c

MAXIMUM HOT-WATER BOTTLE

The largest selling bottle in the world. The price everywhere is $2.50 each. Full two-quart capacity. Guaranteed for one year.

Standard Price One Bot. $2.50 — This Sale Two Bots. $2.51

(ADVERTISED PRICES DO NOT INCLUDE WAR TAX)

634 BROADWAY, Near O'Neil St. and 323 WALL ST.

McBRIDE DRUG STORES

The Rexall Stores

Kingston, New York

MAXIMUM 2 QUART FOUNTAIN SYRINGE

This is one of the finest Syringes that can be manufactured. The quality is extra fine. This Syringe is guaranteed against imperfections in manufacture for one year.

Standard Price One Syringe $2.50 — This Sale Two Syringes $2.51

Relief.

"Before came back from the academy without a husband." "And was her father angry?" "Not at all. He was afraid she was going to bring home a boyfriend for him to support."—Dallas Transcript.

Speaking of Names.

We learn that a young woman of Detroit refuses to or deplores the name of Dora Case; but speaking of singular appellations it would be pretty hard to beat that of a negro youngster in Alabama, Reconstruct (Hon. U. S. Pat. Off.) Johnson.—Boston Transcript.

Wonderful Invention.

Great big penetrating power to discover for a moment that hot buns invented in France with a crocodile yellow glaze in front and 3 feet by a reflector that also prevents moisture collecting on the glass.

Medium of Exchange.

Carnivora are the common form of exchange among the natives of the Northern. For instance, a box of matches is worth 20 cocoanuts, while for needles the price is one cocoanut each.

Water Transpiration.

Potted plants water themselves when placed on a spy dish to hold water, in the center of the spy of which is an opening holding a quill through which the water must take the leaves in the flower pots.

WHISPERING

Introducing, "WE'VE GOT SOMETHING" from "TICKLE ME." Columbia Record No. 3301. Art Hickman's Orchestra.

You'll go wild over these big hits. Special Release.

O'REILLY'S

530 Broadway. Tel. 1509.

P. S.—You will remember the sensation created by the newspaper item on members of the "Tickle Me" company being arrested for having real liquor on the stage. They drank this liquor while singing, "We've Got Something" and they were told Now YOU HAVE SOMETHING. BUY NOW, THEY'RE GOING FAST.

HALLOWEEN DANCE!

For Elks and their Friends

At the Club House, Friday Evening, Oct. 29th, 1920.

Tickets, $3.00. On sale at the Club House.

Members are requested to make early reservation, as the sale of tickets will be limited to the capacity of the hall.

Tickets will not be sold after 10 a. m. Wednesday, Oct. 27th, 1920.

TEL. CALL 1125

ROSE'S

73 FRANKLIN STRET

MID-WEEK SPECIALS

TEL. CALL 1124

Granulated SUGAR, lb., 12½c

BUTTER CRACKERS, Pound 15c

KIPPERED SALMON, Can 10c

PURE BULK COCOA, Pound 15c

GRAPE FRUIT, Good Size, doz.....40c

HAMBURGH STEAK, Pound 28c

HOME GROWN POTATOES, Peck 45c; Bushel..$1.65

FANCY WHITE FAT MACKEREL, 2 for...25c

PLATE CORNED BEEF, Pound 15c

COMB HONEY, Comb..35c

3 lb. JAR PURE STRAINED HONEY $1.00

PAT-A-CAKE FLOUR, Package 29c

BEST CREAMERY BUTTER, Pound 65c

ROUND STEAK, Pound 38c

ROSE'S SPECIAL BLEND COFFEE 30c

STATE PACKED SWEET CORN, 2 cans 25c

CALIFORNIA SUNKIST ORANGES, doz. 60c

One of the largest monitors of the air, a huge bombing plane, has been added to the forces of Uncle Sam At Mineola, L. I., recently. "The Owl," as it has been christened, proved satisfactory to army officials. The plane is a three fuselage machine and is built to carry four tons of bombs. Her wing spread is 155 feet. She is equipped with three 400-h. p. Liberty motors which can drive her 105 miles an hour. The photo shows "The Owl" and the two army aviators, Lieutenant Harmon and Captain Patterson, who tried her out.

Daylight in the Time.

Lying awake nights will not crack a single one of life's hard butternuts. You have to keep pounding on long enough here.

The One Absorbing Topic.

The reason some people don't talk more than they do is that they can't think of anything else to say about themselves.—Boston Transcript.

COX'S NEW BID FOR IRISH VOTE

Double Barreled Argument in New England is That Under League England Need No Longer Fear to Set Ireland Free and Could Do So If She Desired—Will Bring Question Up After Election.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

En Route with Governor Cox, Worcester, Mass., Oct. 19.—Freedom for Ireland by the voluntary act of Great Britain was the new hope which Governor James M. Cox was holding out to Irish Americans today as he swung into this section of New England where the Irish American population is probably more numerous than in any other part of the United States

Developing an entirely new phase of his interpretation of Article X of the League of Nations and its relation to the Irish problem, Governor Cox argued that this provision of the league covenant, hitherto regarded by many Irishmen as a kind of watch dog set by Great Britain to keep Ireland in bondage, will in reality prove her salvation.

For centuries Englishmen have opposed freeing Ireland, Governor Cox pointed out because they feared to set up an independent state so near their own shores. The geographical location of Ireland, they said, made her an ideal base for enemy military operations Article X, the Governor argued, is merely the biblican commandment, "Thou shalt not steal," guaranteeing all nations against external aggression. This guarantee, he contended, removes the fear of attack and enables British statesmen to rid themselves of a very troublesome problem by freeing Ireland.

"Let me remind you of this very significant thing," the governor said "Many statesmen have contended throughout the years that Ireland would in all probability have been given her freedom long ago, except that England, as some statesment have said, could not afford to establish a government entity so near her own gateway. But under the League of Nations England would have no fear whatever because of the soil of England and every other country will be protected under Article X of the League of Nations"

At the same time Governor Cox repeated his pledge to bring the Irish question "to the bar of public opinion of the world, through Article XI of the league," immediately after March 4, if the problem should still be unsolved at that time.

"If Ireland should gain her freedom, either through her own efforts or by the voluntary act of Great Britain, the governor said, she would, under Article X be entitled to the protection of the league against external aggression.

"Senator Harding says this is a domestic question that concerns Great Britain and Great Britain only," Cox continued. "My judgment is that it has become a world tragedy. I call your attention to the fact that the English papers have been predicting Senator Harding's election and that three days after he expressed himself against the interests of the Irish people, Balbriggan in Ireland was burned to the ground by British soldiers, and old men, women and children were rendered homeless Can it be possible that the senator's views were accepted as expressing the American mind?"

SINN FEIN STATEMENT

Gives "Military Record" Which Omits British Casualties.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Oct. 19.—Coincident with the opening of parliament today the Sinn Fein issued a statement giving the "military record in Ireland" for the past six months It enumerates military activities and depredations as follows:

Armed raids on private homes—16,141.

Arrests and imprisonments—2,650

Murders of innocent civilians—69.

Towns sacked—93.

ELECTION BETS LIGHT.

Wall Street Holders of Cox Money Demand 6 to 1.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Oct. 19.—Brokers who handle campaign bets declared today that there is less betting on the coming election than on any presidential race in the last twenty years.

One firm, W. L. Darnell and Company, reported that it had money at six to one to place on Harding but could find no takers. Brokers with money to wager on Cox were demanding eight to one, it was declared.

Flower Growing Taught.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 19.—A short course in floriculture which will be offered at the state college of agriculture this fall and winter. Two courses are offered for those students especially interested in commercial cut-flower and plant production. The first is commercial floriculture and greenhouse practice. The second is a course in commercial greenhouse and conservatory construction and heating. A booklet descriptive of all courses given during the winter in the short session of the college of agriculture will be sent upon request to the secretary of the college at Ithaca, N. Y.

Just Shows Him.

Just Tuskins says he misses the old-fashioned barber who threw in a mandolin for nothing.

We wish to thank our friends and relatives, also the employees of Fitzpatrick & Drager's for the thoughtfulness and sympathy they extended to us in our recent bereavement, also for their beautiful floral offerings

MRS. ELIZABETH SARS and FAMILY.

—Advertisement.

OLD DUTCH CHURCH LOSES DR. LEEPER

To Ask Classis To Sever Pastoral Relation, Effective November First —1681 Salary Here Pledged To Retiring Pastor.

The dissolution of pastoral relationship between the Rev. Dr. J. L. Leeper and the First Dutch Church will be requested of the Classis of Ulster at a special meeting to be held on October 28, 2 p. m. according to announcement made by Dr. Leeper at the annual social given by the men of the congregation which was held in the chapel of the church Monday evening, at which time Dr. Leeper read a letter he had written to the Consistory asking for the appointment of a committee of two members who will appear before Classis with him at that time and make the request jointly. Under the ecclesiastical law governing the Reformed Dutch Church, Classis is the only body which has power to constitute or dissolve pastoral relations between a pastor and church of that denomination.

Dr. Leeper's announcement was made during the course of a brief address which he made during the evening. The theme of his talk was "Memorial Stones," and he referred to famous stone monuments which had been erected by the ancients Coming down through the middle ages and to modern times, he referred to the fact that none of these old monuments had been erected to the glory of God, but had been erected instead to commemorate some event, or the history of some ruler or people. There had been monuments erected to commemorate events in the religious life of people and nations. Abraham, Moses, Jacob and Samuel all erected altars to commemorate the interposition of God in their life But too often in erecting stones and monuments God had been lost sight of, and His guidance in human affairs had not been recorded in these imperishable monuments

God is just as close to His people now as He ever was, said Dr. Leeper, and His hand is to be recognized in human affairs just the same as in the time of Moses God has manifested Himself to him in no unmistakeable way, said Dr Leeper, and he had reached an important turning point of his life. The message had come in the form of a telegram from a friend whom he had not seen for fifteen years, which he had received a few days ago, and as a result of which he had on Sunday submitted to the Consistory a letter, which he read, asking the Consistory to appoint a committee of two to appear with him at a meeting of the Classis of Ulster to be held on October 28, and join with him in asking that the pastoral relations between him and the church be dissolved, to take effect Nov 1.

He felt sure that God was directing him in what he was doing, and he felt sure that God would watch over His church and its people, but He would require certain things of them During his residence in Kingston, said Dr. Leeper, both he and Mrs Leeper had really learned to love the people, from whom they had received every kindness. They loved this beautiful and historic church and the city in which it was located, which he had come to consider the most beautiful in which he had ever lived. It was their hope to retain a permanent home in Kingston because of the unnumbered pleasant associations and always both he and Mrs. Leeper would bear the warmest love toward the people of the city who had made their life so pleasant.

Superintendent of Schools Myron J Michael, on behalf of the Consistory, called on Supreme Court Justice G. D. B. Hasbrouck to respond. Justice Hasbrouck referred to the greatness of the First Dutch Church and its ministers The history of the church had been coincident with the history of Kingston and an important part of the history of Kingston since its foundation in 1659 In all the Colonial Wars the First Dutch Church and its members had shown their greatness, which had been accentuated during the War of the Revolution. Since that time there never had been a war or any great struggle to which this church had failed to contribute of its manhind and its ability. Its ministers had been great men among the early colonists, whose organization of the church dated back practically to the time when the white man began the settlement of a new continent. From the days of Domine Doll, the famous pastor whose exhortations during he Revolutionary War had aroused the people to patriotic fervor, down through the pastorates of Domine Lillie to the long pastorate of the beloved and late lamented Dr Van Slyke, the pastors of this church all had been great men To them had succeeded Dr. Leeper whose greatness of intellect and moral rectitude had created an influence whose far-reaching effect was impossible of determination Week after week his sermons had been masterly presentations of His Master's cause No breath of scandal or unpleasantness had been attached to his name during his ten years' pastorate, and now at the parting of the ways it was fitting that a proper form of appreciation of his services should be shown, for it was true that "Man Does Not Live by Bread Alone." The influence of Dr. Leeper and Mrs. Leeper was of incalculable value to the people of this church and this community, and it seemed fitting that as a token of appreciation the congregation should pledge itself to present to Dr. Leeper an amount equal to his salary during the year 1921, and this had been done (Applause) No matter to what field Dr and Mrs Leeper might go, it was the hope of the people of Kingston that they would forever consider Kingston their home and the friendships formed and cemented during their ten years' residence here should remain unbroken to the end of life

Judge James Jenkins spoke after Justice Hasbrouck and said he had been attracted to the First Dutch Church when he first came to Kingston because the church edifice had impressed him as being unusual. Then as he attended the church and became acquainted with the pastor and people he had been more than ever impressed, and when Dr. Leeper began preaching his early opinions had become more deeply confirmed. To listen to Dr. Leeper's sermons was a rich intellectual treat, which was all the more remarkable when it was considered that a minister's task was not an easy one because he must strive to please a congregation whose personal opinions were as numerous and varied as there were members of the congregation Often it was considered a right to criticise the expression of opinion from a minister when people heard the opinions of other men expressed elsewhere without thought of criticism, and it was because of the extraordinary ability of Dr. Leeper that his impress on his congregation and on the community at large had been so great.

Superintendent of Schools Michael spoke briefly for the Consistory, which he said would not try to find a successor to Dr Leeper immediately because it realized what a task lay before it. What had been said by the eminent jurists who had just spoken could not be strengthened by anything he might say He referred to what Dr. Leeper had said in regard to stones and monuments and journeyed reluctantly to the monument which had been erected on the Academy Green when he resigned from the principalship of Kingston Academy to become superintendent of schools For the monument which was to be raised to Dr Leeper was the respect and love which men and women bore to him and this shrine was placed in their hearts where it would remain as long as anything mortal remained.

During the evening several solos were rendered by Harry Clearwater, with W Whiting Fredenburgh as accompanist, which were received with appreciative applause

At the close of the program, refreshments were served by the men of the church to the large audience and a reception to Dr. and Mrs Leeper followed.

Fall Exhibit!

High Grade

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES!

THURSDAY, OCT. 21

WE WISH to extend to our patrons and friends a cordial invitation to attened this our Fall Exhibit.

WE WILL have with us for this occasion a representative from one of New York's finest cloak and suit houses, who will show his entire line of high grade Coats, Suits and Dresses.

IT WILL be to your advantage to see this Fall Display.

ORDERS will be taken for any garment displayed.

COME and look them over, whether you are ready to purchase or not.

PRICES are reasonable considering quality of merchandise.

The Wonderly Co.

SUCCESSORS TO H. A. HART & CO.

35 Wall St., Kingston, N.Y.

A Scene in "BIRTHRIGHT" the newest screen triumph at the Kingston Opera House three days, starting tomorrow, Oct. 20. —Advertisement.

When Bob Tranton burns up the roads in Washington with his home-made baby Stutz, local motorists give him a wide berth. Steep inclines with sharp curves hold no terrors for the young speed king. Bob's creation is one of his own and the only equipment it has is a good brake. The remainder makes his hair rise on sharp inclines When motorists see him tearing along at a record-breaking speed in his red flyer they take to the side of the road.

Do Not Disturb the Silk Worms.

In the Chinese silkworm hatching rooms the temperature is tested by rubbing one's cheek. Thanks to the sensitiveness of their skins these women keep the heat moisture just right. As you stand in the vast Chinese silkworm houses you hear not only the sound of the worms feeding on mulberry leaves, but also the actual sound of the silk spinning—the spinning of their cocoons—a sound like rustling rain.

BROWN GUILTY, SECOND DEGREE

By Telegraph to The Freeman

Ossipee, N. H., Oct. 19.—Guilty of murder in the second degree, with a recommendation for clemency, will be the verdict of the jury today in the case of George Brown, 35, farmer and saw mill man, accused of shooting to death Richard Dunne, 36, a caretaker on the Tamworth estate of Prof. Clarence G. Hoag of Philadelphia.

The jury deliberated all night and into this afternoon. Brown's defense was that he had a "brainstorm" and was temporarily insane when he found Dunne in his wife's arms.

The penalty for second degree murder is 30 years imprisonment.

SOCIETY NOTES.

Gilmore-Carswell.

Mrs. Julia E. Carswell and Charles J. Gilmore, both of Saugerties, were married in Brooklyn on Sunday, October 17, by the Rev. William G. Ivin.

Schmitt-Doyle.

Miss Florence Doyle of Saugerties and Lester Schmitt of Malden-on-the-Hudson were married in Kingston by the Rev. George M. Cranston, of the Clinton Avenue Methodist Church, on Saturday, October 16.

Hartman-Baisley.

William F. Hartman of No. 84 Cedar street and Miss Anna Elizabeth Baisley of No. 25 East Union street were quietly married on Monday by the Rev. Dean John J. Hickey of St. Mary's Church.

Zimmerman-Shultis.

Miss Nellie Zimmerman of this city and DeWitt A. Shultis of Maybrook were married on Tuesday by the Rev. Frank B. Seeley, pastor of the Fair Street Reformed Church. After an automobile trip through the New England States, Mr. and Mrs. Shultis will reside in Maybrook, where a furnished home awaits them; where the groom is engineer on the C. N. E. Railroad.

Monday Club.

The Monday Club, which is this year making a study of "The Modern Novel," met this week with the president, Mrs. John Forsyth, at her home on Albany avenue. Mrs. George Burgess read the paper for the day, presenting her subject, "Characteristics of the Modern Novel" in so entertaining and enlightening manner as to delight all who heard her. A social meeting followed, the hostess serving afternoon tea. Next week the club will meet with Mrs. J. G. Van Slyke at her home, "Rockhurst."

Sokanishade Club.

The Sokanishade Club was the guest of the secretary, Mrs. Drake, at her home on Monday evening. Two remarkably fine papers, full of information entertainingly presented, were given. The first paper was on "Women and Home Life in South America," given by Mrs. H. P. Van Wagenen, the second being on "Women in Business in South America," presented by Mrs. Mattie A. Tobey. Next week the club will meet with Mrs. H. P. Van Wagenen at her home on John street.

LOCAL DEATH RECORD.

Recent Deaths and Funerals of Persons in This Vicinity.

A second anniversary Mass will be celebrated for the repose of the soul of Bryan Feeney at St. Mary's Church tomorrow morning at eight o'clock.

Mrs. Jennie Rose died at her home on Cross street, Saugerties, on Sunday, October 17, aged 64 years. She is survived by one daughter and two sons. The funeral will be held at her late home on Wednesday afternoon, October 20, at 2:30. Interment will be in Mountain View Cemetery.

Charles H. Whittaker of Kiskatom, who has been ill for several months, died at the home of Philip M. Lasher on West Bridge street, Saugerties, on Sunday, October 17, aged 64 years. The funeral will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in Mountain View Cemetery.

The funeral of Edward Jones will be held from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Thomas V. Sanford, 114 Pearl street, Wednesday morning, October 20, at 8:30 o'clock and at St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock. Interment in the Tonzoro Cemetery, where the remains may be viewed by friends unable to attend the funeral services.

George H. Faulkner died at the family residence, 64 Elmendorf street, Monday, October 18, in the 79th year of his age. He is survived by his wife and a son, Leo Faulkner. The funeral will be held at the Lexington Baptist Church, Lexington, Greene county, Thursday afternoon, October 21, at 2 o'clock. Those desiring to view the remains may do so on Wednesday evening at the residence on Elmendorf street.

TO ASK INDICTMENTS

Union Massachusetts Hotels Reduce Food Prices.

By Telegraph to The Freeman

Boston, Oct. 19.—The federal grand jury will be asked to indict Massachusetts hotel men unless they reduce food prices in their restaurants, United States District Attorney Gallaher warned them today. He declared that their talk of "overhead" was bunkum, a fallacy and hypocrisy and that the fact that exorbitant prices were charged was easily proven.

Fugitives from Near Boston.

By Telegraph to The Freeman

Salem, Mass., Oct. 19.—A hunt between Salem and Boston for George Silvers and Marcus Barnett, escaped Deer Island convicts was started this morning when Marshal O'Leary was informed that the men were seen at South Salem driving a stolen automobile.

HURT AT HURLEY IN RUNAWAY

Bertha Wells and Charles Young, both of Stone Ridge, were injured Monday night when their horse ran away in the village of Hurley. They were found in the road by Alderman Frank Myers who summoned Dr. John O'Leary. Miss Wells was unconscious, while the man was cut about the head. Sheriff Smith was also called. The woman was revived and taken home by Sheriff Smith. Young was taken to the Benedictine Sanitarium. He has a bad scalp wound but his injury is not believed to be dangerous.

ABOUT THE FOLKS.

Mrs. Marie Bloemke of Brooklyn is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Reis at 19 Ridge street.

Miss Anna Hetzel and Victor Kretschmar and Charles Duane, Jr., who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Kelsch of No. 105 Hunter street, have returned to their homes in New York city.

Miss E. A. Moore of 101 North Front street, who underwent a very serious operation at the Benedictine Sanitarium last week, by Drs. William J. O'Leary and Mark O'Meara, is doing very nicely.

Mrs. E. Vail and son, L. Vail of Fairview, N. J., and E. Christianson of Hudson Heights, N. J., motored to Kingston and spent the past week end as the guests of the Misses Grace and Thelma Lounsberry, at their home.

An 8-pound girl was born to Mrs. Charles P. Elam at the Kingston City Hospital Monday morning, a Caesarian operation by Dr. Chandler being necessary. Mrs. Elam's husband returned today to Margaretville where he is managing editor of the Catskill Mountain News.

Mrs. Homer Burger, who was seriously hurt in a fall last Wednesday, caused by a bad porch giving way at her home, 10 Green street, throwing her heavily to the stone walk below, is still confined to her bed but is doing nicely under the care of Dr. Frank A. Johnston.

Edward L. Atwater of this city, who was injured at New Haven, Conn., about two weeks ago by being hit by an automobile as he was alighting from a trolley car, was brought to his home at the Mitchell House. He is able to be about his room for a short time daily, still being very lame.

ODDS AND ENDS.

The Junior Ladies' Aid of St. James's Church will hold its regular monthly business meeting Wednesday, October 20, at 2:30 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Peter Myer, 46 Downs street.

A special executive meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society of the First Reformed Dutch Church will be held at the home of Miss Louise Van Hoevenberg, 195 Wall street, at 7 o'clock. A full attendance is requested as business of great importance will be transacted.

THE JOINERS.

News of Interest to Members of Fraternal Societies.

The following lodges hold regular meetings this evening:

C. S. Clay Lodge, No. 528, I. O. O. F., in Pythian Hall.

Northern Rose Lodge, No. 24, at 102 Cornell street.

Ladies' Auxiliary, No. 53, of Tappen Camp, No. 1, Sons of Veterans, at 635 Broadway.

Wichita Council, Degree of Pocahontas, at 5 Railroad avenue.

Kingston Lodge, No. 10, F. & A. M., 250 Wall street.

Mystic Court, No. 62, Order of the Amaranth, 3 East Strand.

This evening Mystic Court, No. 62, Order of Amaranth, will confer the honor degree on a class of candidates. Out of town visitors are also expected to be present.

An assembly of King Solomon Council, No. 31, R. and S. Masons, will hold at Poughkeepsie Friday evening, October 22, and a class of candidates from Kingston will attend. The degrees of royal and select Masons will be conferred in full form on a large class.

Monday evening Rondout Lodge, No. 343, F. & A. M., conferred the first degree on a class of candidates and next Monday evening the third degree will be conferred on a class, followed by a banquet and social hour. The degree team of Rondout Lodge has been kept busy ever since the lodge opened after the summer vacation, and the membership has increased rapidly within the past year.

HARDING "HAPPY HOOLIGAN"

"Of American Politics" Says His Democratic Opponent.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

En Route with Governor Cox, Nashua, N. H., Oct. 19.—Senator Harding's constantly misunderstood attitude would seem to make him the Happy Hooligan of American politics, scarcely fitted for the serious business of the presidency," Governor James M. Cox declared in a statement issued here today.

Sylvia Pankhurst Arrested.

By Telegraph to The Freeman

London, Oct. 19.—Sylvia Pankhurst, formerly one of the best known leaders of the militant suffragettes, was arrested today on the charge of having published literature in her possession. Her arrest followed a raid upon the offices of the publication, "The Workers' Dreadnought," which had been ordered suppressed.

WILL OF OLDEST ULSTER WOMAN

Mrs. LeBarron Leaves Most Of Estate To First M. E. Church Of Highland—Was 96 When She Made Will And 104 When She Died.

In surrogate's court the last will and testament of Lydia LeBarron, deceased, late of the town of Lloyd, has been admitted to probate. Value of estate $1,000 personal. Albert Reed is named as the executor. Mrs. LeBarron made her will when 96 years of age, and was 104 years of age when she died. By the terms of the will $600 is bequeathed to the First M. E. Church of Highland, to Joseph Sherwood, $200; to Miss Ella Sherwood, household furniture and bric-a-brac, to Mary E. Phillips, $50, to Highland cemetery, $50 for care of burial plot, to Mrs. John Downer and to Mrs. Gertrude Simpson, each $25, all money in house at time of death to be divided equally between Mrs. Byron Clearwater, Mrs. Mary E. Phillips and Mrs. Gertrude Simpson. The residue is given Mrs. Mary E. Phillips. James Jenkins is attorney for the petitioner.

ANOTHER PREMIER AT OPERA HOUSE

"Birthright," With Movie Actors Here In Person, Will Begin Tomorrow—Miss Sylvester's Unique Entry Into Film Stardom.

"Birthright," a new motion picture drama supplying plenty of human interest, will be presented for the first time at the Kingston Opera House for three days, afternoons and evenings, beginning tomorrow. Kingston has been selected for the premier performance because Kingston has a number of stockholders in the corporations which has produced the picture.

"Birthright," is from the scenario written by Miss Mabel Heikes Justice, who has written a number of scenarios especially for Dustin Farnum and among the screen stars who will be here for the first performance will be Miss Maud Sylvester, Sidney Mason, Flora Finch, Henry Sedley, Bessie Stinson and John A. Boone. Miss Sylvester is new to the screen but a great future is predicted for her. She is the daughter of a well known physician of Astoria, Long Island, and her photograph attracted the attention of members of the picture corporation who finally prevailed on her and her father to permit her to become a motion picture actress.

The story of "Birthrigh" is the story of a young girl who has been taken from a foundling asylum to the home of a farmer. Her dreams of palaces are shattered by the dilapidated surroundings in her new home but the farmer's family are kind and she receives good training. The proprietress of a traveling beauty parlor advises her to go to New York, and she runs away from home, taking along her pet kittens and puppies. Becoming stranded in New York, she sells her pets and later answers an advertisement for a companion, when she finds the brother of the invalid woman for whom for whom she is to act as companion is the purchaser of her pets. Through his efforts, which are undertaken in order to circumvent the machinations of the villain, she discovers her father, who is a wealthy retired Boston banker, who bestows his fortune on her and approves her engagement of the discoverer of her identity.

BROOKLYN'S COAL

Thought Too Costly and Investigation Begins.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Oct. 19.—District Attorney Harry E. Lewis in Brooklyn today began an investigation of the coal situation in that borough. He said that he had received a number of complaints from householders, who alleged that the dealers had formed a combination to keep prices up and to curtail the supply. Lewis said that he would call a number of dealers to his office, some of them today. If the facts develop far enough, he added, he will carry the matter to the grand jury. If he finds evidence of crime beyond his jurisdiction, Lewis said, he will turn it over to the federal authorities.

Nurses Gets 5 to 7 Years.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Ossipee, N. H., Oct. 19.—George Brown, convicted of second degree murder in connection with the shooting of Richard Dunn, whom he found in his wife's arms, was sentenced this afternoon to from five to seven years in the state penitentiary. It was stated that the jury brought in the verdict after agreeing to sign a petition for a pardon one year from the present time.

Gets an Election Victory.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Oct. 19.—That the Republican national ticket will sweep the state by a record-breaking plurality, and that the Republican state ticket will run on practically even terms with the national ticket are, in the jurisdiction of George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee.

Police Again Warned.

By Telegraph to The Freeman

Warsaw, via London, Oct. 19.—An Anglo-French note, received in Soviet Russia yesterday, was received today by Premier Poland by directing the forces of General Zeligowski that recently seized Vilna, a Lithuanian city, with the ultimatum that the allies would "consider further action."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Oct. 19.—The room traders followed the expected course which they asserted they would take after the close yesterday and this element offered stocks at the opening of the stock market today, causing a heavy tone in the early trading, but there was no other supply and it was not long before losses were quickly recovered. Steel Common which sold down to 87⅛ rallied to 87⅝, before the end of the first 15 minutes. Baldwin Locomotive made a gain of 1¼ to 113⅞, only a few transactions in that stock being made. Little interest was shown in the railroad situation, Baltimore and Ohio yielding ⅝ to 47½ while New York Central after selling at 80⅝ moved up to 81⅛. Reading Common selling ex-dividend, rose 1⅜ to 96¾. Canadian Pacific dropped ⅛ to 124⅝ and then rallied to 125. Mexican Petroleum ranged between 189⅛ to 190¾. Sears Roebuck rose ⅜ to 109.

The market displayed strength in the late forenoon with business on an extremely small scale. Steel Common rose nearly 1 point from the low to 88 and Baldwin Locomotive recovered to 114. Reading from a low of 96⅛ rose to 97⅜ and New York Central was active, advancing nearly 2 points to 82½.

The market was irregular during the afternoon with the majority of stocks advancing to higher figures. The traction and marine shares made sharp gains, United Fruit sold up six points to 211. Maxine Preferred advanced over 1 point to 71 and American International was up 1¾ to 74. Steel Common advanced to 87¾.

The market closed strong; government bonds unchanged; railway and other bonds steady.

Quotations given by C. R. Halsey & Co., 15 Broad street, New York city, branch office, Warren building, 260-62 Fair street, Kingston, N. Y.

2:55 P. M. QUOTATIONS.

Allis-Chalmers	34⅞
American Sugar	105½
American Beet Sugar	76
American Locomotive	96¼
American Car & Foundry	134¼
American Smelting & Ref. Co.	58⅝
American Can	33½
American Tel. & Tel.	96¼
Anaconda Copper Mining	50¼
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	88¼
Baldwin Loco	113⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	47½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	14⅝
Bethlehem Steel B	74⅛
Beth Motors	17
Canadian Pacific	125½
Central Leather	36¼
Cerro de Pasco Copper	38
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	42⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	67
Colorado Fuel & Iron	
Corn Products	83½
Crucible Steel	128⅝
Distillers' Securities	40¼
Erie	18½
Erie, 1st pfd	
General Motors	184
Great Northern, p'd	88
Great Northern Ore	34⅛
Int. Nickle	17⅜
Inspiration Copper	43⅛
International Paper	23
Invincible Oil	22⅞
Kennecott Copper	22¼
Lack. Steel	54½
Lehigh Valley	54
Marine	19
Marine pfd	71
Mexican Petroleum	191
Middle States Oil	14⅛
National Lead	74
New York Central	82⅝
N. Y., N. H. & H.	34
Norfolk & Western	100
Northern Pacific	80⅜
New York, Ontario & Western	24½
Pennsylvania Railroad	43¼
Pierce Oil	14
Pressed Steel Car	90
Pittsburgh Coal	66⅝
Railway Steel Spg.	
Reading	97¾
Rep. Iron & Steel	76⅞
Southern Railway	31⅛
Southern Pacific	90⅞
Studebaker	57⅛
Tobacco Products	101½
Union Pacific	127¼
U. S. Steel	88
U. S. Steel, pfd	109⅛
U. S. Rubber	76⅛
Utah Copper	56¾
Virginia Car. Chem	36
Westinghouse Electric	47
White Motor	

OBJECT TO MENIAL DUTIES

Reason That Is Assigned for the Present Scarcity of Trained Nurses in Hospitals.

The full utility of many hospitals is now impaired by a lack of nurses, writes "Gilrael" in the Philadelphia Press.

Howard Rutter, Jr., in trustee of an important hospital here and he tells me they need 30 per cent more nurses than they can get.

"Why are nurses so scarce?" I asked.

"I presume," answered Mr. Rutter, whose business, as you know, is that of a banker and broker, "it is because girls think they can earn more money in an easier way in some other occupation."

I have talked with doctors of wide hospital experience about it and they say that the old practice of making girls in training for nurses do drudgery for a year or so has prevented many young women from entering the profession.

"Hire maid," said one great surgeon, "and if she is a negro girl so much the better. Does? As well make medical students polish floors, keep up the furnace fires and empty out the ice-box pans."

Another physician of long experience and who is connected with a big hospital, added:

"The hospitals will be obliged to cut out the unusual labor for training nurses and will positively reduce the years of training, or the country will go back to the conditions when it had few or no trained nurses."

FARM POULTRY

DEMAND FOR GUINEA FOWLS

Value as Substitute for Game Birds Becoming Better Recognized by Many People.

The value of a guinea fowl as a substitute for game birds such as grouse, partridge, quail, and pheasant, is becoming more and more recognized by people fond of this class of meat, and the demand for these fowls is increasing steadily. United States department of agriculture specialists report. Many hotels and restaurants in the large cities are eager to secure prime young guineas, and often they are served at banquets and club dinners as a special delicacy. When well cooked, guineas are attractive in appearance, although darker than common fowls, and the flesh of young birds is tender and of especially fine flavor, resembling that of wild game. Like all other fowl, old guineas are likely to be tough and rather dry.

Prime Young Guineas Are a Special Delicacy.

A few large poultry raisers, particularly those within easy reach of the large eastern markets, make a practice of raising a hundred or so guineas each year, but the great majority of guineas are raised in small flocks of from 10 to 25 upon farms in the Middle West and in the South. Many farmers keep a pair or a trio of guineas more as a novelty than for profit, and from these a small flock is raised. The guinea fowl doubtless would be more popular on farms were it not for its harsh and at times seemingly never-ending cry. However, some people consider this cry an argument in the guinea's favor, as it gives warning of marauders in the poultry yard.

CARE OF GROWING CHICKENS

One of Most Important Factors in Raising Poultry During Summer —Keep Them Growing.

The care of growing chicks during the summer is one of the most important factors in poultry raising. The chicks may be hatched from strong, vigorous stock and carefully brooded; but unless they receive the proper attention during the warm months, their growth may be retarded. In other words, they should be so managed that they will mature into well developed fowls.

KEEP BIRDS FREE FROM LICE

Dust Thoroughly With Good Insect Powder or Apply Mixture of Vaseline and Mercury.

Examine the pullets and hens for lice, and dust thoroughly with a good insect powder or apply a mixture of two parts of vaseline and one part of mercurial or blue ointment, about the size of a pea, one inch below the vent of the bird, rubbing the mixture lightly on the skin. An application of this ointment two or three times a year will keep the fowls free from lice.

POULTRY NOTES

Destroy lice and mites.

• • •

Confine or sell all cockbirds.

• • •

Keep the nests clean and well littered.

• • •

Gather eggs frequently and keep them in a cool place.

• • •

Bread and milk make an excellent feed for young growings.

• • •

Feed a well-balanced ration with plenty of variety and if possible give free range.

• • •

Eggs to be preserved should be strictly fresh, clean, unwashed, firm and free from cracks.

• • •

From 30 to 50 per cent of the chicks hatched die before they reach maturity. This loss can be greatly reduced by proper feeding and care.

• • •

The number of duck farms in this country is increasing, because of a scarcity of the market for young ducks and this part of poultry raising is growing more popular.

Generic or Plural.

Julia says wanting his grandmother, who has a cranky streak, the being told he could be sick from eating so much candy, he replied: "Why, that's all right. Mother has gone to make me well."

The British Isles is in the clutches of industrial chaos, with three-fourths of the workmen in the steel, metal and engineering trades idle as the result of the strike of 1,000,000 coal miners and the threatened strike of double that number of railway, transport and dock workers. There was a vast amount of unemployment before the strike and it will increase every day. Big employers of labor are believed to welcome a trial of strength against the men's repeated demands for more pay. The photograph shows the type of British coal miners out on strike. In the inset is Sir Eric Geddes, British Minister of Transportation, who has arrived in London from Ireland to take charge of the government railroads in the event the railway workers strike in sympathy with the miners.

GRAND JURY LIKES LASKER PLAN

By Telegraph to The Freeman

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Recommendations that the Lasker plan for the reorganized baseball be adopted will be made by the grand jury investigating charges of crookedness in the national pastime, according to reports from reliable sources here today.

The report that these recommendations would be made was strengthened when it became known that the grand jurors when they reassembled their inquiry today had asked three more of the magnates here for the baseball conference to appear before them and explain in detail the agreement that may result in disruption of the American League and the formation of a new twelve league circuit.

WEST PARK.

West Park, Oct. 19.—Several people from here attended the Schmidt-Ackert wedding in Highland on Thursday, the bride being a popular young woman of this village.

Mrs. Frank Travis spent Saturday in Poughkepsie.

Mrs. Herbert Buchan is visiting in Stanley, N. Y.

Miss Dorcas Denney spent Saturday in Highland.

Mrs. Vincent Quinn spent Friday out of town.

School tax is due, and H. Cudney, the collector, will receive taxes at his home within thirty days from October 12.

Mrs. Fred Bennett spent Friday in Poughkeepsie.

Miss May McCormick has returned to New York City after visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Drake.

Mrs. J. J. Terwilliger and grandson, Roscoe Terwilliger, have returned home from a visit with friends in Union Hill, N. J.

Mrs. Henry Sutcliff spent Friday in Poughkeepsie.

Augustus Allen of New York city spent the week end with his parents Rev. and Mrs. A. J. Allen.

Mrs. Olsen and son have returned home from a visit in Brooklyn and New York.

Miss Florence Green spent Thursday in Poughkeepsie.

Mrs. William Burger of Poughkeepsie spent Wednesday with relatives and friends here.

The service in the Baptist Church on Sunday evening was well attended, and service will continue every Sunday evening at 7:30 until further notice. Rev. A. H. Price of Rosendale will have charge of the services.

George Rhule of New York City spent the week end in town.

Mrs. H. S. Jones is visiting in Hyde Park.

Mrs. John Bergen of Poughkeepsie spent Friday and Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Van Etens.

Wells DuMont spent the week end in New York City.

Rev. and Mrs. A. J. Allen entertained company from out of town on Sunday.

Mrs. Alice Du Mont and Miss Ada Du Mund returned home from New York city on Monday.

Miss Josephine Wilson spent Sunday in this place.

Herbert Gindraf of Kingston was a visitor with friends here recently.

"Steeple Jack" better watch out or "Steeple Jill" will be taking his place. The first "Steeple Jill" on record it Miss Frances Smith, eighteen-year-old Chicago girl. Recently she climbed to the top of a mine drill, 575 feet high, to repair the top, and the other day in Chicago she climbed to the top of a smokestack, a mere trifle of 150 feet, to do some repair work. Miss Smith says the dizzy height does not bother her a bit and thinks she "was born without nerves."

New York Produce Market.

Wheat—Weak.

Corn—Weak. No. 2 yellow, new, 116½; No. 3 yellow, new, 115½.

Oats—Barely steady. Fancy white, 70@71; ordinary clipped, 66½.

Rye—Easy. No. 2 western, 192@200 c. i. f. New York.

Barley—Steady. Malting, 115@116 c. i. f. Buffalo; feeding, 105@106 c. i. f. Buffalo.

Hay—Steady. No. 1, 180@195; No. 2, 155@175; clover mixed, 120@155.

Straw—Quiet. No. 1 straight rye, 100@120.

Flour—Quiet. Spring patents, 11.25@11.75; clears, 9.50@10.25; straights, 9.75@10.50.

Potatoes—Firm. White, nearby, 250@475.

Dressed Poultry—Weak. Chickens, 28@47; fowls, 27@41; ducks, 39.

Live Poultry—Weak. Chickens, 28@29; fowls, 21@31; turkeys, 40; roosters, 26; ducks, 28; geese, spring, 22.

Butter—Irregular. Held and fresh. Creamery extra, 59@62; creamery firsts, 48@59; higher scoring, 60@62½; state dairy, tubs, 41@58½; process extra, 49@56.

Eggs—Irregular. Nearby white, fancy, 105@110; nearby brown, fancy, 75@80; extras, 71@72; firsts, 62@66.

Milk—The nominal wholesale price is 3.85 per 100 lbs. delivered in New York.

Chicago Grain Market.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Wheat closed 2½ to 2 cents lower; corn was 1½ to 1¾ cents lower; oats was off 1 to ¾ cents.

Closing Prices.

Wheat—Dec., 204½; March, 195⅝ to ⅞.

Corn—1.14, 6%; Dec., $2.03@2.03; May, 1.17⅛.

Oats—Dec., $1.02@1.02¾; March, 59⅞ to 60⅛.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, D. C., October 14, 1920.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The First National Bank of Rondout" located in the City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster and State of New York, has complied with all the provisions of the Act of Congress "to enable National Banking Associations to extend their corporate existence and for other purposes," approved July 12, 1882, as amended by the Act, approved April 12, 1902.

Now, therefore I, Thomas P. Kane, Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The First National Bank of Rondout," located in the City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster and State of New York, is authorized to have succession for the period specified in the aforesaid articles of association, namely, until the close of business on October 31, 1920.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this fourteenth day of October, 1920.

T. P. KANE,
Acting Comptroller of the Currency.

Charter No. 2091. Treasury No. 1253

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 25 Cents.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cottage, six rooms, toilet, gas, water and tubs. Cottage, six rooms, all improvements, except heat; with large garage in rear. Phone 1466-J. Charles Clinton, 221 Downs street.

FOR SALE—New and second hand Stromberg, Victor, carpets and floor coverings bought, sold and exchanged. M. Kaplan, 48 North Front street. Phone 1220-R.

FOR SALE—Electric piano, first-class condition, inquire 836 Broadway. Phone 1468.

FOR SALE—Photo supplies, films, plates, cameras, printing paper, etc. O'Reilly, 339 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Motorcycle and bicycle, cheap 36 Washington avenue.

FOR SALE—ELECTRIC MOTOR, TWO H. P.; TWO PHASE. JOS. GEUBERG, 8 HASBROUCK AVENUE.

FOR SALE—All kinds of real estate. A. R. Blumdorf, 720 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Several good bargains in used cars. George J. Schryver Motor Car Co., 219 Railroad avenue.

FOR SALE—One 1920 Overland touring. One 1919 Oldsmobile touring. One Overland roadster. One Dodge touring. Broadway Garage.

FOR SALE—Seasoned wood, $6.00 per truck load, sawed or split. H. Clearwater. Phone 882-J.

FOR SALE—30x3½ tires, guaranteed 5,000 miles, $14.00 each. William D. Ryan, 455 Washington avenue.

FOR SALE—Pianos, Mathushek, Hardman and other standard makes at $100 below regular price. Second hand pianos, $125 and up. A. E. Thomas, 288 Wall street.

FOR SALE—Beautiful oil lamp at great bargain. 362 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Just what you are looking for, seven room cottage, furnished complete, with three acres of land; fruit; bargain; just outside of city. "D," Uptown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Houses, 218 Washington avenue and 130 Pearl street. Inquire at 2 John street, Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Two family residence; all improvements; large lot. 95 O'Reilly street.

FOR SALE—Ford runabout, 1916. H. Feldmann, Neighborhood Road, Lake Katrine.

FOR SALE—One second hand hot water boiler and steam radiators. Wieber and Walter. Phone 512.

FOR SALE—Household effects; high chair, divan, couch, etc. 14 Maiden Lane.

FOR SALE—Pressing machine, sewing machine, mirror, tables and other tailor fixtures, must be sold this week. 294 Fair street.

FOR SALE—1918 five passenger Crow-Elkhart; new tires; new battery; $650. Clover Storage Battery Co., 102 Albany avenue.

FOR SALE—Franklin touring car in good condition. G W Teichler, 474 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Household furniture; all kinds bought and sold. A. Kreisig, 769 Broadway. Phone 1547-W.

FOR SALE—Quilts and blankets; good quality at reasonable price. 769 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Parlor stove. 199 Pearl street.

FOR SALE—Two gas steam radiators, cheap. Phone 342.

FOR SALE—Ten good horses. The Hutton Company brick yard.

FOR SALE—Six room cottage; all improvements, South Manor avenue; possession given in spring. Address "Cottage," Uptown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Country store with dwelling income of $540 independent of store business; easy terms. Address Owner, Uptown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Good pair of working oxen. L. Rasch 10-12 Ann street.

FOR SALE—One Ford with Smith 1½ ton attachment, in good condition. Mansion House Garage.

FOR SALE—Second hand furniture, pictures and articles of clothing at 562 Broadway, one week beginning October 11.

FOR SALE—1920 Ford ton truck and Republic light truck. Phone 945-W.

FOR SALE—Ford touring car. Phone 95-W.

FOR SALE—Six cylinder 1917 Saxon, $350. W. E. Lockwood, Kingston, R. F., 1, Box 30.

FOR SALE—Good work horse. 1,100 pounds weight. John Worf, 97 Abeel street.

FOR SALE—Cottage; good location. Price $2,800; easy terms. For particulars, address Cottage, Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Eight room cottage with large garden and fruit. Inquire 69 Garden street.

FOR SALE—Apples $1.25 per barrel. Jonathans, Greenings, Suttons and Baldwins. Bring your barrels and do your own picking. C. E. Schultz, St. Remy.

FOR SALE—Range, parlor stove, and other articles. Phone 1046-M.

FOR SALE—House seven rooms; all improvements. 125 Grand street. Phone 1046-M.

FOR SALE—Three six-room cottages at a bargain. "S," Uptown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Chevrolet 490; winter top; first class condition. Address Box 16 High Falls, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Ice, good condition; tires new; price reasonable. Address Ice, Uptown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Six piece parlor suite in tapestry, repair, antique design; splendid value. 762 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Fifteen acres low land along creek, no better, fifteen of cultivated, and buildings fruit. $4,200.00. Owner 1015 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Walnut bed, dresser, curtain, bed rack, cherry parlor, rocking chair, leather chairs, Morris chairs, parlor or living room, oak table, pictures and other household goods. 52 Wall street. Phone 338-Y.

FOR SALE—Haynes five passenger touring car, A 1 condition; bargain. Phone 1046-J.

FOR SALE—Small fruit farm, orchard, modern improvements, 1921 supplies; equipment; team, two pedrick; cows, young stock, everything A-1; state road. Kingston, R. F. D. 1, Box 30. Uptown Farm, Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Grocery, four rooms; rent, $15. Price $1,200 cash. Colored people preferred; good location. Address W. Uptown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Winter apples delivered at your door; sprayed and hand-picked; Baldwins, Greenings and Spys. Orchard, Charles Hill for quarter century. $1.50 per barrel. Call or write Percy H. Van Vlet, St. Remy, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Safe; price $1000. Kingston Gas Company.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 25 Cents.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Residence, late Edward W. Matthews, 21 Crown street. Arthur C. Connelly, 266 Wall street.

FOR SALE—Bungalow; all improvements. Address Bungalow, care Freeman Downtown.

FOR SALE—Wooden house. Candyland, Wall street.

FOR SALE—Real estate. DuBois & McCausland, 8 East Strand.

FOR SALE—Bicycles, second hand. Ellison & Van Williams, 775 Broadway. Call 1046-W.

FOR SALE—Dodge roadster; Dodge sedan; Dodge delivery. Van Motor Co., 981 Broadway.

FOR SALE—1920 Buick roadster; Oldsmobile and Hudson coupe. Van Motor Co., 981 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Girder rails substitute for I beams in lengths up to 32 feet; also culverts, rails and pipe all cut in lengths, at lowest price. Phone 346-W. L. Bachrach.

FOR SALE—Bait fish. Call 1817.

FOR SALE—Eight room house, 14 Spruce street. Price and terms, write or call F. A. Hildebrandt, Saugerties, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Large house, barn, acre, near state road, Hidyville, $700.00. "Opportunity," Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—One ladies' black all wool velour coat, size 38. Price $12. 43 Van Buren street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—Certified Leghorn cockerels; also choice winter apples, fifty to eighty cents per bushel; bring containers; closed Sundays. Frederick Davis, Stone Ridge.

FOR SALE—One six room cottage, all improvements. Jackson, 41 Washington avenue. Phone 574-M.

FOR SALE—Parlor organ in good condition. 562 Broadway.

POSITION WANTED.

POSITION WANTED—Young lady wishes position as typist or office assistant; four years insurance experience. M. Teetsel, Hurley, N. Y.

POSITION WANTED—Accountant, experienced, available for part time work. W. F. Davis, 45 Crown street.

POSITION WANTED—Bookkeeper, experienced in double entry and cost keeping. A. X., Uptown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Draftsman, can make tracings, drawings or undertake night work of similar nature. Box 37, Uptown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Man, married, will appreciate an interview with a concern, desiring the services of one who is capable, efficient and possesses executive ability; highest references. Box 25, Uptown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Elderly man of 50 desires position; clerical preferred. "J," Uptown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Handy young married man wishes position as engineer's helper. Can do all repairs and firing of any kind of work. Charles Kancky, 79 Chambers street.

WANTED.

WANTED—To buy second hand clothes high prices paid. H. Schwartz, 70 North Front street.

WANTED—Bandera and follers. J. D. Beck & Company.

WANTED—Your magazine subscriptions. We can give you best prices in club offer duplicated. Phone 1809. O'Reilly's.

WANTED—Show cases, both floor and counter. Write Box 114, Saugerties.

WANTED—Men and women who suffer with aching, burning feet, corns and callouses, to try a box of SNOW DROP SALVE. 25c. Works wonders. Guaranteed by W. F. Dedrick, C. Ten Broeck, W. S. Eltinge and A. M. DuBois.

WANTED—Dog coop; must be reasonable. Address "Dog," Downtown Freeman.

WANTED—Boarders by week; first class home cooking; hot and cold water, bath, steam heat; rates reasonable. 124 Smith avenue.

WANTED—Portable mill to cut on contract about 300 M hardwood lumber. Address Overlook, Woodstock.

WANTED—1,000 gas consumers to attend the meeting of the Common Council October 19th, to oppose proposed raising of gas rates. Kingston Taxpayers' Association.

WANTED TO RENT—Young married couple desire to rent furnished rooms, house, apartment, cottage or anything desirable. Prefer place with garage. Phone 50. Mr. Martin.

WANTED—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, north of Broadway, in vicinity of Downs and Elmendorf streets. Address E. V., 119 Prospect street.

WANTED—To hear from some farmer has fresh eggs, White Leghorn, for sale; state price. Write Markle, 438 Sackett street, Brooklyn.

WANTED—Clerks, typists, (men, women over 17) for government departments. $30 monthly. Experience unnecessary. For free particulars of examinations, write R. Terry, (former Civil Service Examiner) 611 Continental Bldg., Washington, D. C.

WANTED—By two adults three or four unfurnished rooms. Phone 1035-J.

WANTED—Pianist and violinist to play from 8 p. m. to 12 midnight. Call 288 Wall street.

WANTED—To lease dairy farm within 5 miles of Kingston. For particulars write or phone Wm. Yeager, R. D. 2, Montgomery, N. Y. Phone Montgomery 27-F-11.

WANTED—Load breadth of dark sand clay gravel. Call 595-M.

WANTED—House with about ½ to an acre, in or near Kingston; must be reasonable. Apply to "M. R." 366 Broadway.

WANTED—Single men and women as attendants and single women as cooks in State Institution for Feeble Minded. Salary, $30 per month and maintenance for either male or female attendants, and $40 per month and maintenance for cooks, with opportunity for advancement. Apply stating age, to superintendent, Letchworth Village, Thiells, Rockland Co., New York.

WANTED—Experienced rollers and bunchmakers for steady employment. Beginners in our learners' class for opportunities will be paid $20.00 a week. Some girls are wanted. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED—To buy second hand clothes; high prices paid. L. Adkoff, 67 North Front street.

WANTED—By gentleman of middle age, pleasantly with private family, two rooms adjoining, one connecting room or one large room with heat and light, will furnish own furniture with or without board. W. B. G., Uptown Freeman.

WANTED—A cashier and bookkeeper; must be good in figures and write a neat hand. Apply X, Downtown Freeman.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT. APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND OTHER QUALIFICATIONS. ANSWERS LOCK BOX 99 RR. CENTRAL P. O., KINGSTON, N. Y.

WANTED—200 people to eat chicken pie at the Clinton Avenue M. E. Church Wednesday evening; supper begins at 5 o'clock. Tickets 75 cents.

WANTED—Furnished apartment or small house for winter, about four to six months. W. W. Foote, Highstock.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 25 Cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Operators on all parts. Experienced and inexperienced on shirt waists. Good pay; steady work and ideal working conditions. Glory Waist Company, 280 Wilbur avenue, corner Greenkill avenue.

WANTED—Experienced operators for sewing on Singer machines; steady work and good pay. Glory Waist Co., 280 Wilbur avenue.

WANTED—Cook, private family; no washing or iron; wages $80. Box 626 Kingston.

WANTED—Experienced waitress. Kirkland Hotel.

WANTED—Woman for general housework; family of two; no laundry work. Phone 2021.

WANTED—Experienced operators on night shirts and pajamas; steady work; good pay. Milton Shirt Co., Greenkill avenue.

WANTED—Cook on farm in private family near Kingston; all modern conveniences; no washing or ironing. Mrs. William A. Warren, Hurley, N. Y. Phone Kingston 724.

WANTED—Girl at Winter's Lunch, 562 Broadway.

WANTED—Girl. Mrs. J. B. Nelson, 23 Main street.

WANTED—Experienced waitresses for "Casa Marina," a new hotel in Key West, Fla. Inquire Bertha Gallmer, 95 Rose street.

WANTED—Assistant pastry woman; wages $30.00 per month, room and board. Eagle Hotel.

WANTED—Cook. St. Mary's rectory.

WANTED—Girl to operate elevator. L. B. Van Wagenen Company.

WANTED—Cook. United States Hotel.

WANTED—Experienced waitresses at once. Apply 286 Wall street before 5 p. m. daily.

WANTED—Good wages for competent maid for general housework. 313 Albany avenue.

WANTED—Girl or woman for general housework; no washing or ironing. Mrs. H. A. Follette, 296 Fair street. Call evenings between 7 and 9.

WANTED—Waitress at Winter's Lunch, 562 Broadway.

WANTED—Cook. Mrs. Alva Staples, 72 Highland avenue.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Farm help. Apply Hotel Ulster.

WANTED—Man. 575 Broadway.

WANTED—Messenger boy, days; no Sundays; $35 a month. Postal Telegraph, 282 Fair street.

WANTED—Farm hand; references required. E. P. Winant, Lake Katrine.

WANTED—An experienced bookkeeper, must be young man, 23 years of age or over. Apply in writing. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED—At once porters and dishwashers; good pay. 286 Wall street.

WANTED—Porter. Apply West Shore Hotel, Railroad avenue.

WANTED—DRAFTSMAN — Young man who has had experience in detailing machinery. Universal Road Machinery Co.

WANTED—Boy to learn upholsterer's Gregory & Company.

WANTED—Young man to work evenings on soda fountain, one attending high school preferred; experience unnecessary. United Retail Chemists, 296 Wall street.

WANTED—High school boy for work, afternoons. L. B. Van Wagenen Company.

WANTED—Men, $5.00 per day, 10 hours work. Van Keuren's cider mill, Albany avenue.

WANTED—Boy to learn trade. Gregory & Company.

WANTED—Two laborers. Apply H. W. Palen's Sons.

WANTED—Men to book orders for nursery stock and hire agents; big pay, exclusive territory; free outfit. Emmons & Company, Newark, New York.

YARD FOREMAN WANTED—Man of ability and experience to take charge of our lumber yard, able to grade and measure lumber and handle men. HARDER MFG. CORP., COBLESKILL, N. Y.

SOLDERER WANTED—Man of ability and experience in soldering light galvanized iron seams. Light work, steady position. HARDER MFG. CORP., COBLESKILL, N. Y.

WANTED—Good apple pickers. Apply to C. H. Polhemus, Port Ewen, Kingston phone 98-F-12.

WANTED—Boys for paper routes. O'Reilly's, 339 Broadway.

LOST.

LOST—Fox hound between Accord and Kyserike. Answers to name of "Rover." Reward. 610 Broadway, Kingston. Phone 1302.

LOST—English bull dog; white with brown spots, answers to name of King; license No. 21439-J. Return 164 Wall street and get reward.

LOST—Roll of Christmas names between Fitzpatrick & Draper's and Hone street. Phone 357.

LOST—Lodge pin, G. L. A. of R. L. E., between O'Neil and Pine Grove avenue; also mink neck piece. Reward if returned to 66 Pine Grove avenue.

LOST—A small black suit case marked M. K. Buffalo, N. Y., between Arkokan and Kingston, N. Y. Large reward, notify police department, Kingston, N. Y.

LOST—Gold engraved cuff link between central Broadway, Foxhall avenue, Prince and Cornell street. Reward if returned to O'Reilly's stationery store.

LOST—Somewhere between Hone and Union street, a pearl crescent shaped gold brooch. Finder will be suitably rewarded upon leaving same at 36 Broadway.

LOST—Small white crochet bag, containing small amount, between 251 Fair street and corner John and Wall street. Finder please return to Freeman uptown.

FOUND.

FOUND—On Franklin street, between Furnace and Clinton street, a sum of money. Loser can obtain same by identifying and paying for this advertisement at 34 Franklin street.

FOUND—Strayed on my premises from Hobart heights about two years old. Cyrus Russell, Woodstock, N. Y.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Furnished housekeeping apartments. Phone 1312.

FURNISHED ROOM—Breakfast if desired. 199 Albany avenue.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Room and board. 36 Franklin street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Beautiful furnished room, single or for couple. Box 33, care Downtown Freeman.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Two for gents or living room; three minutes from trolleys. Mrs. C. N. Reed, 42 Crown street. Phone 1012-W.

FURNISHED ROOMS—By day or week. 338 Clinton street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Two furnished front rooms for light housekeeping. Phone 1312. 199 Wall street.

HIGH OFFICIALS SEE G. E. PLANT

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Schenectady, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Delegates to the preliminary international communications congress, including representatives of the American, British, French, Italian and Japanese governments, are here today inspecting the General Electric Company's plant, particularly the manufacture of wireless apparatus. High army and naval officials accompany the delegates.

The conference is a continuation of conferences held by the allied and associated powers during the war. It will take up questions relating to the broadening of the use of wireless and proper regulations governing its use.

The outcome of these conferences are expected to have a far reaching effect.

Tomorrow the visitors will be the guests of the army at West Point, where elaborate arrangements have been made to entertain the distinguished party.

Mechanics' Dance Tonight.

The regular dance of the J. O. U. A. M. will be held in the Mechanics' Hall on Henry street this evening. An especially attractive program has been arranged. The music for dancing will be furnished by Balfe's full orchestra.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 25 Cents.

TO LET.

FOR RENT—A fine home, furnished. Phone 920-M.

FOR RENT—Underwood typewriters. Special terms to students. O'Reilly's, 339 Broadway.

TO LET—Stores and offices. Est. John N Cordts.

TO LET—Small house at Connelly, N. Y. Inquire John A. Fischer, 334 Abeel St.

TO LET—Three connecting furnished rooms with heat and gas. Boice, 110 Fair street.

TO LET—Factory room for rent, 2,000 or 3,000 feet of floor space, with heat. E. G. Adams, Field Court.

TO LET—Furnished front room, heat and telephone service. 104 Main street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, for two adults, at 127 Elmendorf street. Inquire at premises or call 1719-W.

TO LET—Storage rooms. Apply A. S. Bush 46 Elmendorf street.

TO LET—Furnished house. 84 Main street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, all improvements. Phone 1504 J.

TO LET—Garage, 68 Clinton avenue. November 1st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW Eutai & Co., 530 Broadway, Kingston, have opened a first class fine expert chop suey restaurant. First class Chinese cooking. Reservations made for parties and orders delivered. Phone 1282 W. Open 11 a. m. to 2 a. m.

FURNITURE STORAGE: best in city. Apply H. P. Carr. Phone 541-W.

ALL TYPES OF AUTOMOBILE SPRINGS repaired, reset and rebuilt. Stuyvesant Garage.

FURNITURE STORAGE, SAFE AND sanitary. Carle A. Murray, 82 East Strand. Phone 914.

SHAWNEE, Oklahoma, center of a great farming country. Write for free agricultural booklet. Board of Commerce, Shawnee, Oklahoma.

M. NEWKIRK and Son, City delivery and baggage express. Local or long distance trucking. Phone 1908-W.

PIANO—Bargain; slightly used Winterroth & Co. upright piano. $225. Frederick C. Winters, 231 Clinton avenue.

MORAN BUSINESS SCHOOL, in delightful Burgevin Building. Accounting, Secretarial, etc. Day and evening. Positions. Telephone—NOW!

FURNITURE Moving and Storage—Motor van both local and long distance. A. Kreisig, 769 Broadway. Phone 1547-W.

AUTO Hire—New Chandler, seven passenger automobile with chauffeur. Phone William Schoonmaker at Broadway Garage. Call 1034.

FIRES—Warning—smoky chimneys cause many fires and unnecessary alarms for the fire department. To avoid all this trouble have F. Kuriger clean your chimney. 722 Broadway. Phone 1369.

UPHOLSTERING, painting and furniture repairing. Henry Arnold, 227 E. Strand.

FURNITURE STORAGE. Mouse-proof, sanitary, fire-proof. Frederick C. Winters, Kingston. Phone 1118-J, or Brown Auto Supply Co. Phone 1000.

KEYFITTING and lock repairing. Phone 1220-J.

LISTEN!

Call Up Your Best Girl

McENELLY'S

Singing Orchestra

will be at the

ARMORY

Wednesday, October 20

Concert 8 to 9.
Dancing 9 to 1.

Established 1894

C. D. HALSEY & CO.

Members of
New York Stock Exchange.
Mills Building, New York City

Investment Securities

BRANCH OFFICE
300 FAIR ST., KINGSTON, N. Y.

GEO. C. BROOKS,
Resident Manager

LAWES TO QUIZ PRISON KEEPERS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Ossining, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Warden Lawes announced that he will examine three prison keepers today concerning the escape from Sing Sing prison Saturday of George Silvers and Marcus Bassett. They are Willard Webster, Peter Cogler and Barnard Simmons, all of whom were attached by the convicts in the keyroom. Warden Lawes said that he was anxious to learn why the convicts were permitted to enter the keyroom and why Webster carried the revolver with him into the keyroom. Warden Lawes stated this morning that if the men were not able to come to the prison, he would go to their homes, which are all in the town here.

According to the regulations, Warden Lawes said, Webster should have left his revolver with the guard at the door as he went into the keyroom. That precaution is taken with all of the outer guards in order that arms may not get in the prison anywhere within the prisoners' reach.

The warden continued to send out telegrams today and a number went to northern New York state and Vermont. More than 1,000 pictures of the men have been sent out. The last heard of the men was yesterday when they were said to have been in a small automobile between New Milford and Lakeville, Conn. Prison officials said that they expected the automobile would be abandoned for the railroad by the escaped men.

Austrian Elections.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The results of Sunday's general election in Austria promises fresh troubles for the allies in the opinion of diplomats today. The Christian Socialists, who favor the restoration of the monarchy and a return of the Hapsburgs, will have a majority in the next Austrian parliament.

E. L. Clifford Dead.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 19.—E. L. Clifford, former Minneapolis newspaper man and since June, 1919, business manager of the New York American, died here today in Hill Crest Surgical Hospital after a long illness. He is survived by his widow and two children. Funeral services will be held tomorrow.

Reds in Prussia Resist.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Berlin, Oct. 19.—The Russian soviet Commissaires Sinojou and Losaoski, who were ordered deported because of terroristic agitation at the Independent Socialist convention at Halle, have retained lawyers and announced today they would fight the government order.

DIED.

JONES—In this city, October 16, 1920, Edward Jones, in the 64th year of his age.

Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs Thomas A. Sanford, 114 Pearl street, Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock and from St. Joseph's Church at 9. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment in the Tongore cemetery where the remains may be viewed by friends unable to attend the funeral services.

FAULKNER—In this city Monday, October 18, 1920, George H. Faulkner, in the 79th year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at the Lexington Baptist Church, Thursday, at 2 p. m. Those desiring to view the remains may do so on Wednesday evening at the residence, 64 Elmendorf street.

In loving memory of Grant Cole, his wife, Gladys, and two sisters, Fanie and Cathrine Cole Whipple.

Soft and bright the stars are shining
On four sad and lonely graves
Lie the ones we loved so dearly
Whom we tried but couldn't save.

Those precious ones from us were taken
The voices we loved are still
Four places are vacant in our home
That never can be filled.

Years have passed but Oh, how we miss them
Friends may think the wound has healed.
But little do they know our sadness
which lies within our hearts concealed.

We watched beside their earthly beds
And tried to soothe their pain
But when the Saviour called for them
Our efforts were in vain.

Just as the sun passed under clouds
Far in the beautuous west.
We kissed our darling children
And laid them down to rest.

When the evening shadows are gathering
And we are sitting here alone
In my heart there comes a longing
If my dear children only could come home.

Our hearts are sad and lonely.
Our grief too deep to tell.
But time will come, we care not when
That we with them may dwell.

MOTHER.

A second anniversary Mass was said in memory of Mae Sullivan this morning in St. Mary's Church.

Deep in my heart you are fondly remembered.
Sweet, happy memories cling 'round your name.
True hearts that loved you with deepest affection
Always will love you in death just the same.

J. C. CARLIN.

In Memoriam.

In fond and loving memory of Julia F. Kelly who departed this life October 19, 1919. A second anniversary Mass will be offered for the repose of her soul at St. Peter's Church, Rosendale on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

Memories of dear Julia linger.
She's not dead, just gone before.
To that home of heavenly glory.
Where one from bereavement.

PARENTS, BROTHERS AND SISTERS.

MID-WEEK AT

BENNETT'S BUSY CORNER

North Front and Crown Streets

THE BUSY B's---WE MAKE THINGS HUM

Free Delivery — Just Phone 415

SUGAR	Best White Cane Granulated, lb.	13c
BEEF	Best Plate, lb, 15c; Prime Rib Roast, lb 32c; Best Steaks, lb..	45c
POTATOES	Buy now for winter use. Delivered, bushel	$1.60
LAMB	Shoulder Chops, lb, 40c; Legs, 38c; Breast, lb	25c
FLOUR	Here's a bargain, Christian's Matchless. None better at any price, 24½ lbs.	$1.65
VEAL	Veal Chops, 45c, 55c; Cutlet, 60c Breast, lb.	25c
EGGS	The best we can get next to strictly fresh eggs, doz.	65c
PORK	Home Dressed Chops, 45c; Whole Legs, 35c; Belly, lb	30c
CHEESE	Best New York State Special lb	35c
HAMS	Armour's fresh smoked, lb.	41c
COFFEE	Yuban, 45c; Fancy Blend, lb 29c; Best Maracaibo, lb	34c
BACON	Armour's or Thompson's Strips, lb	45c
RICE	Very Best No. 1 Blue Rose, lb	11c
OLEO	Troco, Spredit, Jersey Maid, lb	33c
SOAPS	Rinso, 8c; Palm Olive, 8c; Ivory, 8c; Hammer, for laundry, 10	45c

Think!

IS YOUR MONEY EARNING AS MUCH AS IT SHOULD?

NOTE THIS CAREFULLY!

Unless your money is today earning 7 per cent and 8 per cent or more, it isn't returning to you its full rental value.

The WISE Kingston investors are already receiving these higher rates—

We Can Help ALL To Profit!

Every Kingstonian who wants to make his or her money yield the highest return commensurate with greatest safety will find investments in this office to suit every need—large or small. Come in! Let's talk it over!

MacFadden, Custer & Co.
Investment Bankers

273 FAIR STREET — Phone Kingston 1927.
NEW YORK OFFICES 149 Broadway 347 Madison Avenue.

Someone got careless and lost the three-pound key to the City of Cleveland, for Miss Catherine V. Ford, of Boston, found it in a sleeping car arriving in Boston recently. Miss Ford thinks the key is the same presented to Tom Spunker by Mayor Fitzgerald of Cleveland, after the Indians had won the world's series. It is possible that some Boston wag stole the key which is properly engraved with Cleveland's coat of arms. Now that she has the key, Miss Ford does not know what to do with it.

LATTINGTOWN.

Lattingtown, Oct. 19.—Captain and Mrs. Odell Morton, Harry Smith, wife and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Orton, Mr. and Mrs. Lane, all of Peekskill spent Sunday last at T. B. Odell's.

Barrett Wygant attended the Academy of Music at Newburgh Tuesday night.

Services were held in the Baptist Church here last Sunday evening.

Captain and Mrs. Smith have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Craft.

Arnold Mackey has returned home from Binghamton.

W. C. T. U. Meeting.

The Kingston W. C. T. U. will hold a regular meeting Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at which time there will be election of officers. Mrs. Hallock of Milton will speak and Miss Babcock will sing. A social hour will follow and refreshments will be served. All members are urged to attend.

Slow Work on Bridge.

Work on the proposed Rondout creek bridge is proceeding slowly owing to lack of material. So far about 350 yards of concrete have been poured on the Abeel street side of the bridge. The steel plates and arches (wife, which were shipped some time ago, have not arrived yet.

Copper an Money.

It is not so very long ago that copper was used in Sweden as the chief medium of exchange, and citizens merchants had to take wheel barrows with them when they went to receive payment of considerable sums.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1920.

Sun rises, 7:13; sets, 6:16.
Weather, clear.

The Temperature.

The lowest point registered by The Freeman's thermometer last night was 59 degees. The highest point reached up until noon today was 66 degrees.

Weather Forecast.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, probably showers in north portion, little change in temperature, moderate westerly winds

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Dr. Broberg, Graduate Chiropodist, Naturopath and Chiropractor. Office 271 E. Strand; 9 to 1. Tel. 1539. 261 Fair St.; 2 to 5. Tel. 764.

HIGH SCHOOL GYM SUITS.

Gym shoes, athletic shirts, running pants and canvas suction shoes. O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway. Tel. 1569

FACTORY MILL ENDS

Cut Prices on Blankets, Outing Flannels, Ginghams and Muslins.
DAVID WEIL.
14 Broadway Bargain House.

For Bargains in New Men's Clothes go to N. Levine, 304 Fair St.

BULBS BULBS

Fall bulbs for spring blooming plant them now.
VALENTIN BURGEVIN, INC.

I wish to state I did not leave my husband's bed and board He was brutal to me and put me out.
MRS. ANNA M. LANGLEY.

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING, 36 Franklin street.

My wife, Anna M. Langley, having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by her.
S. H. LANGLEY.

FOOTBALLS.

Laces, bladders, lacing needles, pumps, basketballs, etc.
O'REILLY'S 530 Broadway,
Tel. 1590.

Kingston-Highland, bus line, will continue to run until further notice.

JAMES PERRY

17 Staples street. Express—Baggage—Trucking, Local and long distance. Phone 71-M.

FACTORY MILL ENDS

Percales, Outing Flannel, Muslins, Plaid Skirtings, Velvets, Men's Gloves. McTAGUE, 48 Broadway. Phone 1829-J

ERNEST DREWES, general contractor, carpenter and builder. Jobbing promptly attended to. 184 North Manor avenue. Tel. 1835-J.

When it's trucking, local or long distance, call 885-J. FINN'S baggage express, 21 Clifton avenue.

SERVICE

Motor truck service between Kingston and Poughkeepsie. Shipments both ways. Phone 757. C. V. Hogan Express.

WILLIAM MILLER'S TAXI SERVICE, 42 Elmendorf street, has given satisfaction for 20 years. Look for the blue panel on doors. Special cars for weddings and funerals. Phone call 17.

SHIP BY MOTOR.

Motor truck service between Kingston and New York. Two trips a week. Shipme ts both ways accepted Ph ne 390. FRED W. PHILLIPS, 3 Downs street, city.

TO GAS CONSUMERS.

Are you in favor of gas at from $1.60 to $1.80 per thousand? If not attend the Common Council meeting Tuesday, October 19th, at 8 p. m. Stay home you pay more and kick afterward. Help fight your own battles. Don't let George do it. KINGSTON TAXPAYERS' ASSOCIATION.

If its taxi, call Cramer's, 1517. Night and day service. Five and seven passenger cars.

The Daily Freeman is on sale at the following stands of the Schultz News Agency in New York city:
102 West 42nd Street.
42nd Street and Park Avenue, (opposite Grand Central Depot.)
30th Street and Broadway. (S. W. Corner.)
42nd Street and Sixth Avenue, (S. W. Corner.)

You Want TONE!

The difference between tinny and music is simply TONE. It is the mysterious quality which gives beauty, charm and appeal to the sound and makes it musical. When you buy a talking machine, you are buying TONE; the other things are merely accessories. And when you want to buy real TONE, buy a

Victrola

You will have a talking machine to be proud of! And we are here as proud of our service—to make buying a pleasure. Try it today!

Chas. A. Warren

290 Fair Street.

CARPENTIER TO REVISIT FRANCE

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Oct. 19.—Georges Carpentier plans to return to France for a short visit in the near future, it became known today.

The French champion will come back to the United States, however, for he has another moving picture to make and a staff of officers for boxing bouts.

Tex Rickard, who conducts boxing at Madison Square Garden, stands ready to match Carpentier with two or three of the best available light heavy or heavyweights in America during the coming winter, and, if Georges beats all opponents, put him on with Jack Dempsey in a 15 round decision bout for the world's championship.

While admitting that he would match Carpentier and Harry Greb, Tommy Gibbons or any other American who would be a popular choice, Rickard said today that no match has already been made. If Carpentier carries out his plan to return to France, no match will be made until he comes back to this country.

PALTZ LIBRARY IS DEDICATED

Appropriate ceremonies marked the formal dedication of the Elting Memorial Library at New Paltz Saturday afternoon. The library will take the place of the former one known as the New Paltz Free Library.

Addresses were made by Dr. John H. Finley, state commissioner of education; Miss Carolyn Hilliard, president of the board of trustees; Miss Maclaury, library historian; Victor Elting and Dr Clarence Woolsey, president of the village. Each spoke of the educational value such an institution will be to a village the size of New Paltz, and the great appreciation for the gift of the village people to the Elting family. After the formal services the building was thrown open for inspection.

The old Elting house, built in Revolutionary days and the first house to be erected on the hill above the town, was the gift of P. L. S. Elting of Chicago, whose summer home is in the village, and who is a native of New Paltz The library has been equipped by the Elting family with more than 3,000 volumes. The house which has been transformed into a library contains eight rooms.

A Hallowe'en Entertainment.

At a meeting of the young ladies of the fish pond booth of the annual Rondout Presbyterian Church fair held Monday evening at the home of Miss Grace Terwilliger on Abeel street, it was decided to give a Hallowe'en entertainment in the chapel on Wednesday evening, October 27, and an exceptionally fine program will be rendered at that time. There is some exceptional talent among the girls and a most pleasing program appropriate to the occasion may be looked forward to. The proceeds will be for the benefit of the booth and the young ladies are desirous that their friends keep Wednesday evening open and attend.

Huerta Moves in Coal Strike.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Mexico City, Oct. 19.—Provisional President de la Huerta moved for peace in the Mexican coal strike today. The strikers had already consented to accept the provisional president as mediator. Railways and industries are near a fuel famine.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

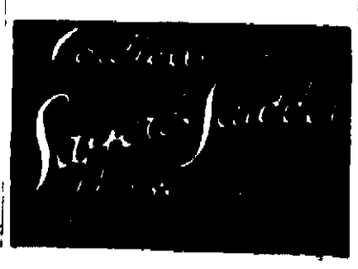
Dance Sensation of the Year.
NEW VICTOR Records
Whispering—Fox Trot
Japanese Sandman—Fox Trot
No. 18690—85c.
Avalon and Just Like a Gypsy
Medley Fox Trot
Best Ever Medley Fox Trot
No. 35701—$1.35.
Paul Whiteman and his Ambassador Orchestra.
E. WINTER'S SONS.
Music Store.
John street, Kingston, N. Y.

TO AUTO OWNERS.

We are the distributing agents for the one piece Inland Piston Rings, Garco brake lining and Cleveland safety locks, Brunswick tires and tubes. Full line of Ford parts. CASHIN'S AUTO SUPPLIES HOUSE, 45 E. Strand, Kingston, N. Y. Tel. 1427. Res. 1418-M.

THE NEW MOON GIVES PROMISE

of brighter days. So do your new glasses give you promise of brighter sight. Your ability to read and write and work with less eyestrain and far greater pleasure than ever before. Let us provide them and this assurance will be realized. See us now.



TRYING AGAIN TO OUST JOHNSON

Fat Czar of American League Must Go or League with 12 Clubs Will be Formed, Decide Magnates Opposed to Him—Five Clubs Stick by Him—Majority Favor Lasker Plan and Abrogate Old Agreement.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Between now and November 1, five club owners in the American League—the "faithful five" that have stuck to Ban Johnson in his fight to maintain domination of that organization—must decide if they will climb on the "band wagon" or permit the present house of organized baseball to be disrupted.

If they decide to stick to Johnson, the American and National Leagues as now constituted will be cast aside and a new twelve club National League will be formed.

Boston, New York and Chicago American League clubs will allign themselves with the eight clubs now making up the National League in the formation of the new circuit.

Two bones of contention are being gnawed upon by the wrangling magnates.

The Lasker Plan.

One is the so-called Lasker plan for the formation of a high tribunal of baseball that will be the supreme governing authority of the sport The other is Ban Johnson—whether he shall pass down over the baseball horizon or continue to hold his place in the sun.

The Lasker plan has been approved by every club in the National League and by the three American League clubs mentioned. This approval was given at a meeting that did not adjourn until almost midnight last night. The eleven clubs pledged themselves to the adoption of the plan and the formation of a new circuit unless the "faithful five of the American League" come into the fold by November 1 The clubs not represented at the meeting were Washington, Detroit, St. Louis, Cleveland and Philadelphia.

The Ban Johnson issue was brought sharply to the front by Charles A Comiskey, owner of the Chicago White Sox. Comiskey served a flat ultimatum upon his fellow magnates that he will close his park next year if Johnson continues as president of the American League.

Strong Support For Comiskey.

The action of the magnates in approving the Lasker plan and pledging themselves to the formation of a new circuit if the plan is not approved by all major league clubs, virtually is an announcement of support of Comiskey. Creation of the tribunal the Lasker plan provides would shear Johnson of virtually all authority which has brought him into conflict with the Chicago, New York and Boston clubs of his own league. The five club owners outside the fold were invited to participate in the meeting here, but, taking their cue from Johnson, who said he did not regard such a meeting as opportune until the grand jury has completed its probe of baseball dishonesty, they refrained from attending. Those who were present and signed the agreement were: G. W. Grant for Boston; Charles H. Ebbets, for Brooklyn; Charles A. Stoneham, for New York; William G. Baker, for Philadelphia; Barney Dreyfuss, for Pittsburgh; August Herrmann, for Cincinnati; William Breadon, for St. Louis, and William L. Veeck, for Chicago, all of the National League; and Charles A. Comiskey, for Chicago; Jacob Ruppert, for New York, and Harry Frazee, for Boston, of the American League.

Twelfth City Yet to Be Chosen.

If the minority party holds out and the new twelve club circuit is formed, Chicago, New York and Boston will have the unique situation of having two clubs in one major league organization.

The twelfth city in the circuit—since only eleven are represented by the magnates at the meeting—is to be decided upon later.

Abrogation of the national agreement under which the major and minor leagues have operated since 1902 was aproved by the magnates. Therefore the structure of organized baseball that has supported the sport for nearly 20 years already by a vote of the majority of major league magnates has been turned down.

The Lasker plan, as approved by the magnates, provides for the establishment of a board of control composed of "three men of national repute" no one to be in any way financially interested in baseball. This board board will have control of every phase of the national game, having power to discipline club owners as well as managers and players. The chairman will be paid $25,000 per year and will be required to devote all his time to baseball. The other two members will receive $10,000 each per year but will be required to devote only such time as is necessary to the affairs of the board.

Decision on Nov. 8th.

The club owners will meet in Chicago again on November 8 by which time it will be known if the verdict is to be war or peace. After this meeting the major league magnates will go to Kansas City to present their plan to the annual meeting of the minor leagues there November 9.

Looking For Games.

The S. W. Johnson Engine Company's basket ball team of Wappingers Falls is open for games with teams averaging about 150 pounds. Games will be booked on one of town courts as well as the team's own court Games may be arranged with James J. Burns, 7 Rose avenue, Wappingers Falls, N. Y.

Telephone 541 KINGSTON TAXI SERVICE PROMPT, SAFE, COURTEOUS

DENIKE FIGHTS HORNELL COPS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Hornell, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Police and yeggs fought a running battle in the streets of this city yesterday morning after the robbers had blown to atoms a safe in the box office of the Shattuck Opera House, and escaped with more than one thousand dollars. One of the men, weighted with a bag of silver stolen from the safe, was captured, but his pal escaped. The man under arrest gave the name of Edward Denike, 37 years old and says he is a machinist from Kingston, N. Y.

No person by the name of Edward Denike has been listed in the city directories of the last four years.

Two escaped criminals from Sing Sing prison, George Stivers, slayer of a New York policeman, and Marcus Bassett, serving sentence for robbery have stolen two automobiles and held up a number of persons to facilitate their flight. The two desperados made their escape from prison by knocking three guards unconscious They then stole an auto and made off. Farmers and police along the Connecticut-New York state line, armed with rifles and shotguns, have formed posses and are in pursuit. The escaped convicts deprived two of their victims of their clothes.

Church Entertainment.

There will be an entertainment at the Fair Street Reformed Church on Friday evening, October 29, under the auspices of the W. C. W. Class. Miss Georgianna Clubin will be the reader Proceeds for the Kentucky Mountain Mission.

ST JOHN'S.

St Johns, Oct. 18.—A dance was given at Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Depuy's home Wednesday evening, October 13. Those who attended were Mr. and Mrs. William Sweety, Mr. and Mrs. John Teagle and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John Depuy and son, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Coddington, Mr. and Russell Coddington, Herbert Sahler, Ralph Markle, Joachim S. Coddington, Frank Markle, Sanford Rosa, Chester Coddington, Jack Ward, Arthur Coddington, Frances Coddington, Ida Depuy, Ida A. Sweety, Evelyn Coddington, Mabel Ward, Marguerite Coddington, Belle Coddington and her lady friend. Twelve o'clock refreshments were served. At 4 o'clock the people left for their homes.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Depuy called on Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Depuy Friday evening.

Mr and Mrs J. S. Depuy and daughter, Eva, called on Mr. and Mrs. Claude Lyon Thursday evening

KERHONKSON.

Kerhonkson, Oct 18.—Mrs. Osterhoudt has returned home after spending the summer at Lake Minnewaska.

Mrs. W. C. Heidrich entertained her sister and niece of Hoosick the past week.

Mrs. Alonzo Krum spent the week end at the home of her sister, Mrs. I. E. Carman, of Stone Ridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Fredericks spent the past week with friends out of town.

Olive Quick spent the week end with her parents.

Mrs. F. Davis has returned home having spent the past week in New York.

85 SAMPLE SUITS JUST ARRIVED

THE UP-TO-DATE CO.

303-305 WALL STREET, KINGSTON, N. Y.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

SPECIAL OFFERING 85 SAMPLE SUITS

Wednesday and Thursday

FUR TRIMMED AND PLAIN TAILORED

Inspection of this Up-to-Date capture of Sample Suits reveals special models of superb styles, including richly fur-trimmed as well as plain tailored coat models.

$35 TO $50 QUALITIES

$27.50, $35.00, $42.50

New Fall Coats

In choosing the Winter Coat it is well to consider carefully the important features in our offering of today for first attention has been given to quality of material. The fine velour cloths, polo cloths, broadcloths and two toned chinchilla, all commend themselves for style and durability. Next the excellence of linings and interlinings engage attention and the wide range of colors include navy, copenhagen, beaver, oxford, tan, cinnamon and the new browns.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES $19.75, $23.75, $26.75

OTHER DISTINCTIVE COATS

$35.00 to $197.50

DRESSES A noteworthy collection of Fascinating Dresses in Tricotines, Crepes, Georgettes, Silks, Satins, Serges, etc. A wide range. **$14.75 to $89.75**

WOOLTEX AND PRINTZESS GARMENTS

THE UP-TO-DATE COMPANY

POUGHKEEPSIE 303-305 WALL STREET, KINGSTON SYRACUSE

SAVE MONEY BY SHOPPING AT EIGHMEY'S

NEW BATH ROBES $5.97, $6.97, $7.97, $8.97, $10.97.

S. & E. Eighmey

CONGOLEUM RUGS Good seal, Size 9x12, $17.00

There's a Cold Wave Coming

Fine October days for shopping in preparation for crisp cold days that are sure to follow soon.

Curtain Draperies

Looking in or looking out—your windows may need new shades or new draperies.

Let us show you the good values we have in ready made or material by the yard.

Another Lot Woolnap Blankets

Splendid values in pretty colored plaids and block patterns

$5.97, $6.97 and $7.50

White with colored borders, extra good values

$4.97, $5.97, $6.97

$8.97 and $9.97

Men's Winter Underwear

Getting the man of the house ready for winter with medium or heavy weight underwear is an easy problem here.

Collins' Wool, Tivoli Wool, Royal Standard Wool, Fleece Lined, Jersey Ribbed, Union Suits and Separate Shirts and Drawers. All standard quality and the lowest prices.

THE DOWNTOWN DRY GOODS STORE

26 Broadway, Cor. Mill Street.